Framework: Racket GUI Application Framework

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```
(require framework)
```
package: `gui-lib`

The framework provides a number of mixins, classes and functions designed to help you build a complete application program on top of the `racket/gui` library.

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1 Framework Libraries Overview

- Entire Framework: `framework`

  This library provides all of the definitions and syntax described in this manual.

- Test Suite Engine: `framework/test`

  This library provides all of the definitions beginning with `test:` described in this manual.

- GUI Utilities `framework/gui-utils`

  This libraries provides all of the definitions beginning with `gui-utils:` described in this manual.

- Preferences `framework/preferences`

  This library provides a subset of the names of the `framework` library, namely those for manipulating preference settings and is designed to be used from `racket`.

- Splash Screen `framework/splash` This library provides support for a splash screen. See `framework/splash` for more.

- Notify-boxes `framework/notify` This library provides boxes and controls that allow listeners to execute when their value changes. See `framework/splash` for more.

2 Application

```
(application:current-app-name) → string?
(application:current-app-name name) → void?
  name : string?
```

This is a parameter specifying the name of the current application. It is used in the help menu (see `frame:standard-menus%`) and in frame titles (see `frame:editor%`). The first case in the case-lambda returns the current name, and the second case in the case-lambda sets the name of the application to *name*.

3 Autosave

```
autosave:autosavable<%> : interface?
```

Classes that implement this interface can be autosaved.

```
(send an-autosave:autosavable do-autosave) → void?
```

This method is called when the object is registered to be autosaved (see autosave:register).

```
(autosave:register obj) → void?
  obj : (and/c (is-a?/c autosave:autosavable<%>)
               (is-a?/c editor<%>))
```

Adds *obj* to the list of objects to be autosaved. When it is time to autosave, the do-autosave method of the object is called. This method is responsible for performing the autosave.

There is no need to de-register an object because the autosaver keeps a weak reference to the object; i.e., the autosaver does not keep an object from garbage collection.

```
autosave:current-toc-path : (make-parameter path?)
```

The path to the a table-of-contents file for the autosave files.

The parameter is inspected only when the autosave timer expires, which will not happen until after the first call to autosave:register

```
autosave:toc-path : path?
```

The default value of the parameter autosave:current-toc-path, and the path to the autosave that DrRacket uses.

```
(autosave:restore-autosave-files/gui [table]) → void?
  table : (or/c #f (listof (list/c (or/c #f absolute-path?) absolute-path?)))
        = #f
```

Opens a GUI to ask the user about recovering any autosave files left around from crashes or other catastrophic failures.

If `table` is not supplied, then the file in `autosave:current-toc-path` is consulted to find the files to restore. If it is supplied, then it is used to find the files to recover. Each inner list names the original file and the autosave file. If the original file was never saved, then the first element of the list is `#f`.

This function doesn't return until the user has finished restoring the autosave files. It uses `yield` to handle events, however.)

4 Canvas

```
canvas:basic<%> : interface?
  implements: editor-canvas%
```

```
canvas:basic-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: editor-canvas%
  result implements: canvas:basic<%>
```

```
canvas:color<%> : interface?
  implements: canvas:basic<%>
```

Mixins that implement this interface initialize the background color of the canvas to the value of the `'framework:basic-canvas-background` preference. Adds a callback so that when that preference is modified, the background color changes.

```
canvas:color-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: canvas:basic<%>
  result implements: canvas:color<%>
```

```
canvas:delegate<%> : interface?
  implements: canvas:basic<%>
```

This class is part of the delegate window implementation.

```
canvas:delegate-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: canvas:basic<%>
  result implements: canvas:delegate<%>
```

Provides an implementation of canvas:delegate<%>.

(send a-canvas:delegate on-superwindow-show shown?) → void?
  shown? : boolean?

Overrides on-superwindow-show in window<%>.

Notifies the delegate window when the original window is visible. When invisible, the blue highlighting is erased.

canvas:info<%> : interface?
  implements: canvas:basic<%>

canvas:info-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: canvas:basic<%>
  result implements: canvas:info<%>

(send a-canvas:info on-focus) → void?

Overrides on-focus in editor-canvas%.

sets the canvas that the frame displays info about.

(send a-canvas:info set-editor) → void?

Overrides set-editor in editor-canvas%.

Calls update-info to update the frame's info panel.

canvas:wide-snip<%> : interface?
  implements: canvas:basic<%>

Any canvas% that matches this interface will automatically resize selected snips when its size changes. Use add-tall-snip and add-wide-snip to specify which snips should be resized.

(send a-canvas:wide-snip recalc-snips) → void?

Recalculates the sizes of the wide snips.

```
(send a-canvas:wide-snip add-wide-snip snip) → void?
  snip : (is-a?/c snip%)
```

Snips passed to this method will be resized when the canvas's size changes. Their width will be set so they take up all of the space from their lefts to the right edge of the canvas.

```
(send a-canvas:wide-snip add-tall-snip snip) → void?
  snip : (is-a?/c snip%)
```

Snips passed to this method will be resized when the canvas's size changes. Their height will be set so they take up all of the space from their tops to the bottom of the canvas.

```
canvas:wide-snip-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: canvas:basic<%>
  result implements: canvas:wide-snip<%>
```

This canvas maintains a list of wide and tall snips and adjusts their heights and widths when the canvas's size changes.

The result of this mixin uses the same initialization arguments as the mixin's argument.

```
(send a-canvas:wide-snip on-size width
                                 height) → void?
  width : dimension-integer?
  height : dimension-integer?
```

Overrides on-size in editor-canvas%.

Adjusts the sizes of the marked snips.

See add-wide-snip and add-tall-snip.

```
canvas:basic% : class?
  superclass: (canvas:basic-mixin editor-canvas%)
```

```
canvas:color% : class?
  superclass: (canvas:color-mixin canvas:basic%)
```

```
canvas:info% : class?
  superclass: (canvas:info-mixin canvas:basic%)
```

```
canvas:delegate% : class?
  superclass: (canvas:delegate-mixin canvas:basic%)
```

```
canvas:wide-snip% : class?
  superclass: (canvas:wide-snip-mixin canvas:basic%)
```

5 Color Model

```
(color-model:rgb->xyz r g b) → color-model:xyz?
  r : number?
  g : number?
  b : number?
```

Converts a color represented as a red-green-blue tuple (each value from 0 to 255) into an XYZ tuple. This describes a point in the CIE XYZ color space.

```
(color-model:rgb-color-distance red-a
                                green-a
                                blue-a
                                red-b
                                green-b
                                blue-b) → number?
  red-a : number?
  green-a : number?
  blue-a : number?
  red-b : number?
  green-b : number?
  blue-b : number?
```

This calculates a distance between two colors. The smaller the distance, the closer the colors should appear to the human eye. A distance of 10 is reasonably close that it could be called the same color.

This function is not symmetric in red, green, and blue, so it is important to pass red, green, and blue components of the colors in the proper order. The first three arguments are red, green and blue for the first color, respectively, and the second three arguments are red green and blue for the second color, respectively.

```
(color-model:xyz->rgb x y z) → (list/c number? number? number?)
  x : number?
  y : number?
  z : number?
```

Converts an XYZ-tuple (in the CIE XYZ colorspace) into a list of values representing an RGB-tuple.

```
(color-model:xyz? val) → boolean?
  val : any/c
```

Determines if *val* an xyz color record.

```
(color-model:xyz-x xyz) → number?
  xyz : color-model:xyz?
```

Extracts the x component of *xyz*.

```
(color-model:xyz-y xyz) → number?
  xyz : color-model:xyz?
```

Extracts the y component of *xyz*.

```
(color-model:xyz-z xyz) → number?
  xyz : color-model:xyz?
```

Extracts the z component of *xyz*.

```
(color-model:hsl->rgb hue
                      saturation
                      lightness) → byte? byte? byte?
  hue : (real-in 0 360)
  saturation : (real-in 0 1)
  lightness : (real-in 0 1)
```

Computes rgb color values for the hsl color inputs.

```
(color-model:rgb->hsl red green blue) → (real-in 0 360)
                                        (real-in 0 1)
                                        (real-in 0 1)
  red : byte?
  green : byte?
  blue : byte?
```

Computes hsl color values for the rgb color inputs.

6 Color Prefs

```
(color-prefs:set-default/color-scheme pref-sym
                                      black-on-white-color
                                      white-on-black-color)
 → void?
  pref-sym : symbol?
  black-on-white-color : (or/c (is-a?/c color%) string?)
  white-on-black-color : (or/c (is-a?/c color%) string?)
```

Registers a preference whose value will be updated when the user clicks on one of the color scheme default settings in the preferences dialog, but does not give it a name that can be configured by a color scheme; consider using `color-prefs:add-color-scheme-entry` instead.

Also calls `preferences:set-default` and `preferences:set-un/marshall` with appropriate arguments to register the preference.

```
(color-prefs:register-color-preference
 pref-name
 style-name
 color/sd
 [white-on-black-color
  #:background background])
→ void?
 pref-name : symbol?
 style-name : string?
 color/sd : (or/c (is-a?/c color%) (is-a?/c style-delta%))
 white-on-black-color : (or/c string? (is-a?/c color%) #f) = #f
 background : (or/c (is-a?/c color%) #f) = #f
```

This function registers a color preference but does not give it a name that can be configured by a color scheme; consider using `color-prefs:add-color-scheme-entry` instead.

This function calls `preferences:set-default` and `preferences:set-un/marshall` to install the pref for *`pref-name`*, using *`color/sd`* as the default color. The preference is bound to a `style-delta%`, and initially the `style-delta%` changes the foreground color to *`color/sd`*, unless *`color/sd`* is a style delta already, in which case it is just used directly. Then, it calls `editor:set-standard-style-list-delta` passing the *`style-name`* and the current value of the preference *`pref-name`*.

Finally, it adds calls `preferences:add-callback` to set a callback for *`pref-name`* that updates the style list when the preference changes.

If *`white-on-black-color`* is not `#f`, then the color of the *`color/sd`* argument is used

in combination with *white-on-black-color* to register this preference with color-prefs:set-default/color-scheme.

If *background* is not #f, then it is used to construct the default background color for the style delta.

```
(color-prefs:add-background-preferences-panel) → void?
```

Adds a preferences panel that configures the background color for editor:basic-mixin.

```
(color-prefs:add-to-preferences-panel  name
                                       func
                                      [#:style style]) → void?
  name : string?
  func : (-> (is-a?/c vertical-panel%) void?)
  style : (listof (or/c 'border
                        'hscroll 'auto-hscroll 'hide-hscroll
                        'vscroll 'auto-vscroll 'hide-vscroll))
        = '()
```

Calls *func* with the subpanel of the preferences coloring panel that corresponds to *name*.

The panel is created as a vertical-panel%, passing *style* as the *style* argument to its constructor.

Changed in version 1.61 of package gui-lib: Added the #:style argument.

```
(color-prefs:build-color-selection-panel
 parent
 pref-sym
 style-name
 example-text
 [#:background? background?])
→ void?
 parent : (is-a?/c area-container<%>)
 pref-sym : symbol?
 style-name : string?
 example-text : string?
 background? : boolean? = #f
```

Builds a panel with a number of controls for configuring a font: its color (including a background configuration if background is #t) and check boxes for bold, italic, and underline. The *parent* argument specifies where the panel will be placed. The *pref-sym* should be a

preference (suitable for use with preferences:get and preferences:set). The *style-name* specifies the name of a style in the style list returned from editor:get-standard-style-list and *example-text* is shown in the panel so users can see the results of their configuration.

```
(color-prefs:normalize-color-selection-button-widths parent)
 → void?
  parent : (is-a?/c area-container<%>)
```

Given a panel that was passed to color-prefs:build-color-selection-panel (perhaps multiple times), color-prefs:normalize-color-selection-button-widths will ensure that the panel contents line up with each other, by making sure that the color selection buttons all have the same size.

Added in version 1.72 of package gui-lib.

```
(color-prefs:marshall-style-delta style-delta) → printable/c
  style-delta : (is-a?/c style-delta%)
```

Builds a printed representation for a style-delta.

```
(color-prefs:unmarshall-style-delta marshalled-style-delta)
 → (or/c #f (is-a?/c style-delta%))
  marshalled-style-delta : printable/c
```

Builds a style delta from its printed representation. Returns #f if the printed form cannot be parsed.

```
(color-prefs:white-on-black-color-scheme?) → boolean?
```

Returns #true if the current color scheme is in dark mode (i.e. has a light foreground with a dark background) and #false if it is in light mode (i.e. a dark foreground with a light background).

This function uses the 'framework:white-on-black-mode? preference; returning its value if it is a boolean and using white-on-black-panel-scheme? if it is set to 'platform. This function is intended to be used in place of white-on-black-panel-scheme? for code that supports color schemes.

Added in version 1.79 of package gui-lib.

```
(color-prefs:white-on-black) → any
```

Sets the colors registered by color-prefs:register-color-preference to their white-on-black variety.

```
(color-prefs:black-on-white) → any
```

Sets the colors registered by color-prefs:register-color-preference to their black-on-white variety.

```
(color-prefs:add-color-scheme-entry  name
                                     black-on-white-color
                                     white-on-black-color
                                    [#:style style
                                     #:bold? bold
                                     #:underline? underline?
                                     #:italic? italic?
                                     #:background background])
 → void?
  name : symbol?
  black-on-white-color : (or/c string? (is-a?/c color%))
  white-on-black-color : (or/c string? (is-a?/c color%))
  style : (or/c #f string?) = #f
  bold : (if style (or/c boolean? 'base) #f) = #f
  underline? : (if style boolean? #f) = #f
  italic? : (if style boolean? #f) = #f
  background : (if style                                = #f
                   (or/c #f string? (is-a?/c color%))
                   #f)
```

Registers a new color or style named *name* for use in the color schemes. If *style* is not #f, a new style is registered; if not a color is registered.

If a style is registered, the style is stored in the style list returned from editor:get-standard-style-list.

Use color-prefs:lookup-in-color-scheme to get the current value of the entry.

```
(color-prefs:add-color-scheme-preferences-panel [#:extras extras])
 → void?
  extras : (-> (is-a?/c panel%) any) = void
```

Adds a panel for choosing a color-scheme to the preferences dialog.

The *extras* argument is called after the color schemes have been added to the preferences panel. It is passed the panel containing the color schemes and can add items to it.

```
(color-prefs:register-info-based-color-schemes) → void?
```

Reads the "info.rkt" file in each collection, looking for the key 'framework:color-schemes. Each definition must bind a list of hash tables, each of which introduces a new *color scheme*. Each hash table should have keys that specify details of the color scheme, as follows:

- 'name: must be either a string or a symbol; it names the entire color scheme. If it is a symbol and string-constant?, it is passed to dynamic-string-constant to get the name; otherwise it is used as the name directly. If absent, the name of the directory containing the "info.rkt" file is used as the name.
- 'white-on-black-base?: must be a boolean indicating if this color-scheme is based on an inverted color scheme. If absent, it is #f.
- 'inverted-base-name: must be a symbol or #f. This field is no longer used; in the past it linked two color schemes and was used when switching between light and dark modes. Now, two separate preferences are kept; the user's choice for dark mode and their choice for light mode.
- 'example: must be a string and is used in the preferences dialog to show an example of the color scheme. If absent, the string used in the "Classic" color scheme is used.
- 'colors: must be a non-empty list whose first position is a symbol, naming a color or style entry in the color scheme. The rest of the elements describe the style or color. In either case, an element may be a vector describing a color, see below. If the name corresponds to a style, then the list may also contain
  - Symbols 'bold, 'italic, or 'underline, changing the font style or underline status, or
  - A prefab struct `#s(background ,vec), specifying the background color where vec is a vector describing a color.

  A vector describing a color is either a vector of three bytes describing the red, green and blue component of a non-transparent color, or a vector of three bytes followed by a real number between 0 and 1, giving the alpha value in addition to color components. In other words, a vector satisfying the following contract describes a color:

  ```
  (or/c (vector/c byte? byte? byte? #:flat? #t)
        (vector/c byte? byte? byte? (between/c 0.0 1.0) #:flat? #t))
  ```

  Examples:

  ```
  '((framework:syntax-color:scheme:symbol
     #(0 0 0))
  ```

```
(framework:syntax-color:scheme:comment
 #(194 116 31) italic)
(framework:syntax-color:scheme:error
 bold underline #(255 0 0))
(plt:htdp:test-coverage-off
 #(255 165 0)
 #s(background #(0 0 0))))
```

The names of the colors and styles are extensible; new ones can be added by calling `color-prefs:add-color-scheme-entry`. When `color-prefs:register-info-based-color-schemes` is called, it logs the active set of color names and style names to the `color-scheme` logger at the info level. So, for example, starting up DrRacket like this: `racket -W info@color-scheme -l drracket` will print out the styles used in your version of DrRacket.

Changed in version 1.68 of package `gui-lib`: Added `'inverted-base-name`.
Changed in version 1.79: Ignore `'inverted-base-name`.

```
(color-prefs:set-current-color-scheme name) → void?
  name : symbol?
```

Set's the user's preferred color scheme to the one whose name is *name*. Also, updates the colors in DrRacket's GUI to the colors in that color scheme if the named color scheme matches the dark/light mode that the GUI is in.

```
(color-prefs:get-current-color-scheme-name [#:wob? wob?])
 → symbol?
  wob? : boolean? = (white-on-black-color-scheme?)
```

Returns the name of either the user's preferred dark mode or light mode color scheme, based on the *wob?* boolean. If the boolean is `#true`, returns the dark mode's name, otherwise the light mode's.

```
(color-prefs:known-color-scheme-name? name) → boolean?
  name : any/c
```

Returns `#t` if the input is a `symbol?` that names a color or style that is an entry in the current color scheme.

In order to return `#t`, *name* must have been passed as the first argument to `color-prefs:add-color-scheme-entry`.

```
(color-prefs:get-inverted-base-color-scheme name)
 → (or/c #f symbol?)
  name : symbol?
```

Returns the inverted-base color scheme name of color scheme named *name*, if it has one.

Added in version 1.68 of package `gui-lib`.
Changed in version 1.79: This function is no longer used.

```
(color-prefs:color-scheme-style-name? name) → boolean?
  name : any/c
```

Returns `#t` if *name* is a known color scheme name, and is connected to a style.

In order to return `#t`, *name* must have been passed as the first argument to `color-prefs:add-color-scheme-entry` and the `#:style` argument must have also been passed.

```
(color-prefs:color-scheme-color-name? name) → boolean?
  name : any/c
```

Returns `#t` if *name* is a known color scheme name, and is connected to a color.

In order to return `#t`, *name* must have been passed as the first argument to `color-prefs:add-color-scheme-entry` and the `#:style` argument must have also been omitted or be `#f`.

```
(color-prefs:lookup-in-color-scheme  name
                                     [#:wob? wob])
 → (if (color-prefs:color-scheme-style-name? name)
       (is-a?/c style-delta%)
       (is-a?/c color%))
  name : color-prefs:known-color-scheme-name?
  wob : boolean? = (white-on-black-color-scheme?)
```

Returns the current style delta or color associated with *name*.

```
(color-prefs:set-in-color-scheme name
                                 new-val) → void?
  name : color-prefs:known-color-scheme-name?
  new-val : (if (color-prefs:color-scheme-style-name? name)
                (is-a?/c style-delta%)
                (is-a?/c color%))
```

Updates the current color or style delta associated with *name* in the current color scheme.

```
(color-prefs:register-color-scheme-entry-change-callback
 name
 fn
 [weak?
  #:style-list style-list])
→ void?
 name : color-prefs:known-color-scheme-name?
 fn : (if weak?
          (procedure-arity-includes/c 1)
          (-> (if (color-prefs:color-scheme-style-name? name)
                  (is-a?/c style-delta%)
                  (is-a?/c color%))
              any))
 weak? : boolean? = #f
 style-list : (or/c #f (is-a?/c style-list%)) = #f
```

Registers a callback that is invoked whenever the color mapped by *name* changes. Changes may happen due to calls to `color-prefs:set-in-color-scheme` or due to calls to `color-prefs:set-current-color-scheme`.

If *weak?* is `#t`, the *fn* argument is held onto weakly; otherwise it is held onto strongly.

If *style-list* is not `#f` then calls to all of the registered callbacks (including *fn*) are bracketed by calls to begin-style-change-sequence and end-style-change-sequence for the given `style-list%`.

Changed in version 1.68 of package `gui-lib`: added the *style-list* argument

```
(color-prefs:get-color-scheme-names) → set? set?
```

Returns two sets; the first is the known color scheme names that are just colors and the second is the known color scheme names that are styles.

These are all of the names that have been passed to `color-prefs:add-color-scheme-entry`.

7 Color

```
color:text<%> : interface?
  implements: text:basic<%>
              color-textoid<%>
```

This interface describes how coloring is stopped and started for text that knows how to color itself. It also describes how to query the lexical and s-expression structure of the text.

```
(send a-color:text start-colorer token-sym->style
                                 get-token
                                 pairs)           → void?
  token-sym->style : (-> symbol? string?)
  get-token : (or/c (-> input-port?
                        (values any/c
                                (or/c symbol?
                                      (hash/c symbol? any/c #:immutable #t))
                                (or/c symbol? #f)
                                (or/c exact-positive-integer? #f)
                                (or/c exact-positive-integer? #f)))
                    (-> input-port?
                        exact-nonnegative-integer?
                        (not/c dont-stop?)
                        (values any/c
                                (or/c symbol?
                                      (hash/c symbol? any/c #:immutable #t))
                                (or/c symbol? #f)
                                (or/c exact-positive-integer? #f)
                                (or/c exact-positive-integer? #f)
                                exact-nonnegative-integer?
                                any/c)))
  pairs : (listof (list/c symbol? symbol?))
```

Starts tokenizing the buffer for coloring and parenthesis matching.

The main argument is *get-token*. It accepts either three arguments or only the first of these three:

- *input-port* — An input port to parse from. The port is not necessarily the same for every call to *get-token*.
- *offset* — An integer that can be added to the position of *input-port* to obtain an absolute coordinate within a text stream.
- *mode* — An arbitrary value that is #f when *input-port* represents the start of the input stream, and otherwise is the last result of *get-token* as returned for the just-preceding token.

The *mode* value is intended to record the state of parsing in a way that allows it to be restarted mid-stream. The *mode* value should not be a mutable value; if part of the input stream is re-tokenized, the *mode* saved from the immediately preceding token is given again to the *get-token* function.

The *get-token* function produces either 7 results or the first 5 of these results, depending on how many arguments *get-token* accepts:

- *token* — A value intended to represent the textual component of the token. This value is ignored by start-colorer.
- *attribs* — Either a symbol or a hash table with symbol keys. Except for 'eof, a symbol by itself is treated the same as a hash table that maps 'type to the symbol. A *get-token* that accepts only a single argument must always produce just a symbol for *attribs*.

  The symbol 'eof (not a hash table) must be returned as *attribs* to indicate when all the tokens have been consumed.

  The value of 'color in *attribs* is passed to *token-sym->style*, which returns a style name that that is used to "color" the token. If 'color is not mapped by *attribs*, then the value of 'type is used, instead. In addition, if 'comment? is mapped to a true value, then the token's color is adjusted to de-emphasize it relative to surrounding text.

  Certain values for 'type in *attribs* are treated specially. The symbols 'white-space and 'comment should always be used for whitespace and comment tokens, respectively. The symbol 'no-color can be used to indicate that although the token is not whitespace, it should not be colored.

  These and other keys in *attribs* can be used by tools that call classify-position*.
- *paren* — A symbol indicating how the token should be treated by the parenthesis matcher, or #f if the token does not correspond to an open or close parentheses. A *parens* symbol should be one of the symbols in the *pairs* argument.

  Parenthesis matching uses this symbol in combination with *parens* to determine matching pairs and to enable navigation options that take matches into account.

  For example, suppose pairs is '((|(| |)|) (|[| |]|) (begin end)). This means that there are three kinds of parentheses. Any token that has 'begin as its *paren* value will act as an open for matching tokens that have 'end as *paren*. Similarly, any token with '|]| will act as a closing match for tokens with '|[|. When trying to correct a mismatched closing parenthesis, each closing symbol in pairs will be converted to a string and tried as a closing parenthesis.
- *start* — The starting position of the token (or #f for an end-of-file). This number is relative to the third result of (port-next-location *input-port*).

- *_end* — The ending position of the token (or #f for an end-of-file). This is number is also relative to the port's location, like *start*.
- *backup* — A backup distance, which indicates the maximum number of characters to back up (counting from the start of the token) and for reparsing after a change to the editor within the token's region. A *backup* is typically 0.
- *mode* (the new one) — A value that is passed to a later call to *get-token* to continue parsing the input program.

  If *mode* is a dont-stop structure, then the value inside the structure is considered the new *mode*, and the colorer is guaranteed not to be interrupted until at least the next call to *get-token* that does not return a dont-stop structure (unless, of course, it returns an 'eof value for *attribs*, in which case the new *mode* result is ignored). A dont-stop result is useful, for example, when a lexer has to read ahead in *input-port* to decide on the tokens at this point; that read-ahead will be inconsistent if an edit happens, so a dont-stop structure ensures that no changes to the buffer happen between calls.

  As mentioned above, the *mode* result should not be a mutable value. Also, it should be comparable with equal? to short-circuit reparsing when *get-token* returns the same results for an input position.

The *token-sym->style* and parens arguments are used as described above with the *attribs* and *paren* results, respectively.

The *get-token* argument's contract above reflects just the basic constraints it should satisfy. It is also expected to satisfy the lexer*/c contract, which attempts to check the following additional invariants:

- Every position in the buffer must be accounted for in exactly one token, and every token must have a non-zero width. Accordingly, *get-token* must never refuse to accept certain token streams (e.g., by raising an exception). The idea is that, while a normal parser for the language could signal errors by helpfully raising exceptions, a colorer should instead return a token with the type 'error and possibly continue to color the remainder of the buffer. For example, the racket-lexer identifiers strings that have malformed escape characters inside strings by returning 'error, but then continuing to color the rest of text as normal.
- The token returned by *get-token* must rely only on the contents of the input port argument plus the mode argument. This constraint means that the tokenization of some part of the input cannot depend on earlier parts of the input except through the mode (and implicitly through the starting positions for tokens).
- A change to the stream must not change the tokenization of the stream prior to the token immediately preceding the change plus the backup distance. In the following example, this invariant does not hold for a zero backup distance: If the buffer contains

```
" 1 2 3
```

and the tokenizer treats the unmatched " as its own token (a string error token), and separately tokenizes the 1 2 and 3, an edit to make the buffer look like

```
" 1 2 3"
```

would result in a single string token modifying previous tokens. To handle these situations, *get-token* can treat the first line as a single token, or it can precisely track backup distances.

The *get-token* function is usually be implemented with a lexer using the parser-tools/lex library, but can be implemented directly. For example, here is a lexer that colors alternating characters as if they were symbols and strings:

```
(λ (port offset mode)
  (define-values (line col pos) (port-next-
location port))
  (define c (read-char port))
  (cond
    [(eof-object? c)
     (values c 'eof #f #f #f 0 mode)]
    [else
     (values (string c)
             (if mode 'symbol 'string)
             #f
             (+ pos)
             (+ pos 1)
             0
             (not mode))]))
```

Changed in version 1.63 of package gui-lib: Added support for hash-table *attribs* results.

(send *a-color:text* stop-colorer [*clear-colors?*]) → void?
  clear-colors? : boolean? = #t

Stops coloring and paren matching the buffer.

If *clear-colors?* is true all the text in the buffer will have its style set to Standard.

(send *a-color:text* force-stop-colorer *stop?*) → void?
  stop? : boolean?

Causes the entire tokenizing/coloring system to become inactive. Intended for debugging purposes only.

stop? determines whether the system is being forced to stop or allowed to wake back up.

```
(send a-color:text is-stopped?) → boolean?
```

Indicates if the colorer for this editor has been stopped, or not.

```
(send a-color:text is-frozen?) → boolean?
```

Indicates if this editor's colorer is frozen. See also `freeze-colorer` and `thaw-colorer`.

```
(send a-color:text freeze-colorer) → void?
```

Keep the text tokenized and paren matched, but stop altering the colors.

`freeze-colorer` will not return until the coloring/tokenization of the entire text is brought up-to-date. It must not be called on a locked text.

```
(send a-color:text thaw-colorer [recolor?
                                 retokenize?]) → void?
  recolor? : boolean? = #t
  retokenize? : boolean? = #f
```

Start coloring a frozen buffer again.

If *recolor?* is `#t`, the text is re-colored. If it is `#f` the text is not recolored. When *recolor?* is `#t`, *retokenize?* controls how the text is recolored. `#f` causes the text to be entirely re-colored before thaw-colorer returns using the existing tokenization. `#t` causes the entire text to be retokenized and recolored from scratch. This will happen in the background after the call to `thaw-colorer` returns.

```
(send a-color:text reset-region start end) → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  end : (or/c exact-nonnegative-integer? 'end)
```

Set the region of the text that is tokenized.

```
(send a-color:text reset-regions regions) → void?
  regions : (listof (list/c exact-nonnegative-integer?
                            (or/c exact-nonnegative-integer? 'end)))
```

Sets the currently active regions to be *regions*. The numbers in the *regions* argument must be increasing and only the last number can be replaced with `'end`.

Note that editing outside of the active regions violates (unchecked) invariants of this class and edits that move text across region boundaries may also violate (unchecked) invariants. DrRacket uses this method in the interactions window in a way that disallows edits anywhere except the last region and the last region has `'end` as its second argument.

```
(send a-color:text get-spell-check-strings) → boolean?
```

Returns #t if the colorer will attempt to spell-check string constants.

```
(send a-color:text set-spell-check-strings b?) → void?
  b? : boolean?
```

If called with #t, tell the colorer to spell-check string constants. Otherwise, disable spell-checking of string constants.

```
(send a-color:text get-spell-check-text) → boolean?
```

Returns #t if the colorer will attempt to spell-check text (e.g., the words inside { and } in Scribble documents).

```
(send a-color:text set-spell-check-text b?) → void?
  b? : boolean?
```

If called with #t, tell the colorer to spell-check text constants. Otherwise, disable spell-checking of text.

```
(send a-color:text set-spell-current-dict dict) → void?
  dict : (or/c string? #f)
```

Sets the current dictionary used with aspell to *dict*. If *dict* is #f, then the default dictionary is used.

```
(send a-color:text get-spell-current-
dict) → (or/c string? #f)
```

Get the current dictionary used with aspell. If the result is #f, then the default dictionary is used.

```
(send a-color:text get-spell-suggestions pos)
 → (or/c #f (list/c exact-nonnegative-integer?
                    exact-nonnegative-integer?
                    (listof string?)))
  pos : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Returns suggested spelling corrections (and the span of the entire word) to replace the word at *pos*. If the word is spelled correctly or spell checking is disabled, returns #f.

```
(send a-color:text get-regions)
 → (listof (list/c exact-nonnegative-integer? (or/c exact-nonnegative-integer? 'end)))
```

This returns the list of regions that are currently being colored in the editor.

```
(send a-color:text get-matching-paren-string  paren-str
                                              [get-side])
 → (or/c string? #f)
  paren-str : string?
  get-side : (or/c 'open 'close 'either) = 'either
```

Returns a string of a paren matching the other side of *paren-str* as specified by the `pairs` argument of `start-colorer`, if one exists on the side indicated by *get-side*. If there is no match on the corresponding side, including if *paren-str* contains any characters other than a single paren token (even whitespace), returns `#f` instead.

```
(send a-color:text skip-whitespace position
                                   direction
                                   comments?)
 → exact-nonnegative-integer?
  position : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  direction : (or/c 'forward 'backward)
  comments? : boolean?
```

Returns the next non-whitespace character.

Starts from position and skips whitespace in the direction indicated by direction. If *comments?* is true, comments are skipped as well as whitespace. skip-whitespace determines whitespaces and comments by comparing the token type to `'white-space` and `'comment`.

Must only be called while the tokenizer is started.

```
(send a-color:text backward-match position
                                   cutoff)
 → (or/c exact-nonnegative-integer? #f)
  position : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  cutoff : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Skip all consecutive whitespaces and comments (using `skip-whitespace`) immediately preceding the position. If the token at this position is a close, return the position of the matching open, or `#f` if there is none. If the token was an open, return `#f`. For any other token, return the start of that token.

Must only be called while the tokenizer is started.

```
(send a-color:text backward-containing-sexp position
                                             cutoff)
 → (or/c exact-nonnegative-integer? #f)
  position : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  cutoff : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Return the starting position of the interior of the (non-atomic) s-expression containing position, or #f is there is none.

Must only be called while the tokenizer is started.

```
(send a-color:text forward-match position
                                 cutoff)
 → (or/c exact-nonnegative-integer? #f)
  position : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  cutoff : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Skip all consecutive whitespaces and comments (using skip-whitespace) immediately following position. If the token at this position is an open, return the position of the matching close, or #f if there is none. For any other token, return the end of that token.

Must only be called while the tokenizer is started.

```
(send a-color:text insert-close-paren  position
                                       char
                                       flash?
                                       fixup?
                                      [smart-skip?]) → void?
  position : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  char : char?
  flash? : boolean?
  fixup? : boolean?
  smart-skip? : (or/c #f 'adjacent 'forward) = #f
```

Inserts a close parentheses, or, under scenarios described further below, skips past a subsequent one. The *position* is the place to put the parenthesis, or from which to start searching for a subsequent one, and *char* is the parenthesis to be added (e.g., that the user typed). If *fixup?* is true, the right kind of closing parenthesis will be chosen from the set previously passed to start-colorer—but only if an inserted *char* would be colored as a parenthesis (i.e., with the 'parenthesis classification). Otherwise, *char* will be inserted (or skipped past), even if it is not the right kind. If *flash?* is true, the matching open parenthesis will be flashed when the insertion or skip is done.

The "smart skipping" behavior of this function is determined by *smart-skip?*. If *smart-skip?* is false, no skip will take place. A parenthesis will simply be inserted as described in the paragraph above. When *smart-skip?* is 'adjacent, if the next token after *position*, ignoring whitespace and comments (see skip-whitespace), is a properly matched closing parenthesis (which may not necessarily match *char* if *fixup?* is true) then simply move the cursor to the position immediately after that already present closing parenthesis. When *smart-skip?* is 'forward, this function attempts to determine the closest pair

of properly balanced parentheses around *position*. If that exists, then the cursor position skips to the position immediately after the closing parenthesis of that outer pair. If a properly balanced outer pair is not present, then the cursor attempts to skip immediately after the next closing parenthesis that occurs after *position*, ignoring whitespace, comments, and all other tokens. In both non-false cases of *smart-skip?*, if there is no subsequent parenthesis, then a parenthesis is simply inserted, as previously described.

```
(send a-color:text classify-position position)
 → (or/c symbol? #f)
  position : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Return a symbol for the lexer-determined token type for the token that contains the item after *position*. Using `classify-position` is the same as using `classify-position*` and checking for a `'type` value in the resulting hash.

Must only be called while the tokenizer is started.

```
(send a-color:text classify-position* position)
 → (or/c (and/c (hash/c symbol? any/c) immutable?) #f)
  position : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Return a hash table for the lexer-determined token attributes for the token that contains the item after *position*. The result is `#f` if no attributes are available for the position.

Must only be called while the tokenizer is started.

Added in version 1.63 of package `gui-lib`.

```
(send a-color:text get-token-range position)
 → (or/c #f exact-nonnegative-integer?)
    (or/c #f exact-nonnegative-integer?)
  position : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Returns the range of the token surrounding *position*, if there is a token there.

This method must be called only when the tokenizer is started.

```
(send a-color:text get-backward-navigation-limit start)
 → exact-integer?
  start : exact-integer?
```

Returns a limit for backward-matching parenthesis starting at position *start*.

Added in version 1.65 of package `gui-lib`.

```
(send a-color:text on-lexer-valid valid?) → any
  valid? : boolean?
```

Refine this method with `augment`.

This method is an observer for when the lexer is working. It is called when the lexer's state changes from valid to invalid (and back). The *valid?* argument indicates if the lexer has finished running over the editor (or not).

The default method just returns `(void?)`.

(send *a-color:text* is-lexer-valid?) → boolean?

This method is final, so it cannot be overridden.

Indicates if the lexer is currently valid for this editor.

color:text-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
argument extends/implements: text:basic<%>
result implements: color:text<%>

Adds the functionality needed for on-the-fly coloring and parenthesis matching based on incremental tokenization of the text.

(send *a-color:text* lock) → void?

Overrides lock in editor<%>.

(send *a-color:text* on-focus) → void?

Overrides on-focus in editor<%>.

(send *a-color:text* after-edit-sequence) → void?

Augments after-edit-sequence in editor<%>.

(send *a-color:text* after-set-position) → void?

Augments after-set-position in text%.

(send *a-color:text* after-change-style) → void?

Augments after-change-style in text%.

(send *a-color:text* on-set-size-constraint) → void?

Augments on-set-size-constraint in text%.

(send *a-color:text* after-insert) → void?

Augments after-insert in text%.

```
(send a-color:text after-delete) → void?
```

Augments after-delete in text%.

```
color:text% : class?
  superclass: (color:text-mixin text:keymap%)
```

```
color:text-mode<%> : interface?
```

```
(send a-color:text-mode set-get-token get-token) → void?
  get-token : procedure?
```

Sets the *get-token* function used to color the contents of the editor.

See start-colorer's *get-token* argument for the contract on this method's *get-token* argument.

```
(send a-color:text-mode set-matches matches) → void?
  matches : (listof (list/c symbol? symbol?))
```

Sets the matching parentheses pairs for this editor.

See start-colorer's *pairs* argument for more information about this argument.

Added in version 1.60 of package gui-lib.

```
color:text-mode-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: mode:surrogate-text<%>
  result implements: color:text-mode<%>
```

This mixin adds coloring functionality to the mode.

```
(new color:text-mode-mixin
   [[get-token get-token]
    [token-sym->style token-sym->style]
    [matches matches]])
```

```
→ (is-a?/c color:text-mode-mixin)
 get-token : lexer = default-lexer
 token-sym->style : (symbol? . -> . string?)
                  = (λ (x) "Standard")
 matches : (listof (list/c symbol? symbol?)) = null
```

The arguments are passed to start-colorer.

```
(send a-color:text-mode on-disable-surrogate) → void?
```

Overrides on-disable-surrogate in mode:surrogate-text<%>.

```
(send a-color:text-mode on-enable-surrogate) → void?
```

Overrides on-enable-surrogate in mode:surrogate-text<%>.

```
color:text-mode% : class?
  superclass: (color:text-mode-mixin mode:surrogate-text%)
```

```
(color:get-parenthesis-colors-table)
 → (listof (list/c symbol? string? (vectorof (is-a?/c color%)) (or/c 'low 'high)))
```

Returns a table of colors that get used for parenthesis highlighting. Each entry in the table consists of a symbolic name, a name to show in a GUI, the color to use, and the *priority* argument to pass to text:basic<%> highlight-range when highlighting the parens. Generally the priority should be 'low if the color is solid (α=1) but can be 'high if the α component is small.

When an entry in the table has multiple colors, they are used to show the nesting structure in the parentheses.

```
color:misspelled-text-color-style-name : string?
```

The name of the style used to color misspelled words. See also get-spell-check-strings.

8 Comment Box

```
comment-box:snip% : class?
  superclass: editor-snip:decorated%
  extends: readable-snip<%>
```

This snip implements the comment boxes that you see in DrRacket.

```
(send a-comment-box:snip make-editor) → (is-a?/c text%)
```

Overrides `make-editor` in `editor-snip:decorated%`.

Makes an instance of

```
(racket:text-mixin text:keymap%)
```

```
(send a-comment-box:snip make-snip) → (is-a?/c comment-
snip%)
```

Overrides `make-snip` in `editor-snip:decorated%`.

Returns an instance of the `comment-snip%` class.

```
(send a-comment-box:snip get-corner-bitmap)
 → (is-a?/c bitmap%)
```

Overrides `get-corner-bitmap` in `editor-snip:decorated-mixin`.

Returns the semicolon bitmap from the file

```
(build-path (collection-path "icons") "semicolon.gif")
```

```
(send a-comment-box:snip get-position)
 → (symbols 'left-top  'top-right)
```

Overrides `get-position` in `editor-snip:decorated-mixin`.

Returns `'left-top`

```
(send a-comment-box:snip get-text) → string
```

Overrides `get-text` in `snip%`.

Returns the same string as the super method, but with newlines replaced by newline-semicolon-space.

```
(send a-comment-box:snip get-menu) → (is-a?/c popup-menu%)
```

Overrides `get-menu` in `editor-snip:decorated-mixin`.

Returns a menu with a single item to change the box into semicolon comments.

```
comment-box:snipclass : (is-a?/c snip-class%)
```

The `snip-class%` object used by `comment-box:snip%`.

9 Decorated Editor Snip

```
(require framework/decorated-editor-snip)
```
package: gui-lib

This library is here for backwards compatibility. The functionality in it has moved into the framework proper, in the §10 “Editor Snip” section.

decorated-editor-snip%

Use editor-snip:decorated% instead.

decorated-editor-snipclass%

Use editor-snip:decorated-snipclass% instead.

decorated-editor-snip-mixin

Use editor-snip:decorated-mixin instead.

decorated-editor-snip<%>

Use editor-snip:decorated<%> instead.

10 Editor Snip

```
editor-snip:decorated<%> : interface?
  implements: editor-snip%
```

```
(send an-editor-snip:decorated get-corner-bitmap)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c bitmap%))
```

Returns a bitmap that is drawn in the upper-right corner of this snip.

```
(send an-editor-snip:decorated get-color)
 → (or/c string? (is-a?/c color%))
```

Returns the color used to draw the background part of the snip.

```
(send an-editor-snip:decorated get-menu)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c popup-menu%))
```

Returns a popup menu that is used when clicking on the top part of the snip.

```
(send an-editor-snip:decorated get-position)
 → (symbols 'top-right 'left-top)
```

Returns the location of the image and the clickable region. The symbol `'top-right` indicates top portion is clickable and icon on right. The symbol `'left-top` means left portion is clickable and icon on top.

```
(send an-editor-snip:decorated reset-min-sizes) → void?
```

Sets the minimum sizes based on the result of `get-corner-bitmap`.

```
editor-snip:decorated-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: editor-snip%
  result implements: editor-snip:decorated<%>
```

```
(send an-editor-snip:decorated get-corner-bitmap)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c bitmap%))
```

Returns `#f`.

```
(send an-editor-snip:decorated get-color)
 → (or/c string? (is-a?/c color%))
```

Returns

```
(if (color-prefs:white-on-black-color-scheme?)
    "white"
    "black")
```

```
(send an-editor-snip:decorated get-menu)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c popup-menu%))
```

Returns #f.

```
(send an-editor-snip:decorated get-position)
 → (symbols 'top-right 'left-top)
```

Returns 'top-right.

```
editor-snip:decorated% : class?
  superclass: (editor-snip:decorated-mixin editor-snip%)
```

```
(new editor-snip:decorated% ...superclass-args...)
 → (is-a?/c editor-snip:decorated%)
```

Invokes the super constructor with the keyword editor as a call to make-editor.

```
(send an-editor-snip:decorated make-snip)
 → (is-a?/c editor-snip:decorated%)
```

This method should return an instance of the class it is invoked in. If you create a subclass of this class, be sure to override this method and have it create instances of the subclass.

```
(send an-editor-snip:decorated make-editor)
 → (is-a?/c editor<%>)
```

Creates an editor to be used in this snip.

```
(send an-editor-snip:decorated copy)
 → (is-a?/c editor-snip:decorated%)
```

Uses the make-editor and make-snip methods to create a copy of this snip, as follows:

```
#lang (let ([snip (make-snip)]) (send snip set-editor
(send (get-editor) copy-self)) (send snip set-style
(get-style)) snip)
```

```
editor-snip:decorated-snipclass% : class?
  superclass: snip-class%
```

```
(send an-editor-snip:decorated-snipclass make-snip stream-
in)
 → (is-a?/c editor-snip:decorated<%>)
  stream-in : (is-a?/c editor-stream-in%)
```

Returns an instance of editor-snip:decorated%.

```
(send an-editor-snip:decorated-snipclass read stream-in)
 → (is-a?/c editor-snip:decorated<%>)
  stream-in : (is-a?/c editor-stream-in%)
```

Calls make-snip to get an object and then invokes its editor<%>'s read-from-file method in order to read a snip from *stream-in*, eg:

```
(let ([snip (make-snip stream-in)])
  (send (send snip get-editor) read-from-file stream-
in #f)
  snip)
```

11 Editor

```
editor:basic<%> : interface?
  implements: editor<%>
```

Classes matching this interface support the basic editor<%> functionality required by the framework.

```
(send an-editor:basic has-focus?) → boolean?
```

This function returns #t when the editor has the keyboard focus. It is implemented using: on-focus

```
(send an-editor:basic local-edit-sequence?) → boolean?
```

Indicates if this editor is in an edit sequence. Enclosing buffer's edit-sequence status is not considered by this method.

See begin-edit-sequence and end-edit-sequence for more info about edit sequences.

```
(send an-editor:basic run-after-edit-sequence  thunk
                                               [tag]) → void?
  thunk : (-> void?)
  tag : (or/c symbol? #f) = #f
```

This method is used to install callbacks that will be run after any edit-sequence completes.

The procedure *thunk* will be called immediately if the edit is not in an edit-sequence. If the edit is in an edit-sequence, it will be called when the edit-sequence completes.

If *tag* is a symbol, the *thunk* is keyed on that symbol, and only one thunk per symbol will be called after the edit-sequence. Specifically, the last call to run-after-edit-sequence's argument will be called.

```
(send an-editor:basic get-top-level-window)
 → (or/c #f (is-a?/c top-level-window<%>))
```

Returns the top-level-window<%> currently associated with this buffer.

Note that the result of this method may not currently be displaying this editor (e.g., the editor may be for a tab that's not currently active in DrRacket).

```
(send an-editor:basic save-file-out-of-date?) → boolean?
```

Returns #t if the file on disk has been modified, by some other program.

```
(send an-editor:basic save-file/gui-error [filename
                                           format
                                           show-errors?])
 → boolean?
  filename : (or/c path? #f) = #f
  format : (or/c 'guess 'standard 'text 'text-force-cr 'same 'copy)
         = 'same
  show-errors? : boolean? = #t
```

This method is an alternative to save-file. Rather than showing errors via the original stdout, it opens a dialog with an error message showing the error.

It returns #t if no error occurred and cancel was not clicked, and it returns #f if an error occurred or cancel was clicked.

```
(send an-editor:basic load-file/gui-error [filename
                                           format
                                           show-errors?])
 → boolean?
  filename : (or/c string? #f) = #f
  format : (or/c 'guess 'standard 'text 'text-force-cr 'same 'copy)
         = 'guess
  show-errors? : boolean? = #t
```

Loads filename, much like load-file. Rather than showing errors via the original stdout, however, it shows a dialog box when an error occurs.

The result indicates if an error happened (the error has already been shown to the user). It returns #t if no error occurred and #f if an error occurred.

```
(send an-editor:basic revert/gui-error [show-
errors?]) → boolean?
  show-errors? : boolean? = #t
```

Reverts the content of the editor to the file on the disk, showing errors to the user via load-file/gui-error.

The result indicates if an error happened (the error has already been shown to the user). It returns #t if no error occurred and #f if an error occurred.

If get-filename returns #f or if the filename is a temporary filename, the buffer is unchanged and the result is #f.

```
(send an-editor:basic on-close) → void?
```

This method is called when an editor is closed. Typically, this method is called when the frame containing the editor is closed, but in some cases an editor

is considered “closed” before the frame it is in is closed (e.g., when a tab in DrRacket is closed), and thus `on-close` will be called at that point.

See also `can-close?` and `close`.

Default: does nothing.

```
(send an-editor:basic can-close?) → boolean?
```

This method is called to query the editor if is okay to close the editor. Although there is no visible effect associated with closing an editor, there may be some cleanup actions that need to be run when the user is finished with the editor (asking if it should be saved, for example).

See also `on-close` and `close`.

Returns `#t`.

```
(send an-editor:basic close) → boolean?
```

This method is merely

```
(if (can-close?)
    (begin (on-close) #t)
    #f)
```

It is intended as a shorthand, helper method for closing an editor. See also `can-close?` and `on-close`.

```
(send an-editor:basic get-filename/untitled-name) → string?
```

Returns the printed version of the filename for this editor. If the editor doesn’t yet have a filename, it returns a symbolic name (something like "Untitled").

```
(send an-editor:basic get-pos/text event)
 → (or/c false/c number?)
   (or/c false/c (is-a?/c editor<%>))
  event : (is-a?/c mouse-event%)
```

Calls `get-pos/text-dc-location` with the x and y coordinates of *event*.

```
(send an-editor:basic get-pos/text-dc-location x
                                               y)
 → (or/c false/c number?)
   (or/c false/c (is-a?/c editor<%>))
  x : exact-integer?
  y : exact-integer?
```

This method's first result is `#f` when the mouse event does not correspond to a location in the editor.

If the second result is a `text%` object, then the first result will be a position in the editor and otherwise the first result will be `#f`. The position is found by calling `find-position`, using `#f` as the *at-eol?* argument.

The `editor<%>` object will always be the nearest enclosing editor containing the point (*x*, *y*).

```
editor:basic-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: editor<%>
  result implements: editor:basic<%>
```

This provides the basic editor services required by the rest of the framework.

The result of this mixin uses the same initialization arguments as the mixin's argument.

Each instance of a class created with this mixin contains a private `keymap%` that is chained to the global keymap via: `(send keymap chain-to-keymap (keymap:get-global) #f)`.

This installs the global keymap `keymap:get-global` to handle keyboard and mouse mappings not handled by `keymap`. The global keymap is created when the framework is invoked.

```
(send an-editor:basic can-save-file? filename
                                     format)  → boolean?
  filename : string?
  format : symbol?
```

Augments `can-save-file?` in `editor<%>`.

Checks to see if the file on the disk has been modified out side of this editor, using `save-file-out-of-date?`. If it has, this method prompts the user to be sure they want to save.

See also `editor:doing-autosave?` and `editor:silent-cancel-on-save-file-out-of-date?`.

```
(send an-editor:basic after-save-file success?) → void?
  success? : boolean?
```

Augments `after-save-file` in `editor<%>`.

If the current filename is not a temporary filename, this method calls `handler:add-to-recent`with the current filename.

to add the new filename to the list of recently opened files.

Additionally, updates a private instance variable with the modification time of the file, for using in implementing `save-file-out-of-date?`.

```
(send an-editor:basic after-load-file success?) → void?
  success? : boolean?
```

Augments after-load-file in editor<%>.

Updates a private instance variable with the modification time of the file, for using in implementing save-file-out-of-date?

```
(send an-editor:basic on-focus on?) → void?
  on? : boolean?
```

Overrides on-focus in editor<%>.

Manages the state to implement has-focus?

```
(send an-editor:basic on-edit-sequence) → boolean?
```

Augments on-edit-sequence in editor<%>.

Always returns #t. Updates a flag for local-edit-sequence?

```
(send an-editor:basic after-edit-sequence) → void?
```

Augments after-edit-sequence in editor<%>.

Helps to implement run-after-edit-sequence.

```
(send an-editor:basic on-new-box type) → (is-a?/c editor-
snip%)
  type : (or/c 'pasteboard  'text)
```

Overrides on-new-box in editor<%>.

Creates instances of pasteboard:basic% or text:basic% instead of the built in pasteboard% and text% classes.

```
(send an-editor:basic on-new-image-snip filename
                                        kind
                                        relative-path?
                                        inline?)
 → (is-a?/c image-snip%)
  filename : (or/c path? false/c)
  kind : (one-of/c 'unknown 'gif 'jpeg 'xbm 'xpm 'bmp 'pict)
  relative-path? : any/c
  inline? : any/c
```

Overrides on-new-image-snip in editor<%>.

```
      (super on-new-image-snip
             (if (eq? kind 'unknown) 'unknown/mask kind)
             relative-path?
             inline?)
```

```
(send an-editor:basic get-file directory) → string
  directory : (or/c path-string? false/c)
```

Overrides get-file in editor<%>.

Uses finder:get-file to find a filename. Also, sets the parameter finder:dialog-parent-parameter to the result of get-top-level-window.

```
(send an-editor:basic put-file directory
                               default-name) → string
  directory : (or/c path? false/c)
  default-name : (or/c path? false/c)
```

Overrides put-file in editor<%>.

Uses finder:put-file to find a filename. Also, sets the parameter finder:dialog-parent-parameter to the result of get-top-level-window.

```
editor:standard-style-list<%> : interface?
  implements: editor<%>
```

This interface is implemented by the results of editor:standard-style-list-mixin.

```
editor:standard-style-list-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: editor<%>
  result implements: editor:standard-style-list<%>
```

The mixin adds code to the initialization of the class that sets the editor's style list (via set-style-list) to the result of editor:get-standard-style-list.

In addition, it calls set-load-overwrites-styles with #f. This ensures that saved files with different settings for the style list do not clobber the shared style list.

```
editor:keymap<%> : interface?
  implements: editor:basic<%>
```

Classes matching this interface add support for mixing in multiple keymaps. They provides an extensible interface to chained keymaps, through the `get-keymaps` method.

This editor is initialized by calling `add-editor-keymap-functions`, `add-text-keymap-functions`, and `add-pasteboard-keymap-functions`.

```
(send an-editor:keymap get-keymaps)
 → (list-of (is-a?/c keymap%))
```

> The keymaps returned from this method are chained to this `editor<%>`'s keymap.
>
> The result of this method should not change – that is, it should return the same list of keymaps each time it is called.
>
> See also `editor:add-after-user-keymap`.
>
> Returns `(list (keymap:get-user) (keymap:get-global))` by default.

```
editor:keymap-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: editor:basic<%>
  result implements: editor:keymap<%>
```

This provides a mixin that implements the `editor:keymap<%>` interface.

```
editor:autowrap<%> : interface?
  implements: editor:basic<%>
```

Classes implementing this interface keep the `auto-wrap` state set based on the `'framework:auto-set-wrap?` preference (see `preferences:get` for more information about preferences).

They install a preferences callback with `preferences:add-callback` that sets the state when the preference changes and initialize the value of `auto-wrap` to the current value of `'framework:auto-set-wrap?` via `preferences:get`.

```
editor:autowrap-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: editor:basic<%>
  result implements: editor:autowrap<%>
```

See editor:autowrap<%>

```
editor:file<%> : interface?
  implements: editor:keymap<%>
```

Objects supporting this interface are expected to support files.

```
(send an-editor:file get-can-close-parent)
 → (or/c false (is-a?/c frame%) (is-a?/c dialog%))
```

The result of this method is used as the parent for the dialog that asks about closing.

Returns #f by default.

```
(send an-editor:file update-frame-filename) → void?
```

Attempts to find a frame that displays this editor. If it does, it updates the frame's title based on a new filename in the editor.

```
(send an-editor:file allow-close-with-no-
filename?) → boolean?
```

This method indicates if closing the file when it hasn't been saved is a reason to alert the user. See also can-close?.

Returns #f by default.

```
(send an-editor:file user-saves-or-not-modified? allow-
cancel?)
 → boolean?
  allow-cancel? : #t
```

If the file has not been saved, this prompts the user about saving and, if the user says to save, then it saves the file.

The result is #t if the save file is up to date, or if the user says it is okay to continue without saving. Generally used when closing the file or quiting the app.

```
editor:file-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: editor:keymap<%>
  result implements: editor:file<%>
```

This editor locks itself when the file that is opened is read-only in the filesystem.

The class that this mixin produces uses the same initialization arguments as its input.

```
(send an-editor:file set-filename  name
                                   [temp?]) → void?
  name : string?
  temp? : boolean? = #f
```

Overrides set-filename in editor<%>.

Updates the filename on each frame displaying this editor, for each frame that matches frame:editor<%>.

```
(send an-editor:file can-close?) → boolean?
```

Augments can-close? in editor:basic<%>.

If the allow-close-with-no-filename? method returns #f, this method checks to see if the file has been saved at all yet. If not, it asks the user about saving (and saves if they ask).

If the allow-close-with-no-filename? method returns #t, this method does as before, except only asks if the editor's get-filenamemethod returns a path.

Also calls inner.

```
(send an-editor:file get-keymaps)
 → (list-of (is-a?/c keymap%))
```

Overrides get-keymaps in editor:keymap<%>.

This returns a list containing the super-class's keymaps, plus the result of keymap:get-file

```
editor:backup-autosave<%> : interface?
  implements: editor:basic<%>
```

Classes matching this interface support backup files and autosaving.

(send *an-editor:backup-autosave* backup?) → boolean?

Indicates whether this editor<%> should be backed up.

Returns the value of the preferences:get applied to 'framework:backup-files?.

(send *an-editor:backup-autosave* autosave?) → boolean?

Indicates whether this editor<%> should be autosaved.

Returns #t.

(send *an-editor:backup-autosave* do-autosave) → (or/c #f path?)

This method is called to perform the autosaving. See also autosave:register.

When the file has been modified since it was last saved and autosaving it turned on (via the autosave? method) an autosave file is created for this editor<%>.

Returns the filename where the autosave took place, or #f if none did. This method sets the parameter editor:doing-autosave? to #t during the dynamic extent of the call it makes to save-file.

(send *an-editor:backup-autosave* remove-autosave) → void?

This method removes the autosave file associated with this editor<%>.

editor:backup-autosave-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: editor:basic<%>
  result implements: editor:backup-autosave<%>
                     autosave:autosavable<%>

This mixin adds backup and autosave functionality to an editor.

During initialization, this object is registered with autosave:register.

The result of this mixin uses the same initialization arguments as the mixin's argument.

(send *an-editor:backup-autosave* on-save-file *filename*
                                                format)
 → boolean?
  filename : path?
  format : (or/c 'guess 'standard 'text 'text-force-cr 'same 'copy)

Augments on-save-file in editor<%>.

If a backup file has not been created this session for this file, deletes any existing backup file and copies the old save file into the backup file. For the backup file's name, see path-utils:generate-backup-name

```
(send an-editor:backup-autosave on-close) → void?
```

Augments on-close in editor:basic<%>.

Deletes the autosave file and turns off autosaving.

```
(send an-editor:backup-autosave on-change) → void?
```

Augments on-change in editor<%>.

Sets a flag indicating that this editor<%> needs to be autosaved.

```
(send an-editor:backup-autosave set-
modified modified?) → void?
  modified? : any/c
```

Overrides set-modified in editor<%>.

If the file is no longer modified, this method deletes the autosave file. If it is, it updates a flag to indicate that the autosave file is out of date.

```
editor:autoload<%> : interface?
  implements: editor:basic<%>
```

This interface does not add any methods, but signals that the given class was produced by editor:autoload-mixin.

```
editor:autoload-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: editor:basic<%>
  result implements: editor:autoload<%>
```

The result of this mixin uses filesystem-change-evt to track changes to the file that this editor saves to, offering to revert the buffer to match the file when the file changes.

It strives to make sure that there is never a moment when the file is unmonitored so there should be no races with other processes. That said a call to set-filename will disrupt the connection.

The result of this mixin calls enable-sha1 during initialization of the object.

The mixin uses editor:doing-autosave? to avoid tracking changes to autosave files (as autosaving also uses save-file and load-file).

```
(send an-editor:autoload set-filename  filename
                                       [temporary?]) → void?
  filename : (or/c path-string? #f)
  temporary? : any/c = #f
```

Overrides set-filename in editor<%>.

Disables the monitoring, unless the call is in the dynamic extent of a call to load-file or save-file.

```
(send an-editor:autoload on-close) → void?
```

Augments on-close in editor:basic<%>.

Uses filesystem-change-evt-cancel to stop tracking changes to the file.

```
(send an-editor:autoload on-save-file filename
                                       format)  → void?
  filename : path?
  format : (or/c 'guess 'standard 'text 'text-force-cr 'same 'copy)
```

Augments on-save-file in editor<%>.

Establishes the monitoring of *filename* and ties it to this editor<%>.

```
(send an-editor:autoload after-save-file success?) → void?
  success? : any/c
```

Augments after-save-file in editor<%>.

Uses the updated sha1 from get-file-sha1, now that the editor's content and the file on the disk have been synchronized.

```
(send an-editor:autoload on-load-file filename
                                       format)  → void?
  filename : path?
  format : (or/c 'guess 'standard 'text 'text-force-cr 'same 'copy)
```

Augments on-load-file in editor<%>.

Establishes the monitoring of *filename* and ties it to this editor<%>.

```
(send an-editor:autoload after-load-file success?) → void?
  success? : any/c
```

Augments after-load-file in editor<%>.

Uses the updated sha1 from get-file-sha1, now that the editor's content and the file on the disk have been synchronized.

```
(send an-editor:autoload update-sha1? path) → any/c
  path : path-string?
```

Overrides update-sha1? in editor<%>.

Returns #f when (editor:doing-autosave?) is #t; otherwise returns the result of the super method.

```
editor:info<%> : interface?
  implements: editor:basic<%>
```

An editor<%> matching this interface provides information about its lock state to its top-level-window<%>.

```
editor:info-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: editor:basic<%>
  result implements: editor:info<%>
```

This editor tells the frame when it is locked and unlocked. See also frame:text-info<%>.

```
(send an-editor:info lock lock?) → void?
  lock? : boolean?
```

Overrides lock in editor<%>.

Uses run-after-edit-sequence to call lock-status-changed.

```
editor:font-size-message% : class?
  superclass: canvas%
```

```
 (new editor:font-size-message%
      [message message]
    [[stretchable-height stretchable-height]])
 → (is-a?/c editor:font-size-message%)
```

```
  message : (or/c string? (listof string?))
  stretchable-height : any/c = #f
```

The *message* field controls the initial contents. If there is a list of strings, then each string is put on a separate line. If there is just a single string, it is split on newlines and then treated as if it were a list.

The *stretchable-height* has the opposite default from the canvas% superclass.

```
(send an-editor:font-size-message set-
message message) → void?
  message : (or/c string? (listof string?))
```

Changes the message.

If *message* is a list of strings, then each string is put on a separate line. If there is just a single string, it is split on newlines and then treated as if it were a list argument.

```
(editor:doing-autosave?) → boolean?
(editor:doing-autosave? autosaving?) → void?
  autosaving? : boolean?
```

A parameter that indicates whether or not we are currently saving the editor because of an autosave. See also do-autosave.

```
(editor:silent-cancel-on-save-file-out-of-date?) → boolean?
(editor:silent-cancel-on-save-file-out-of-date? autosaving?)
 → void?
  autosaving? : boolean?
```

A parameter that indicates how to handle the situation where a save happens but the file saved on the disk is newer than the last time this editor was saved.

If editor:silent-cancel-on-save-file-out-of-date?'s value is #true, then a save that might overwrite some other change is silently ignored and no save actually happens (via can-save-file?). If it is #false (and editor:doing-autosave? is also #false) then a dialog is opened to ask the user what to do.

Added in version 1.53 of package gui-lib.

```
(editor:set-current-preferred-font-size new-size) → void?
  new-size : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Sets the font preference for the current monitor configuration to *new-size*.

See also editor:get-current-preferred-font-size and editor:font-size-pref->current-font-size.

```
(editor:get-current-preferred-font-size)
 → exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Gets the current setting for the font size preference. Calls editor:font-size-pref->current-font-size with the current preference setting.

See also editor:set-current-preferred-font-size and editor:get-change-font-size-when-monitors-change?.

```
(editor:font-size-pref->current-font-size font-preference)
 → exact-nonnegative-integer?
  font-preference : (vector/c

                     (hash/c

                      (non-empty-listof (list/c exact-nonnegative-integer?
                                                exact-nonnegative-integer?))

                      exact-nonnegative-integer?
                      #:flat? #t)


                     exact-nonnegative-integer?
                     #:flat? #t)
```

Determines the current monitor configuration and uses that to pick one of the sizes from its argument. The argument is expected to come from the preference value of 'framework:standard-style-list:font-size.

Except if editor:get-change-font-size-when-monitors-change? returns #f, in which case the current monitor configuration is not considered and the last-set size (the second position in the vector) is always returned.

As background, the font size preference is actually saved on a per-monitor configuration basis; specifically the preference value (using the same contract as the argument of this function) contains a table mapping a list of monitor sizes (but not their positions) obtained by get-display-size to the preferred font size (plus a default size used for new configurations).

See also editor:get-current-preferred-font-size, editor:get-current-

preferred-font-size, and editor:get-change-font-size-when-monitors-change?.

```
(editor:get-change-font-size-when-monitors-change?) → boolean?
```

Returns #t when the framework will automatically adjust the current font size in the "Standard" style of the result of editor:get-standard-style-list based on the monitor configuration.

Defaults to #f

See also editor:set-change-font-size-when-monitors-change?; editor:font-size-pref->current-font-size.

```
(editor:set-change-font-size-when-monitors-change? b?) → void?
  b? : boolean?
```

Controls the result of editor:get-change-font-size-when-monitors-change?.

See also editor:get-change-font-size-when-monitors-change?.

```
(editor:set-default-font-color  fg-color
                                [bg-color]) → void?
  fg-color : (is-a?/c color%)
  bg-color : (or/c #f (is-a?/c color%)) = #f
```

Sets the foreground color of the style named editor:get-default-color-style-name to *fg-color*. If *bg-color* is not #f, then editor:set-default-font-color sets the background color to *bg-color*.

```
(editor:get-default-color-style-name) → string?
```

The name of the style (in the list returned by editor:get-standard-style-list) that holds the default color.

```
(editor:set-standard-style-list-delta name
                                      delta) → void?
  name : string?
  delta : (is-a?/c style-delta%)
```

Finds (or creates) the style named by *name* in the result of editor:get-standard-style-list and sets its delta to *delta*.

If the style named by *name* is already in the style list, it must be a delta style.

(editor:set-standard-style-list-pref-callbacks) → any

Installs the font preference callbacks that update the style list returned by editor:get-standard-style-list based on the font preference symbols.

(editor:get-standard-style-list) → (is-a?/c style-list%)

Returns a style list that is used for all instances of editor:standard-style-list%.

```
(editor:add-after-user-keymap keymap
                              keymaps)
 → (listof (is-a?/c keymap%))
  keymap : (is-a?/c keymap%)
  keymaps : (listof (is-a?/c keymap%))
```

Returns a list that contains all of the keymaps in *keymaps*, in the same relative order, but also with *keymap*, where *keymap* is now the first keymap after keymap:get-user (if that keymap is in the list.)

12 Exit

```
(exit:exiting?) → boolean?
```

Returns `#t` to indicate that an exit operation is taking place. Does not indicate that the app will actually exit, since the user may cancel the exit.

See also `exit:insert-on-callback` and `exit:insert-can?-callback`.

```
(exit:set-exiting exiting?) → void?
  exiting? : boolean?
```

Sets a flag that affects the result of `exit:exiting?`.

```
(exit:insert-on-callback callback) → (-> void?)
  callback : (-> void?)
```

Adds a callback to be called when exiting. This callback must not fail. If a callback should stop an exit from happening, use `exit:insert-can?-callback`.

```
(exit:insert-can?-callback callback) → (-> void?)
  callback : (-> boolean?)
```

Use this function to add a callback that determines if an attempted exit can proceed. This callback should not clean up any state, since another callback may veto the exit. Use `exit:insert-on-callback` for callbacks that clean up state.

```
(exit:can-exit?) → boolean?
```

Calls the "can-callbacks" and returns their results. See `exit:insert-can?-callback` for more information.

```
(exit:on-exit) → void?
```

Calls the "on-callbacks". See `exit:insert-on-callback` for more information.

```
(exit:exit) → any
```

`exit:exit` performs four actions:

- sets the result of the `exit:exiting?` function to `#t`.
- invokes the exit-callbacks, with `exit:can-exit?` if none of the "can?" callbacks return `#f`,
- invokes `exit:on-exit` and then
- queues a callback that calls `exit` (a racket procedure) and (if `exit` returns) sets the result of `exit:exiting?` back to `#f`.

```
(exit:user-oks-exit) → boolean?
```

Opens a dialog that queries the user about exiting. Returns the user's decision.

13 Finder

```
(finder:dialog-parent-parameter)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c dialog%) (is-a?/c frame%))
(finder:dialog-parent-parameter parent) → void?
  parent : (or/c false/c (is-a?/c dialog%) (is-a?/c frame%))
```

This parameter determines the parent of the dialogs created by `finder:get-file`, `finder:put-file`, `finder:common-get-file`, `finder:common-put-file`, `finder:common-get-file-list`, `finder:std-get-file`, and `finder:std-put-file`.

```
(finder:default-extension) → string?
(finder:default-extension extension) → void?
  extension : string?
```

This parameter controls the default extension for the framework's `finder:put-file` and `finder:get-file` dialog. Its value gets passed as the *extension* argument to `put-file` and `get-file`.

Its default value is `""`.

```
(finder:default-filters) → (listof (list/c string? string?))
(finder:default-filters filters) → void?
  filters : (listof (list/c string? string?))
```

This parameter controls the default filters for the framework's `finder:put-file` dialog. Its value gets passed as the `default-filters` argument to `put-file`.

Its default value is `'(("Any" "*.*"))`.

```
(finder:common-put-file [name
                         directory
                         replace?
                         prompt
                         filter
                         filter-msg
                         parent])    → (or/c false/c path?)
  name : string? = "Untitled"
  directory : (or/c false/c path?) = #f
  replace? : boolean? = #f
  prompt : string? = "Select File"
  filter : (or/c false/c byte-regexp?) = #f
```

```
  filter-msg : string?
             = "That filename does not have the right form."
  parent : (or/c (is-a?/c top-level-window<%>) false/c)
         = (finder:dialog-parent-parameter)
```

This procedure queries the user for a single filename, using a platform-independent dialog box. Consider using `finder:put-file` instead of this function.

```
(finder:common-get-file [directory
                         prompt
                         filter
                         filter-msg
                         parent])    → (or/c path? false/c)
  directory : (or/c path? false/c) = #f
  prompt : string? = "Select File"
  filter : (or/c byte-regexp? false/c) = #f
  filter-msg : string?
             = "That filename does not have the right form."
  parent : (or/c false/c (is-a?/c top-level-window<%>)) = #f
```

This procedure queries the user for a single filename, using a platform-independent dialog box. Consider using `finder:get-file` instead of this function.

```
(finder:std-put-file [name
                      directory
                      replace?
                      prompt
                      filter
                      filter-msg
                      parent])    → (or/c false/c path?)
  name : string? = "Untitled"
  directory : (or/c false/c path?) = #f
  replace? : boolean? = #f
  prompt : string? = "Select File"
  filter : (or/c false/c byte-regexp?) = #f
  filter-msg : string?
             = "That filename does not have the right form."
  parent : (or/c (is-a?/c top-level-window<%>) false/c)
         = (finder:dialog-parent-parameter)
```

This procedure queries the user for a single filename, using a platform-dependent dialog box. Consider using `finder:put-file` instead of this function.

```
(finder:std-get-file [directory
                      prompt
                      filter
                      filter-msg
                      parent])    → (or/c path? false/c)
  directory : (or/c path? false/c) = #f
  prompt : string? = "Select File"
  filter : (or/c byte-regexp? false/c) = #f
  filter-msg : string?
             = "That filename does not have the right form."
  parent : (or/c false/c (is-a?/c top-level-window<%>)) = #f
```

This procedure queries the user for a single filename, using a platform-dependent dialog box. Consider using `finder:get-file` instead of this function.

```
(finder:put-file [name
                  directory
                  replace?
                  prompt
                  filter
                  filter-msg
                  parent])    → (or/c false/c path?)
  name : string? = "Untitled"
  directory : (or/c false/c path?) = #f
  replace? : boolean? = #f
  prompt : string? = "Select File"
  filter : (or/c false/c byte-regexp?) = #f
  filter-msg : string?
             = "That filename does not have the right form."
  parent : (or/c (is-a?/c top-level-window<%>) false/c)
         = (finder:dialog-parent-parameter)
```

Queries the user for a filename.

If the result of `(preferences:get 'framework:file-dialogs)` is `'std` this calls `finder:std-put-file`, and if it is `'common`, `finder:common-put-file` is called.

```
(finder:get-file [directory
                  prompt
                  filter
                  filter-msg
                  parent])    → (or/c path? false/c)
  directory : (or/c path? false/c) = #f
```

```
prompt : string? = "Select File"
filter : (or/c byte-regexp? string? false/c) = #f
filter-msg : string?
           = "That filename does not have the right form."
parent : (or/c false/c (is-a?/c top-level-window<%>)) = #f
```

Queries the user for a filename.

If the result of `(preferences:get 'framework:file-dialogs)` is `'std` this calls `finder:std-get-file`, and if it is `'common`, `finder:common-get-file` is called.

14 Frame

```
frame:basic<%> : interface?
  implements: frame%
```

Classes matching this interface support the basic frame% functionality required by the framework.

```
(send a-frame:basic get-area-container%)
 → (implementation?/c area-container<%>)
```

The class that this method returns is used to create the area-container<%> in this frame.

```
(send a-frame:basic get-area-container)
 → (is-a?/c area-container<%>)
```

This returns the main area-container<%> in the frame

```
(send a-frame:basic get-menu-bar%) → (subclass?/c menu-
bar%)
```

The result of this method is used to create the initial menu bar for this frame.

Return menu-bar%.

```
(send a-frame:basic make-root-area-container class
                                              parent)
 → (is-a?/c area-container<%>)
  class : (implementation?/c area-container<%>)
  parent : (is-a?/c area-container<%>)
```

Override this method to insert a panel in between the panel used by the clients of this frame and the frame itself. For example, to insert a status line panel override this method with something like this:

```
(class ...
  ...
  (define status-panel #f)
  (define/override (make-root-area-container cls parent)
    (set! status-panel
          (super make-root-area-container vertical-
pane% parent))
    (let ([root (make-object cls status-panel)])
```

```
            ; ... add other children to status-panel ...

            root))
      ...)
```

In this example, status-panel will contain a root panel for the other classes, and whatever panels are needed to display status information.

The searching frame is implemented using this method.

Calls `make-object` with *class* and *parent*.

```
(send a-frame:basic close) → void?
```

This method closes the frame by calling the `can-close?`, `on-close`, and `show` methods.

Its implementation is:

```
(inherit can-close? on-close)
(define/public (show)
  (when (can-close?)
    (on-close)
    (show #f)))
```

```
(send a-frame:basic editing-this-file? filename) → boolean?
  filename : path?
```

Indicates if this frame contains this buffer (and can edit that file).

Returns `#f`.

```
(send a-frame:basic get-all-open-files) → (listof path?)
```

Indicates the files that are currently open in this frame.

Returns `'()`.

Added in version 1.74 of package `gui-lib`.

```
(send a-frame:basic get-filename [temp]) → (or/c #f path?)
  temp : (or/c #f (box boolean?)) = #f
```

This returns the filename that the frame is currently being saved as, or `#f` if there is no appropriate filename.

Returns `#f` by default.

If *temp* is a box, it is filled with `#t` or `#f`, depending if the filename is a temporary filename.

```
(send a-frame:basic make-visible  filename
                                  [#:start-pos start-pos
                                   #:end-pos end-pos])    → void?
  filename : (or/c path-string? symbol?)
  start-pos : #f = (or/c #f exact-nonnegative-integer?)
  end-pos : start-pos = (or/c #f exact-nonnegative-integer?)
```

Makes the file named by *filename* visible (intended for use with tabbed editing), using port-name-matches? to find the editor if *filename* is a symbol?.

If both *start-pos* and *end-pos* are numbers, sets the insertion point to the range from *start-pos* and *end-pos*.

Changed in version 1.75 of package gui-lib: generalized the *filename* argument to allow symbols and added the *start-pos* and *end-pos* arguments.

```
frame:basic-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: frame%
  result implements: frame:basic<%>
```

This mixin provides the basic functionality that the framework expects. It helps manage the list of frames in the group:% object returned by group:get-the-frame-group.

Do not give panel% or control<%> objects this frame as parent. Instead, use the result of the get-area-container method.

This mixin also creates a menu bar for the frame, as the frame is initialized. It uses the class returned by get-menu-bar%. It only passes the frame as an initialization argument. In addition, it creates the windows menu in the menu bar.

This mixin calls its accept-drop-files with #t.

It also calls its set-icon method according to the current value of frame:current-icon.

See also frame:reorder-menus.

```
(send a-frame:basic show on?) → void?
  on? : boolean?
```

Overrides show in top-level-window<%>.

Calls the super method.

When *on?* is #t, inserts the frame into the frame group and when it is #f, removes the frame from the group.

(send *a-frame:basic* can-exit?) → boolean?

Overrides can-exit? in top-level-window<%>.

This, together with on-exit mimics exit:exit.

First, it calls exit:set-exiting with #t. Then, it calls exit:can-exit?. If it returns #t, so does this method. If it returns #f, this method calls exit:set-exiting with #f.

(send *a-frame:basic* on-exit) → void?

Overrides on-exit in top-level-window<%>.

Together with can-exit? this mimics the behavior of exit:exit.

Calls exit:on-exit and then queues a callback to call Racket's exit function. If that returns, it calls exit:set-exiting to reset that flag to #f.

(send *a-frame:basic* on-superwindow-show *shown?*) → void?
shown? : any/c

Overrides on-superwindow-show in window<%>.

Notifies the result of (group:get-the-frame-group) that a frame has been shown, by calling the frame-shown/hidden method.

(send *a-frame:basic* on-drop-file *pathname*) → void?
pathname : string?

Overrides on-drop-file in window<%>.

Calls handler:edit-file with *pathname* as an argument.

(send *a-frame:basic* after-new-child) → void?

Overrides after-new-child in area-container<%>.

Raises an exception if attempting to add a child to this frame (except if using the make-root-area-container method).

frame:focus-table<%> : interface?
implements: top-level-window<%>

```
frame:focus-table-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: frame%
  result implements: frame:focus-table<%>
```

Instances of classes returned from this mixin track how frontmost they are based on calls made to methods at the Racket level, instead of using the calls made by the operating system as it tracks the focus.

See also frame:lookup-focus-table, test:use-focus-table and test:get-active-top-level-window.

```
(send a-frame:focus-table show on?) → void?
  on? : boolean?
```

Overrides show in top-level-window<%>.

When *on?* is #t, adds this frame to the front of the list of frames stored with the frame's eventspace. When *on?* is #f, this method removes this frame from the list.

See also frame:lookup-focus-table, test:use-focus-table and test:get-active-top-level-window.

```
(send a-frame:focus-table on-close) → void?
```

Augments on-close in top-level-window<%>.

Removes this frame from the list of frames stored with the frame's eventspace.

See also frame:lookup-focus-table, test:use-focus-table and test:get-active-top-level-window.

```
frame:size-pref<%> : interface?
  implements: frame:basic<%>
```

```
(send a-frame:size-pref adjust-size-when-monitor-setup-
changes?)
 → boolean?
```

Determines if the frame's size should be automatically adjusted when the monitors configuration changes.

Defaults to returning #f.

```
frame:size-pref-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
```
argument extends/implements: frame:basic<%>
result implements: frame:size-pref<%>

```
(new frame:size-pref-mixin
     [size-preferences-key size-preferences-key]
    [[position-preferences-key position-preferences-key]
     [width width]
     [height height]
     [x x]
     [y y]]
     ...superclass-args...)
 → (is-a?/c frame:size-pref-mixin)
  size-preferences-key : symbol?
  position-preferences-key : (or/c symbol? #f) = #f
  width : (or/c dimension-integer? #f) = #f
  height : (or/c dimension-integer? #f) = #f
  x : (or/c position-integer? #f) = #f
  y : (or/c position-integer? #f) = #f
```

The *size-preferences-key* symbol is used with preferences:get and preferences:set to track the current size.

If present, the *position-preferences-key* symbol is used with preferences:get and preferences:set to track the current position.

Both preferences are tracked on a per-monitor-configuration basis. That is, the preference value saved is a mapping from the current monitor configuration (derived from the results of get-display-count, get-display-left-top-inset, and get-display-size).

Passes the *x*, *y*, and *width* and *height* initialization arguments to the superclass and calls maximize based on the current values of the preferences.

See also frame:setup-size-pref.

```
(send a-frame:size-pref on-size width
                                height) → void?
  width : dimension-integer?
  height : dimension-integer?
```

Overrides on-size in window<%>.

Updates the preferences, according to the width and height. The preferences key is the one passed to the initialization argument of the class.

```
(send a-frame:size-pref on-move x y) → void?
  x : position-integer?
  y : position-integer?
```

Overrides on-move in window<%>.

Updates the preferences according to the x,y position, if position-preferences-key is not #f, using it as the preferences key.

frame:register-group<%> : interface?

Frames that implement this interface are registered with the group. See group:get-the-frame-group and frame:register-group-mixin.

frame:register-group-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: frame:basic<%>
  result implements: frame:register-group<%>

During initialization, calls insert-frame with this.

(send a-frame:register-group can-close?) → boolean?

Augments can-close? in top-level-window<%>.

Calls the inner method, with a default of #t. If that returns #t, it checks for one of the these three conditions:

- exit:exiting? returns #t
- there is more than one frame in the group returned by group:get-the-frame-group, or
- the procedure exit:user-oks-exit returns #t.

If any of those conditions hold, the method returns #t.

(send a-frame:register-group on-close) → void?

Augments on-close in top-level-window<%>.

First calls the inner method. Next, calls the remove-frame method of the result of group:get-the-frame-group with this as an argument. Finally, unless exit:exiting? returns #t, and if there are no more frames open, it calls exit:exit.

(send a-frame:register-group on-activate on?) → void?
  on? : boolean?

Overrides on-activate in top-level-window<%>.

Calls set-active-frame with this when *on?* is true.

```
frame:status-line<%> : interface?
  implements: frame:basic<%>
```

The mixin that implements this interface provides an interface to a set of status lines at the bottom of this frame.

Each status line must be opened with open-status-line before any messages are shown in the status line and once close-status-line is called, no more messages may be displayed, unless the status line is re-opened.

The screen space for status lines is not created until update-status-line is called with a string. Additionally, the screen space for one status line is re-used when by another status line when the first passes #f to update-status-line. In this manner, the status line frame avoids opening too many status lines and avoids flashing the status lines open and closed too often.

```
(send a-frame:status-line open-status-line id) → void?
  id : symbol?
```

Creates a new status line identified by the symbol argument. The line will not appear in the frame until a message is put into it, via update-status-line.

```
(send a-frame:status-line close-status-line id) → void?
  id : symbol?
```

Closes the status line *id*.

```
(send a-frame:status-line update-status-line id
                                             status) → void?
  id : symbol?
  status : (or/c #f string?)
```

Updates the status line named by *id* with *status*. If *status* is #f, the status line is becomes blank (and may be used by other ids).

```
frame:status-line-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: frame:basic<%>
  result implements: frame:status-line<%>
```

```
(send a-frame:status-line make-root-area-container class
                                                    parent)
 → (is-a?/c panel%)
  class : (subclass?/c panel%)
  parent : (is-a?/c panel%)
```

Overrides `make-root-area-container` in `frame:basic<%>`.

Adds a panel at the bottom of the frame to hold the status lines.

```
frame:info<%> : interface?
  implements: frame:basic<%>
```

Frames matching this interface support a status line.

The preference `'framework:show-status-line` controls the visibility of the status line. If it is `#t`, the status line is visible and if it is `#f`, the status line is not visible (see `preferences:get` for more info about preferences)

```
(send a-frame:info determine-width str
                                   canvas
                                   text)  → integer
  str : string
  canvas : (is-a?/c editor-canvas%)
  text : (is-a?/c text%)
```

This method is used to calculate the size of an `editor-canvas%` with a particular set of characters in it. It is used to calculate the sizes of the edits in the status line.

```
(send a-frame:info lock-status-changed) → void?
```

This method is called when the lock status of the `editor<%>` changes.

Updates the lock icon in the status line panel.

```
(send a-frame:info update-info) → void?
```

This method updates all of the information in the panel.

```
(send a-frame:info set-info-canvas canvas) → void?
  canvas : (or/c (is-a?/c canvas:basic%) #f)
```

Sets this canvas to be the canvas that the info frame shows info about. The on-focus and set-editor methods call this method to ensure that the info canvas is set correctly.

```
(send a-frame:info get-info-canvas)
 → (or/c (is-a?/c canvas:basic%) #f)
```

Returns the canvas that the `frame:info<%>` currently shows info about. See also `set-info-canvas`

```
(send a-frame:info get-info-editor)
 → (or/c #f (is-a?/c editor<%>))
```

Override this method to specify the editor that the status line contains information about.

Returns the result of `get-editor`.

```
(send a-frame:info get-info-panel)
 → (is-a?/c horizontal-panel%)
```

This method returns the panel where the information about this editor is displayed.

```
(send a-frame:info show-info) → void?
```

Shows the info panel.

See also `is-info-hidden?`.

```
(send a-frame:info hide-info) → void?
```

Hides the info panel.

See also `is-info-hidden?`.

```
(send a-frame:info is-info-hidden?) → boolean?
```

Result indicates if the show info panel has been explicitly hidden with `hide-info`.

If this method returns `#t` and `(preferences:get 'framework:show-status-line)` is `#f`, then the info panel will not be visible. Otherwise, it is visible.

```
frame:info-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: frame:basic<%>
  result implements: frame:info<%>
```

This mixin provides support for displaying various info in the status line of the frame.

The result of this mixin uses the same initialization arguments as the mixin's argument.

```
(send a-frame:info make-root-area-container class
                                            parent)
 → (is-a?/c area-container<%>)
  class : (subclass?/c area-container<%>)
  parent : (is-a?/c area-container<%>)
```

Overrides `make-root-area-container` in `frame:basic<%>`.

Builds an extra panel for displaying various information.

```
(send a-frame:info on-close) → void?
```

Augments `on-close` in `top-level-window<%>`.

Removes the GC icon with `unregister-collecting-blit` and cleans up other callbacks.

```
frame:text-info<%> : interface?
  implements: frame:info<%>
```

Objects matching this interface receive information from editors constructed with `editor:info-mixin` and display it.

```
(send a-frame:text-info set-macro-recording on?) → void?
  on? : boolean?
```

Shows/hides the icon in the info bar that indicates if a macro recording is in progress.

```
(send a-frame:text-info overwrite-status-changed) → void?
```

This method is called when the overwrite mode is turned either on or off in the `editor<%>` in this frame.

```
(send a-frame:text-info anchor-status-changed) → void?
```

This method is called when the anchor is turned either on or off in the editor<%> in this frame.

(send *a-frame:text-info* editor-position-changed) → void?

This method is called when the position in the editor<%> changes.

(send *a-frame:text-info* add-line-number-menu-items *menu*)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item-container<%>)

This method is called when the line/column display in the info bar is clicked. It is passed a menu-item-container<%> that can be filled in with menu items; those menu items will appear in the menu that appears when line/colun display is clicked.

frame:text-info-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: frame:info<%>
  result implements: frame:text-info<%>

This mixin adds status information to the info panel relating to an edit.

(send *a-frame:text-info* on-close) → void?

Augments on-close in top-level-window<%>.

removes a preferences callback for 'framework:line-offsets. See preferences:add-callback for more information.

(send *a-frame:text-info* update-info) → void?

Overrides update-info in frame:info<%>.

Calls overwrite-status-changed, anchor-status-changed, and editor-position-changed.

frame:pasteboard-info<%> : interface?
  implements: frame:info<%>

frame:pasteboard-info-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: frame:basic<%>
  result implements: frame:pasteboard-info<%>

```
frame:standard-menus<%> : interface?
  implements: frame:basic<%>
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus on-close) → void?
```

Removes the preferences callbacks for the menu items

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus get-menu%)
 → (is-a?/c menu:can-restore-underscore-menu%)
```

The result of this method is used as the class for creating the result of these methods: get-file-menu, get-edit-menu, and get-help-menu.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus get-menu-item%)
 → (is-a?/c menu:can-restore-menu-item%)
```

The result of this method is used as the class for creating the menu items in this frame.

Returns `menu:can-restore-menu-item` by default.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus get-checkable-menu-item%)
 → (is-a?/c menu:can-restore-checkable-menu-item%)
```

The result of this method is used as the class for creating checkable menu items in this class.

returns `menu:can-restore-checkable-menu-item` by default.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus get-file-menu) → (is-
a?/c menu%)
```

Returns the file menu. See also `get-menu%`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus get-edit-menu) → (is-
a?/c menu%)
```

Returns the edit menu. See also `get-menu%`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus get-help-menu) → (is-
a?/c menu%)
```

Returns the help menu. See also get-menu%.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:get-new-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by file-menu:create-new?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:create-
new?) → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to #t.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:new-callback item
                                                    control)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(begin (handler:edit-file #f) #t)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:new-on-demand menu-
item)
 → void?
  menu-item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:new-
string) → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the menu-item%.

Defaults to (string-constant new-menu-item).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:new-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the menu-item% object is created.

Defaults to (string-constant new-info).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:between-new-and-
open menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called between the addition of the new and the open menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:get-open-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by file-menu:create-open?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:create-open?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to #t.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:open-callback item
                                                    control)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(begin (handler:open-file) #t)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:open-on-demand menu-
item)
 → void?
  menu-item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:open-
string) → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the `menu-item%`.

Defaults to `(string-constant open-menu-item)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:open-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the `menu-item%` object is created.

Defaults to `(string-constant open-info)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:get-open-recent-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the `menu-item%` object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by `file-menu:create-open-recent?`).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:create-open-recent?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to `#t`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:open-recent-callback x
                                                            y)
 → void?
  x : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  y : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:open-recent-on-
demand menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

(handler:install-recent-items *menu*)

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:open-recent-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the menu-item%.

Defaults to (string-constant open-recent-menu-item).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:open-recent-help-
string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the menu-item% object is created.

Defaults to (string-constant open-recent-info).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:between-open-and-
revert menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called between the addition of the open and the revert menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:get-revert-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by file-menu:create-revert?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:create-revert?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to #f.

```
 (send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:revert-callback
  item
  control)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:revert-on-
demand menu-item)
 → void?
  menu-item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:revert-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the `menu-item%`.

Defaults to `(string-constant revert-menu-item)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:revert-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the `menu-item%` object is created.

Defaults to `(string-constant revert-info)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:between-revert-and-
save menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called between the addition of the `revert` and the `save` menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:get-save-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the `menu-item%` object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by `file-menu:create-save?`).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:create-save?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to `#f`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:save-callback item
                                                      control)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:save-on-demand menu-
item)
 → void?
  menu-item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:save-
string) → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the `menu-item%`.

Defaults to `(string-constant save-menu-item)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:save-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the `menu-item%` object is created.

Defaults to `(string-constant save-info)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:get-save-as-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the `menu-item%` object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by `file-menu:create-save-as?`).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:create-save-as?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to `#f`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:save-as-callback
 item
 control)
 → void?
 item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
 control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:save-as-on-
demand menu-item)
 → void?
  menu-item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:save-as-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the `menu-item%`.

Defaults to `(string-constant save-as-menu-item)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:save-as-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the `menu-item%` object is created.

Defaults to `(string-constant save-as-info)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:between-save-as-and-
print menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called between the addition of the `save-as` and the `print` menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:get-print-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the `menu-item%` object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by `file-menu:create-print?`).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:create-print?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to `#f`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:print-callback item
                                                      control)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:print-on-demand menu-
item)
 → void?
  menu-item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:print-
string) → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the menu-item%.

Defaults to (string-constant print-menu-item).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:print-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the menu-item% object is created.

Defaults to (string-constant print-info).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:between-print-and-
close menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called between the addition of the print and the close menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

Defaults to creating a separator-menu-item%.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:get-close-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by file-menu:create-close?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:create-close?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to #t.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:close-callback item
                                                     control)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(begin (when (can-close?) (on-close) (show #f)) #t)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:close-on-demand menu-
item)
 → void?
  menu-item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:close-
string) → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the `menu-item%`.

Defaults to `(if (eq? (system-type) 'unix) (string-constant close-menu-item) (string-constant close-window-menu-item))`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:close-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the `menu-item%` object is created.

Defaults to `(string-constant close-info)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:between-close-and-
quit menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called between the addition of the `close` and the `quit` menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:get-quit-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the `menu-item%` object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by `file-menu:create-quit?`).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:create-quit?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to `(not (eq? (system-type) 'macosx))`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:quit-callback item
                                                      control)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(when (exit:user-oks-exit) (exit:exit))
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:quit-on-demand menu-
item)
 → void?
  menu-item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:quit-
string) → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the `menu-item%`.

Defaults to `(if (eq? (system-type) 'windows) (string-constant quit-menu-item-windows) (string-constant quit-menu-item-others))`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:quit-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the `menu-item%` object is created.

Defaults to `(string-constant quit-info)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus file-menu:after-
quit menu) → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called after the addition of the `quit` menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-undo-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by edit-menu:create-undo?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-undo?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to #t.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:undo-callback menu
                                                     evt)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  evt : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(begin
  (let ((edit (get-edit-target-object)))
    (when (and edit (is-a? edit editor<%>))
      (send edit do-edit-operation 'undo)))
  #t)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:undo-on-demand item)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(let* ((editor (get-edit-target-object))
       (enable?
        (and editor
             (is-a? editor editor<%>)
             (send editor can-do-edit-
operation? 'undo))))
  (send item enable enable?))
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:undo-
string) → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the `menu-item%`.

Defaults to `(string-constant undo-menu-item)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:undo-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the `menu-item%` object is created.

Defaults to `(string-constant undo-info)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-redo-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the `menu-item%` object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by `edit-menu:create-redo?`).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-redo?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to `#t`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:redo-callback menu
                                                    evt)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  evt : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(begin
  (let ((edit (get-edit-target-object)))
    (when (and edit (is-a? edit editor<%>))
      (send edit do-edit-operation 'redo)))
  #t)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:redo-on-demand item)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(let* ((editor (get-edit-target-object))
       (enable?
        (and editor
             (is-a? editor editor<%>)
             (send editor can-do-edit-
operation? 'redo))))
  (send item enable enable?))
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:redo-
string) → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the menu-item%.

Defaults to (string-constant redo-menu-item).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:redo-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the menu-item% object is created.

Defaults to (string-constant redo-info).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:between-redo-and-
cut menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called between the addition of the redo and the cut menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

Defaults to creating a separator-menu-item%.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-cut-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by edit-menu:create-cut?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-
cut?) → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to `#t`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:cut-callback menu
                                                    evt)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  evt : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(begin
  (let ((edit (get-edit-target-object)))
    (when (and edit (is-a? edit editor<%>))
      (send edit do-edit-operation 'cut)))
  #t)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:cut-on-demand item)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(let* ((editor (get-edit-target-object))
       (enable?
        (and editor
             (is-a? editor editor<%>)
             (send editor can-do-edit-
operation? 'cut))))
  (send item enable enable?))
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:cut-
string) → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the `menu-item%`.

Defaults to `(string-constant cut-menu-item)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:cut-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the menu-item% object is created.

Defaults to (string-constant cut-info).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:between-cut-and-
copy menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called between the addition of the cut and the copy menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-copy-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by edit-menu:create-copy?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-copy?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to #t.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:copy-callback menu
                                                    evt)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  evt : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(begin
  (let ((edit (get-edit-target-object)))
    (when (and edit (is-a? edit editor<%>))
      (send edit do-edit-operation 'copy)))
  #t)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:copy-on-demand item)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(let* ((editor (get-edit-target-object))
       (enable?
        (and editor
             (is-a? editor editor<%>)
             (send editor can-do-edit-
operation? 'copy))))
  (send item enable enable?))
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:copy-
string) → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the menu-item%.

Defaults to (string-constant copy-menu-item).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:copy-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the menu-item% object is created.

Defaults to (string-constant copy-info).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:between-copy-and-
paste menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called between the addition of the copy and the paste menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-paste-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by edit-menu:create-paste?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-paste?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to #t.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:paste-callback menu
                                                      evt)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  evt : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(begin
  (let ((edit (get-edit-target-object)))
    (when (and edit (is-a? edit editor<%>))
      (send edit do-edit-operation 'paste)))
  #t)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:paste-on-
demand item)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(let* ((editor (get-edit-target-object))
       (enable?
        (and editor
             (is-a? editor editor<%>)
             (send editor can-do-edit-
operation? 'paste))))
  (send item enable enable?))
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:paste-
string) → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the menu-item%.

Defaults to (string-constant paste-menu-item).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:paste-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the menu-item% object is created.

Defaults to (string-constant paste-info).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:between-paste-and-
clear menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called between the addition of the `paste` and the `clear` menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-clear-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the `menu-item%` object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by `edit-menu:create-clear?`).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-clear?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to `#t`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:clear-callback menu
                                                      evt)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  evt : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(begin
  (let ((edit (get-edit-target-object)))
    (when (and edit (is-a? edit editor<%>))
      (send edit do-edit-operation 'clear)))
  #t)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:clear-on-
demand item)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(let* ((editor (get-edit-target-object))
       (enable?
        (and editor
             (is-a? editor editor<%>)
             (send editor can-do-edit-
operation? 'clear))))
  (send item enable enable?))
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:clear-
string) → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the menu-item%.

Defaults to (if (eq? (system-type) 'windows) (string-constant clear-menu-item-windows) (string-constant clear-menu-item-windows)).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:clear-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the menu-item% object is created.

Defaults to (string-constant clear-info).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:between-clear-and-
select-all menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called between the addition of the clear and the select-all menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-select-all-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by edit-menu:create-select-all?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-select-all?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to #t.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:select-all-callback
 menu
 evt)
→ void?
 menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
 evt : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(begin
  (let ((edit (get-edit-target-object)))
    (when (and edit (is-a? edit editor<%>))
      (send edit do-edit-operation 'select-all)))
  #t)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:select-all-on-
demand item)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(let* ((editor (get-edit-target-object))
       (enable?
        (and editor
             (is-a? editor editor<%>)
             (send editor can-do-edit-
operation? 'select-all))))
  (send item enable enable?))
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:select-all-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the `menu-item%`.

Defaults to `(string-constant select-all-menu-item)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:select-all-help-
string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the `menu-item%` object is created.

Defaults to `(string-constant select-all-info)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:between-select-all-
and-find menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called between the addition of the `select-all` and the `find` menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

Defaults to creating a `separator-menu-item%`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-find-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the `menu-item%` object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by `edit-menu:create-find?`).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-find?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to `#f`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-callback item
                                                    control)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-on-demand item)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(send item enable
  (let ((target (get-edit-target-object)))
    (and target (is-a? target editor<%>))))
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-
string) → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the menu-item%.

Defaults to (string-constant find-menu-item).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the menu-item% object is created.

Defaults to (string-constant find-info).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-find-from-
selection-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by edit-menu:create-find-from-selection?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-find-from-
selection?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to #f.

```
 (send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-from-selection-callback
  item
  control)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-from-selection-
on-demand item)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(send item enable
  (let ((target (get-edit-target-object)))
    (and target (is-a? target editor<%>))))
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-from-selection-
string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the menu-item%.

Defaults to (string-constant find-from-selection-menu-item).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-from-selection-
help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the menu-item% object is created.

Defaults to (string-constant find-info).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-find-next-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by edit-menu:create-find-next?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-find-next?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to #f.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-next-callback
 item
 control)
→ void?
 item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
 control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-next-on-
demand item)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(send item enable
  (let ((target (get-edit-target-object)))
    (and target (is-a? target editor<%>))))
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-next-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the `menu-item%`.

Defaults to `(string-constant find-next-menu-item)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-next-help-
string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the `menu-item%` object is created.

Defaults to `(string-constant find-next-info)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-find-previous-
item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the `menu-item%` object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by `edit-menu:create-find-previous?`).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-find-
previous?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to `#f`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-previous-callback
 item
 control)
 → void?
 item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
 control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-previous-on-
demand item)
 → void?
 item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(send item enable
  (let ((target (get-edit-target-object)))
    (and target (is-a? target editor<%>))))
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-previous-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the `menu-item%`.

Defaults to `(string-constant find-previous-menu-item)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-previous-help-
string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the `menu-item%` object is created.

Defaults to `(string-constant find-previous-info)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-show/hide-
replace-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by edit-menu:create-show/hide-replace?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-show/hide-
replace?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to #f.

```
 (send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:show/hide-replace-callback
  item
  control)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:show/hide-replace-on-
demand menu-item)
 → void?
  menu-item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:show/hide-replace-
string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the menu-item%.

Defaults to (string-constant show-replace-menu-item).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:show/hide-replace-
help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the menu-item% object is created.

Defaults to (string-constant show/hide-replace-info).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-replace-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by edit-menu:create-replace?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-replace?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to #f.

```
 (send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:replace-callback
  item
  control)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:replace-on-
demand menu-item)
 → void?
  menu-item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:replace-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the menu-item%.

Defaults to (string-constant replace-menu-item).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:replace-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the menu-item% object is created.

Defaults to (string-constant replace-info).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-replace-all-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by edit-menu:create-replace-all?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-replace-all?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to #f.

```
 (send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:replace-all-callback
  item
  control)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:replace-all-on-
demand menu-item)
 → void?
  menu-item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:replace-all-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the menu-item%.

Defaults to (string-constant replace-all-menu-item).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:replace-all-help-
string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the menu-item% object is created.

Defaults to (string-constant replace-all-info).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-find-case-
sensitive-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the menu-item% object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by edit-menu:create-find-case-sensitive?).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-find-case-
sensitive?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to #f.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-case-sensitive-callback
 item
 control)
 → void?
 item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
 control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-case-sensitive-
on-demand item)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(send item enable
  (let ((target (get-edit-target-object)))
    (and target (is-a? target editor<%>))))
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-case-sensitive-
string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the `menu-item%`.

Defaults to `(string-constant find-case-sensitive-menu-item)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:find-case-sensitive-
help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the `menu-item%` object is created.

Defaults to `(string-constant find-case-sensitive-info)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:between-find-and-
preferences menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called between the addition of the `find` and the `preferences` menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:get-preferences-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the `menu-item%` object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by `edit-menu:create-preferences?`).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:create-preferences?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to `(not (current-eventspace-has-standard-menus?))`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:preferences-callback
 item
 control)
 → void?
 item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
 control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(begin (preferences:show-dialog) #t)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:preferences-on-
demand menu-item)
 → void?
 menu-item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:preferences-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the `menu-item%`.

Defaults to `(string-constant preferences-menu-item)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:preferences-help-
string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the `menu-item%` object is created.

Defaults to `(string-constant preferences-info)`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus edit-menu:after-
preferences menu)
 → void?
 menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called after the addition of the `preferences` menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus help-menu:before-about menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called before the addition of the `about` menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus help-menu:get-about-item)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c menu-item%))
```

This method returns the `menu-item%` object corresponding to this menu item, if it has been created (as controlled by `help-menu:create-about?`).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus help-menu:create-about?)
 → boolean?
```

The result of this method determines if the corresponding menu item is created. Override it to control the creation of the menu item.

Defaults to `#f`.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus help-menu:about-callback item
                                                      control)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  control : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus help-menu:about-on-demand menu-
item)
 → void?
  menu-item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

The menu item's on-demand proc calls this method.

Defaults to

```
(void)
```

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus help-menu:about-
string) → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the name of the menu-item%.

Defaults to (string-constant about-menu-item).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus help-menu:about-help-string)
 → string?
```

The result of this method is used as the help string when the menu-item% object is created.

Defaults to (string-constant about-info).

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus help-menu:after-about menu)
 → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
```

This method is called after the addition of the about menu-item. Override it to add additional menu items at that point.

```
frame:standard-menus-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: frame:basic<%>
  result implements: frame:standard-menus<%>
```

The result of this mixin implements frame:standard-menus<%>.

```
(send a-frame:standard-menus on-close) → void?
```

Augments on-close in top-level-window<%>.

Removes the preferences callbacks for the menu items

```
frame:editor<%> : interface?
  implements: frame:standard-menus<%>
```

Frame classes matching this interface support embedded editors.

```
(send a-frame:editor get-entire-label) → string
```

This method returns the entire label for the frame. See also set-label and set-label-prefix.

```
(send a-frame:editor get-label-prefix) → string?
```

This returns the prefix for the frame's label.

```
(send a-frame:editor set-label-prefix prefix) → void?
  prefix : string?
```

Sets the prefix for the label of the frame.

```
(send a-frame:editor get-canvas%)
 → (subclass?/c editor-canvas%)
```

The result of this method is used to create the canvas for the `editor<%>` in this frame.

Returns `editor-canvas%`.

```
(send a-frame:editor get-canvas<%>) → (is-
a?/c canvas:basic%)
```

The result of this method is used to guard the result of the `get-canvas%` method.

```
(send a-frame:editor get-editor%)
 → (implementation?/c editor<%>)
```

The result of this class is used to create the `editor<%>` in this frame.

Override this method to specify a different editor class.

Returns the value of the init-field `editor%`.

```
(send a-frame:editor get-editor<%>) → interface?
```

The result of this method is used by `make-editor` to check that `get-editor%` is returning a reasonable editor.

Returns `editor<%>`.

```
(send a-frame:editor make-editor) → (is-a?/c editor<%>)
```

This method is called to create the editor in this frame. It calls `get-editor<%>` and uses that interface to make sure the result of `get-editor%` is reasonable.

Calls `(make-object get-editor%)`.

```
(send a-frame:editor revert) → void?
```

Loads the most recently saved version of the file to the disk. If the editor<%> is a text%, the start and end positions are restored.

```
(send a-frame:editor save [format]) → boolean?
  format : (or/c 'guess 'standard 'text 'text-force-cr 'same 'copy)
         = 'same
```

Saves the file being edited, possibly calling save-as if the editor has no filename yet.

Returns #f if the user cancels this operation (only possible when the file has not been saved before and the user is prompted for a new filename) and returns #t if not.

```
(send a-frame:editor save-as [format]) → boolean?
  format : (or/c 'guess 'standard 'text 'text-force-cr 'same 'copy)
         = 'same
```

Queries the use for a file name and saves the file with that name.

Returns #f if the user cancels the file-choosing dialog and returns #t otherwise.

```
(send a-frame:editor get-canvas) → (is-a?/c canvas%)
```

Returns the canvas used to display the editor<%> in this frame.

```
(send a-frame:editor get-editor) → (is-a?/c editor<%>)
```

Returns the editor in this frame.

```
(send a-frame:editor find-editor predicate)
 → (or/c (is-a?/c editor<%>) #f)
  predicate : ((is-a?/c editor<%>) . -> . boolean?)
```

Finds an editor matching the predicate, or returns #f if there isn't any.

```
frame:editor-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: frame:standard-menus<%>
  result implements: frame:editor<%>
```

This mixin adds functionality to support an editor<%> in the frame. This includes management of the title, implementations of some of the menu items, a reasonable initial size, and access to the editor<%> itself.

The size of this frame with be either 600 by 650 or 65 less than the width and height of the screen, whichever is smaller.

```
(new frame:editor-mixin
   [filename filename]
   [editor% editor%]
  [[parent parent]
   [width width]
   [height height]
   [x x]
   [y y]
   [style style]
   [enabled enabled]
   [border border]
   [spacing spacing]
   [alignment alignment]
   [min-width min-width]
   [min-height min-height]
   [stretchable-width stretchable-width]
   [stretchable-height stretchable-height]])
→ (is-a?/c frame:editor-mixin)
 filename : string?
 editor% : (implementation?/c editor:basic<%>)
 parent : (or/c (is-a?/c frame%) false/c) = #f
 width : (or/c dimension-integer? false/c) = #f
 height : (or/c dimension-integer? false/c) = #f
 x : (or/c position-integer? false/c) = #f
 y : (or/c position-integer? false/c) = #f
 style : (listof (or/c 'no-resize-border = null
                       'no-caption
                       'no-system-menu
                       'hide-menu-bar
                       'mdi-parent
                       'mdi-child
                       'toolbar-button
                       'float
                       'metal))
 enabled : any/c = #t
 border : spacing-integer? = 0
 spacing : spacing-integer? = 0
 alignment : (list/c (or/c 'left 'center 'right) (or/c 'top 'center 'bottom))
           = '(center top)
 min-width : dimension-integer? = graphical-minimum-width
 min-height : dimension-integer? = graphical-minimum-height
 stretchable-width : any/c = #t
 stretchable-height : any/c = #t
```

```
(send a-frame:editor get-filename) → (or/c #f path?)
```

Overrides get-filename in frame:basic<%>.

Returns the filename in the editor returned by get-editor.

```
(send a-frame:editor editing-this-file? filename) → boolean?
  filename : path?
```

Overrides editing-this-file? in frame:basic<%>.

Returns #t if the filename is the file that this frame is editing.

```
(send a-frame:editor get-all-open-files) → (listof path?)
```

Overrides get-all-open-files in frame:basic<%>.

Returns a list of all the paths for files that are open in this frame.

Added in version 1.74 of package gui-lib.

```
(send a-frame:editor on-close) → void?
```

Augments on-close in frame:standard-menus<%>.

Calls the editor:basic<%>'s method on-close.

```
(send a-frame:editor can-close?) → void?
```

Augments can-close? in top-level-window<%>.

Calls the editor:basic<%>'s method can-close?.

```
(send a-frame:editor get-label) → string?
```

Overrides get-label in window<%>.

Returns the portion of the label after the hyphen. See also get-entire-label.

```
(send a-frame:editor set-label label) → void?
  label : string?
```

Overrides set-label in window<%>.

Sets the label, but preserves the label's prefix. See also set-label-prefix.

```
(send a-frame:editor file-menu:open-callback item
                                             evt) → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item<%>)
  evt : (is-a?/c mouse-event%)
```

Overrides file-menu:open-callback in frame:standard-menus<%>.

Calls handler:open-file with the directory of the saved file associated with this editor (if any).

```
(send a-frame:editor file-menu:revert-on-demand) → void?
```

Overrides `file-menu:revert-on-demand` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

Disables the menu item when the editor is locked.

```
(send a-frame:editor file-menu:revert-callback item
                                               evt) → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  evt : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Overrides `file-menu:revert-callback` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

Informs the user that this action is not undoable and, if they still want to continue, calls `revert`.

```
(send a-frame:editor file-menu:create-revert?) → boolean?
```

Overrides `file-menu:create-revert?` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

returns `#t`.

```
(send a-frame:editor file-menu:save-callback item
                                             evt) → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  evt : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Overrides `file-menu:save-callback` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

Saves the file in the editor.

```
(send a-frame:editor file-menu:create-save?) → boolean?
```

Overrides `file-menu:create-save?` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

returns `#t`.

```
(send a-frame:editor file-menu:save-as-callback item
                                                evt) → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  evt : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Overrides `file-menu:save-as-callback` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

Prompts the user for a file name and uses that filename to save the buffer. Calls `save-as` with no arguments.

```
(send a-frame:editor file-menu:create-save-as?) → boolean?
```

Overrides `file-menu:create-save-as?` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

returns `#t`.

```
(send a-frame:editor file-menu:print-callback item
                                                evt) → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  evt : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Overrides `file-menu:print-callback` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

Calls the `print` method of `editor<%>` with the default arguments, except that the `output-mode` argument is the result of calling `preferences:get` with `'framework:print-output-mode`.

```
(send a-frame:editor file-menu:create-print?) → boolean?
```

Overrides `file-menu:create-print?` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

returns `#t`.

```
(send a-frame:editor file-menu:between-save-as-and-
print file-menu)
 → void?
  file-menu : (is-a?/c menu%)
```

Overrides `file-menu:between-save-as-and-print` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

Creates a Print Setup menu item if `can-get-page-setup-from-user?` and `file-menu:create-print?` both return true.

```
(send a-frame:editor edit-menu:between-select-all-and-
find edit-menu)
 → void?
  edit-menu : (is-a?/c menu%)
```

Overrides `edit-menu:between-select-all-and-find` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

Adds a menu item for toggling `auto-wrap` in the focused text.

```
(send a-frame:editor help-menu:about-callback item
                                                evt) → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  evt : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Overrides `help-menu:about-callback` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

Calls `message-box` with a message welcoming the user to the application named by `application:current-app-name`

```
(send a-frame:editor help-menu:about-string) → string
```

Overrides help-menu:about-string in frame:standard-menus<%>.

Returns the result of (application:current-app-name)

(send a-frame:editor help-menu:create-about?) → boolean?

Overrides help-menu:create-about? in frame:standard-menus<%>.

returns #t.

frame:text<%> : interface?
  implements: frame:editor<%>

Frames matching this interface provide support for text%s.

frame:text-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: frame:editor<%>
  result implements: frame:text<%>

This mixins adds support for text%s in the frame.

(new frame:text-mixin [editor% editor%])
 → (is-a?/c frame:text-mixin)
  editor% : (extends text%)

Calls the super initialization with either the value of the editor% init or, if none was supplied, it passes text%.

(send a-frame:text get-editor<%>) → interface

Overrides get-editor<%> in frame:editor<%>.

Returns (class->interface text%).

frame:pasteboard<%> : interface?
  implements: frame:editor<%>

Frames matching this interface provide support for pasteboard%s.

```
frame:pasteboard-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: frame:editor<%>
  result implements: frame:pasteboard<%>
```

This mixin provides support for pasteboards in a frame.

```
(new frame:pasteboard-mixin [editor% editor%])
 → (is-a?/c frame:pasteboard-mixin)
  editor% : (extends pasteboard%)
```

Calls the super initialization with either the value of the *editor%* init or, if none was supplied, it passes pasteboard%.

```
(send a-frame:pasteboard get-editor<%>) → interface
```

Overrides get-editor<%> in frame:editor<%>.

Returns (class->interface pasteboard%).

```
frame:delegate<%> : interface?
  implements: frame:status-line<%>
              frame:text<%>
```

Frames that implement this interface provide a 20,000 feet overview of the text in the main editor. The term **delegate** in these method descriptions refers to the original editor and the term **delegatee** refers to the editor showing the 20,000 feet overview.

```
(send a-frame:delegate get-delegated-text)
 → (or/c #f (is-a?/c text:delegate<%>))
```

Returns the current delegate text, if any.

```
(send a-frame:delegate set-delegated-text d) → void?
  d : (or/c #f (is-a?/c text:delegate<%>))
```

Sets the delegate text to *d*.

```
(send a-frame:delegate delegated-text-shown?) → boolean?
```

Returns #t if the delegate is visible, and #f if it isn't.

```
(send a-frame:delegate hide-delegated-text) → void?
```

Hides the delegated text.

When the delegated text is hidden, it is not being updated. This is accomplished by calling the `set-delegate` method of `get-editor`with `#f`.

See also `show-delegated-text`

```
(send a-frame:delegate show-delegated-text) → void?
```

Makes the delegated text visible.

When the delegated text is shown, the `set-delegate` method of `get-delegated-text`is called with the text to delegate messages to.

See also `hide-delegated-text`.

```
(send a-frame:delegate delegate-moved) → void?
```

This method is called when the visible region of the delegate editor changes, so that the blue region in the delegatee is updated.

```
frame:delegate-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: frame:status-line<%>
                               frame:text<%>
  result implements: frame:delegate<%>
```

Adds support for a 20,000-feet view via `text:delegate<%>` and `text:delegate-mixin`.

```
(send a-frame:delegate make-root-area-container class
                                                parent)
 → (is-a?/c panel%)
  class : (subclass?/c panel%)
  parent : (is-a?/c panel%)
```

Overrides `make-root-area-container` in `frame:basic<%>`.

Adds a panel outside to hold the delegate `editor-canvas%` and `text%`.

```
(send a-frame:delegate get-editor<%>) → interface
```

Overrides `get-editor<%>` in `frame:editor<%>`.

Returns `text:delegate<%>`.

```
(send a-frame:delegate get-editor%)
 → (is-a?/c text:delegate<%>)
```

Overrides `get-editor%` in `frame:editor<%>`.

returns the super result, with the `text:delegate-mixin` mixed in.

```
frame:searchable<%> : interface?
  implements: frame:basic<%>
```

Frames that implement this interface support searching.

```
(send a-frame:searchable search direction) → void?
  direction : (symbols 'forward 'backward)
```

Searches for the text in the search edit in the result of `get-text-to-search`.

If the text is found and it sets the selection to the found text.

```
(send a-frame:searchable search-replace) → boolean?
```

If there is a dark purple bubble (ie, if the replace portion of the search bar is visible and there is a search hit after the insertion point), then this will replace it with the contents of the replace editor and move the insertion point to just after that, or to the end of the editor (if there are no more search hits after the insertion point, but there are search hits before it).

```
(send a-frame:searchable replace-all) → void?
```

Loops through the text from the beginning to the end, replacing all occurrences of the search string with the contents of the replace edit.

```
(send a-frame:searchable get-text-to-search) → (is-
a?/c text%)
```

Returns the last value passed to `set-text-to-search`.

```
(send a-frame:searchable set-text-to-search txt) → void?
  txt : (or/c false/c (is-a?/c (subclass?/c text%)))
```

Sets the current text to be searched.

```
(send a-frame:searchable search-hidden?) → boolean?
```

Returns #t if the search subwindow is visiable and #f otherwise.

```
(send a-frame:searchable hide-search) → void?
```

This method hides the searching information on the bottom of the frame.

```
(send a-frame:searchable unhide-search
  move-focus?
 [#:new-search-string-from-selection? new-search-string-from-selection?])
 → void?
  move-focus? : boolean?
  new-search-string-from-selection? : boolean? = #f
```

When the searching sub window is hidden, makes it visible. If *move-focus?* is #f, the focus is not moved, but if it is any other value, the focus is moved to the find window.

If *new-search-string-from-selection?* is a true value and the selection in the result of get-text-to-search is not empty, then the search editor is replaced with the selection.

```
(send a-frame:searchable unhide-search-and-toggle-
focus [#:new-search-string-from-selection? new-search-
string-from-selection?])
 → void?
  new-search-string-from-selection? : boolean? = #f
```

Like unhide-search, except it also moves the focus into the text to be searched, or into the search string text, depending on where it currently is.

```
(send a-frame:searchable get-case-sensitive-search?)
 → boolean?
```

Returns #t if the search is currently case-sensitive. (This method's value depends on the preference 'framework:case-sensitive-search?, but the preference is only consulted when the frame is created.)

```
(send a-frame:searchable search-hits-changed) → void?
```

This method is final, so it cannot be overridden.

This method is called when the number of search matches changes and it updates the GUI.

```
frame:searchable-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: frame:standard-menus<%>
  result implements: frame:searchable<%>
```

This mixin adds support for searching in the editor<%> in this frame.

```
(send a-frame:searchable edit-menu:find-
callback) → boolean?
```

Overrides edit-menu:find-callback in frame:standard-menus<%>.

Toggles the focus between the find window and the window being searched. When moving to the window with the search string, selects the entire range in the buffer.

```
(send a-frame:searchable edit-menu:create-find?) → boolean?
```

Overrides edit-menu:create-find? in frame:standard-menus<%>.

returns #t.

```
(send a-frame:searchable edit-menu:find-next-callback item
                                                       evt)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  evt : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Overrides edit-menu:find-next-callback in frame:standard-menus<%>.

Calls unhide-search and then search.

```
(send a-frame:searchable edit-menu:create-find-next?)
 → boolean?
```

Overrides edit-menu:create-find-next? in frame:standard-menus<%>.

returns #t.

```
 (send a-frame:searchable edit-menu:find-previous-callback
  item
  evt)
 → void?
  item : (is-a?/c menu-item%)
  evt : (is-a?/c control-event%)
```

Overrides edit-menu:find-previous-callback in frame:standard-menus<%>.

Calls unhide-search and then search.

```
(send a-frame:searchable edit-menu:create-find-previous?)
 → boolean?
```

Overrides edit-menu:create-find-previous? in frame:standard-menus<%>.

returns #t.

```
(send a-frame:searchable edit-menu:replace-all-callback)
 → boolean?
```

Overrides `edit-menu:replace-all-callback` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

Calls `replace-all`.

```
(send a-frame:searchable edit-menu:replace-all-on-
demand item)
 → void?
  item : menu-item%
```

Overrides `edit-menu:replace-all-on-demand` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

Disables *item* when `search-hidden?` returns `#t` and enables it when that method returns `#f`.

```
(send a-frame:searchable edit-menu:create-replace-all?)
 → boolean?
```

Overrides `edit-menu:create-replace-all?` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

returns `#t`.

```
(send a-frame:searchable edit-menu:find-case-sensitive-
callback)
 → boolean?
```

Overrides `edit-menu:find-case-sensitive-callback` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

Updates the state of the case-sensitive searching for this frame, and sets the `'framework:case-sensitive-search?` preference for later frames.

```
(send a-frame:searchable edit-menu:find-case-sensitive-on-
demand item)
 → void?
  item : menu-item%
```

Overrides `edit-menu:find-case-sensitive-on-demand` in `frame:standard-menus<%>`.

Checks *item* when searching is case-sensitive and unchecks it otherwise.

```
(send a-frame:searchable edit-menu:create-find-case-
sensitive?)
 → boolean?
```

Overrides edit-menu:create-find-case-sensitive? in frame:standard-menus<%>.

returns #t.

```
(send a-frame:searchable make-root-area-container)
 → (is-a?/c area-container<%>)
```

Overrides make-root-area-container in frame:basic<%>.

Builds a panel for the searching information.

```
(send a-frame:searchable on-close) → void?
```

Augments on-close in frame:standard-menus<%>.

Cleans up after the searching frame.

```
frame:searchable-text<%> : interface?
  implements: frame:searchable<%>
              frame:text<%>
```

```
frame:searchable-text-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: frame:text<%>
                               frame:searchable<%>
  result implements: frame:searchable-text<%>
```

```
(send a-frame:searchable-text get-text-to-search)
 → (is-a?/c text%)
```

Overrides get-text-to-search in frame:searchable<%>. This method is final, so it cannot be overridden.

Returns the result of get-editor.

```
(send a-frame:searchable-text get-editor<%>)
 → (is-a?/c editor<%>)
```

Overrides get-editor<%> in frame:editor<%>.

Returns text:searching<%>.

```
(send a-frame:searchable-text get-editor%)
 → (is-a?/c editor<%>)
```

Overrides get-editor% in frame:editor<%>.

Returns (text:searching-mixin (super get-editor%)).

```
frame:basic% : class?
  superclass: (frame:register-group-mixin (frame:basic-mixin frame%))
```

```
frame:size-pref% : class?
  superclass: (frame:size-pref-mixin frame:basic%)
```

```
frame:info% : class?
  superclass: (frame:info-mixin frame:basic%)
```

```
frame:text-info% : class?
  superclass: (frame:text-info-mixin frame:info%)
```

```
frame:pasteboard-info% : class?
  superclass: (frame:pasteboard-info-mixin frame:text-info%)
```

```
frame:status-line% : class?
  superclass: (frame:status-line-mixin frame:text-info%)
```

```
frame:standard-menus% : class?
  superclass: (frame:standard-menus-mixin frame:status-line%)
```

```
frame:editor% : class?
  superclass: (frame:editor-mixin frame:standard-menus%)
```

```
frame:text% : class?
  superclass: (frame:text-mixin frame:editor%)
```

```
frame:searchable% : class?
  superclass: (frame:searchable-text-mixin (frame:searchable-mixin frame:text%))
```

```
frame:delegate% : class?
  superclass: (frame:delegate-mixin frame:searchable%)
```

```
frame:pasteboard% : class?
  superclass: (frame:pasteboard-mixin frame:editor%)
```

```
 (frame:setup-size-pref
  size-pref-sym
  width
  height
  [#:maximized? maximized?
  #:position-preferences position-preferences-sym])
 → void?
  size-pref-sym : symbol?
  width : number?
  height : number?
  maximized? : boolean? = #f
  position-preferences-sym : (or/c #f symbol?) = #f
```

Initializes a preference for the `frame:size-pref` mixin.

The first argument should be the preferences symbol, and the second and third should be the default width and height, respectively. If the window should be maximized by default, pass `#t` for the *maximized?* argument.

If *position-preferences-sym* is passed, then that symbol will be used to track the position of the window.

```
(frame:add-snip-menu-items  menu
                            menu-item%
                           [func])      → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu%)
  menu-item% : (subclass?/c menu-item%)
  func : (-> (is-a?/c menu-item%) void?) = void
```

Inserts three menu items into *menu*, one that inserts a text box, one that inserts a pasteboard box, and one that inserts an image into the currently focused editor (if there is one). Uses *menu-item%* as the class for the menu items.

Calls *func* right after inserting each menu item.

```
(frame:reorder-menus frame) → void?
  frame : (is-a?/c frame%)
```

Re-orders the menus in a frame. It moves the “File” and “Edit” menus to the front of the menubar and moves the “Windows” and “Help” menus to the end of the menubar.

This is useful in conjunction with the frame classes. After instantiating the class and adding ones own menus, the menus will be mis-ordered. This function fixes them up.

```
(frame:remove-empty-menus frame) → void?
  frame : (is-a?/c frame%)
```

Removes empty menus in a frame.

```
(frame:current-icon) → (or/c #f
                             (is-a?/c bitmap%)
                             (cons/c (is-a?/c bitmap%)
                                     (is-a?/c bitmap%)))
(frame:current-icon icon-spec) → void?
  icon-spec : (or/c #f
                    (is-a?/c bitmap%)
                    (cons/c (is-a?/c bitmap%)
                            (is-a?/c bitmap%)))
```

The value of this parameter is used by the initialization code of `frame:basic-mixin`.

- If it is `#f`, then its value is ignored.
- If it is a `bitmap%`, then the set-icon is called with the bitmap, the result of invoking the `bitmap% get-loaded-mask` method, and `'both`.
- If it is a pair of bitmaps, then the set-icon method is invoked twice, once with each bitmap in the pair. The first bitmap is passed (along with the result of its `bitmap% get-loaded-mask`) and `'small`, and then the second bitmap is passed (also along with the result of its `bitmap% get-loaded-mask`) and `'large`.

Defaults to `#f`.

```
(frame:lookup-focus-table [eventspace])
 → (listof (is-a?/c frame:focus-table<%>))
  eventspace : eventspace? = (current-eventspace)
```

Returns a list of the frames in *eventspace*, where the first element of the list is the frame with the focus.

The order and contents of the list are maintained by the methods in `frame:focus-table-mixin`, meaning that the OS-level callbacks that track the focus of individual frames is ignored.

See also `test:use-focus-table` and `test:get-active-top-level-window`.

15 Group

```
group:% : class?
  superclass: object%
```

This class manages a group of frames matching the frame:basic<%> interface. There is one instance created by the framework, returned by the function group:get-the-frame-group and every frame that was constructed with frame:basic-mixin adds itself to the result of group:get-the-frame-group.

```
(send a-group: get-mdi-parent)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c frame%))
```

The result of this method must be used as the parent frame for each frame in the group.

```
(send a-group: get-frames)
 → (list-of (is-a?/c frame:basic<%>))
```

Returns the frames in the group.

```
(send a-group: frame-label-changed frame) → void?
  frame : (is-a?/c frame:basic<%>)
```

This method is called by frames constructed with frame:basic-mixin when their titles change.

Updates the windows menu of each frame in the group.

```
(send a-group: frame-shown/hidden) → void?
```

This method is called by instances of frame:basic% to notify the frame group that a frame's visibility is changed.

Updates the Windows menus of all of the frames in the frame group.

```
(send a-group: for-each-frame f) → void?
  f : ((is-a?/c frame:basic<%>) -> void?)
```

This method applies a function to each frame in the group. It also remembers the function and applies it to any new frames that are added to the group when they are added.

See also get-frames.

Applies *f* to each frame in the group

```
(send a-group: get-active-frame) → (is-a?/c frame:basic<%>)
```

Returns the frame with the keyboard focus or the first frame in the group.

```
(send a-group: set-active-frame frame) → void?
  frame : (is-a?/c frame:basic<%>)
```

Sets the active frame in the group. This method is called by `on-activate`.

```
(send a-group: insert-frame frame) → void?
  frame : (is-a?/c frame:basic<%>)
```

Inserts a frame into the group.

```
(send a-group: remove-frame frame) → void?
  frame : (is-a?/c frame:basic<%>)
```

Removes a frame from the group.

```
(send a-group: clear) → boolean?
```

This removes all of the frames in the group. It does not close the frames. See also `on-close-all`and `can-close-all?`.

```
(send a-group: on-close-all) → void?
```

Call this method to close all of the frames in the group. The function `can-close-all?` must have been called just before this function and it must have returned `#t`.

Calls the `on-close` method and the `show` method (with `#f` as argument) on each frame in the group.

```
(send a-group: can-close-all?) → boolean?
```

Call this method to make sure that closing all of the frames in the frame groups is permitted by the user. The function `on-close-all` is expected to be called just after this method is called.

Calls the `can-close?` method of each frame in the group.

```
(send a-group: locate-file name)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c frame:basic<%>))
  name : (or/c path? symbol?)
```

Returns the frame that is editing or viewing the file *name*.

If *name* is a symbol?, uses the port-name-matches? method to find a window that's editing this file.

Changed in version 1.75 of package gui-lib: generalized the filename argument to allow symbols and added the start-pos and end-pos arguments.

```
(group:get-the-frame-group) → (is-a?/c group:%)
```

This returns the frame group.

```
(group:on-close-action) → void?
```

See also group:can-close-check.

Call this function from the can-close? callback of a frame in order for the group to properly close the application.

```
(group:can-close-check) → boolean?
```

See also group:on-close-action.

Call this function from the can-close? callback of a frame in order for the group to properly close the application.

```
(group:add-to-windows-menu proc) → any
  proc : (-> (is-a?/c menu%) any)
```

Procedures passed to this function are called when the Windows menu is created. Use it to add additional menu items.

```
(group:create-windows-menu mb) → (is-a?/c menu%)
  mb : (is-a?/c menu-item-container<%>)
```

Creates a windows menu, registers it (internally) with the frame group (see (get-the-frame-group)), and returns it.

16 GUI Utilities

```
(require framework/gui-utils)
```
package: gui-lib

```
(gui-utils:trim-string str size)
 → (and/c string?
          (λ (str)
            ((string-length str) . <= . size)))
  str : string?
  size : (and/c number? positive?)
```

Constructs a string whose size is less than *size* by trimming the *str* and inserting an ellispses into it.

```
(gui-utils:quote-literal-label  string
                                [#:quote-amp? quote-amp?])
 → (and/c string?
          (λ (str) ((string-length str) . <= . 200)))
  string : string?
  quote-amp? : any/c = #t
```

Constructs a string whose length is less than 200 and, if *quote-amp?* is not `#f`, then it also quotes the ampersand in the result (making the string suitable for use in `menu-item%` label, for example).

```
(gui-utils:format-literal-label str
                                rest ...)
 → (and/c string?
          (lambda (str)
            ((string-length str) . <= . 200)))
  str : string?
  rest : (listof any/c)
```

Formats a string whose ampersand characters are mk-escaped; the label is also trimmed to <= 200 mk-characters.

```
(gui-utils:cancel-on-right?) → boolean?
```

Returns `#t` if cancel should be on the right-hand side (or below) in a dialog and `#f` otherwise.

Just returns what `system-position-ok-before-cancel?` does.

See also `gui-utils:ok/cancel-buttons`.

```
(gui-utils:ok/cancel-buttons  parent
                              confirm-callback
                              cancel-callback
                             [confirm-label
                              cancel-label
                              #:confirm-style confirm-style])
 → (is-a?/c button%) (is-a?/c button%)
  parent : (is-a?/c area-container<%>)
  confirm-callback : ((is-a?/c button%) (is-a?/c event%) . -> . any)
  cancel-callback : ((is-a?/c button%) (is-a?/c event%) . -> . any)
  confirm-label : string? = (string-constant ok)
  cancel-label : string? = (string-constant cancel)
  confirm-style : (listof symbol?) = '(border)
```

Adds an Ok and a cancel button to a panel, changing the order to suit the platform. Under Mac OS and unix, the confirmation action is on the right (or bottom) and under Windows, the canceling action is on the right (or bottom). The buttons are also sized to be the same width.

The first result is be the OK button and the second is the cancel button.

By default, the confirmation action button has the `'(border)` style, meaning that hitting return in the dialog will trigger the confirmation action. The *confirm-style* argument can override this behavior, tho. See `button%` for the precise list of allowed styles.

See also `gui-utils:cancel-on-right?`.

```
(gui-utils:next-untitled-name) → string?
```

Returns a name for the next opened untitled frame. The first name is “Untitled”, the second is “Untitled 2”, the third is “Untitled 3”, and so forth.

```
(gui-utils:cursor-delay) → real?
(gui-utils:cursor-delay new-delay) → void?
  new-delay : real?
```

This function is *not* a parameter. Instead, the state is just stored in the closure.

The first case in the case lambda returns the current delay in seconds before a watch cursor is shown, when either `gui-utils:local-busy-cursor` or `gui-utils:show-busy-cursor` is called.

The second case in the case lambda Sets the delay, in seconds, before a watch cursor is shown, when either `gui-utils:local-busy-cursor` or `gui-utils:show-busy-cursor` is called.

```
(gui-utils:show-busy-cursor thunk [delay]) → any/c
  thunk : (-> any/c)
  delay : integer? = (gui-utils:cursor-delay)
```

Evaluates `(thunk)` with a watch cursor. The argument `delay` specifies the amount of time before the watch cursor is opened. Use `gui-utils:cursor-delay` to set this value to all calls.

This function returns the result of `thunk`.

```
(gui-utils:delay-action delay-time
                        open
                        close)     → (-> void?)
  delay-time : real?
  open : (-> void?)
  close : (-> void?)
```

Use this function to delay an action for some period of time. It also supports canceling the action before the time period elapses. For example, if you want to display a watch cursor, but you only want it to appear after 2 seconds and the action may or may not take more than two seconds, use this pattern:

```
(let ([close-down
       (gui-utils:delay-action
        2
        (λ () .. init watch cursor ...)
        (λ () .. close watch cursor ...))])

  (close-down))
```

Creates a thread that waits `delay-time`. After `delay-time` has elapsed, if the result thunk has *not* been called, call `open`. Then, when the result thunk is called, call `close`. The function `close` will only be called if `open` has been called.

```
(gui-utils:local-busy-cursor  window
                              thunk
                             [delay]) → any/c
  window : (is-a?/c window<%>)
  thunk : (-> any/c)
  delay : integer? = (gui-utils:cursor-delay)
```

Evaluates `(thunk)` with a watch cursor in `window`. If `window` is `#f`, the watch cursor is turned on globally. The argument `delay` specifies the amount of time before the watch cursor is opened. Use `gui-utils:cursor-delay` to set this value for all uses of this function.

The result of this function is the result of *thunk*.

```
(gui-utils:unsaved-warning  filename
                            action
                           [can-save-now?
                            parent
                            cancel?
                            #:dialog-mixin dialog-mixin])
 → (symbols 'continue 'save 'cancel)
  filename : string?
  action : string?
  can-save-now? : boolean? = #f
  parent : (or/c false/c            = #f
                 (is-a?/c frame%)
                 (is-a?/c dialog%))
  cancel? : boolean? = #t
  dialog-mixin : (make-mixin-contract dialog%) = values
```

This displays a dialog that warns the user of a unsaved file.

The string, *action*, indicates what action is about to take place, without saving. For example, if the application is about to close a file, a good action is `"Close Anyway"`. The result symbol indicates the user's choice. If *can-save-now?* is `#f`, this function does not give the user the "Save" option and thus will not return `'save`.

If *cancel?* is `#t` there is a cancel button in the dialog and the result may be `'cancel`. If it is `#f`, then there is no cancel button, and `'cancel` will not be the result of the function.

The *dialog-mixin* argument is passed to `message-box/custom`.

Changed in version 1.29 of package `gui-lib`: Added the *dialog-mixin* argument.

```
(gui-utils:get-choice  message
                       true-choice
                       false-choice
                      [title
                       default-result
                       parent
                       style
                       checkbox-proc
                       checkbox-label
                       #:dialog-mixin dialog-mixin]) → any/c
  message : string?
  true-choice : string?
  false-choice : string?
```

```
title : string? = (string-constant warning)
default-result : any/c = 'disallow-close
parent : (or/c false/c (is-a?/c frame%) (is-a?/c dialog%))
       = #f
style : (symbols 'app 'caution 'stop) = 'app
checkbox-proc : (or/c false/c (case-> (boolean? . -> . void?)
                                      (-> boolean?)))
              = #f
checkbox-label : string? = (string-constant dont-ask-again)
dialog-mixin : (make-mixin-contract dialog%) = values
```

Opens a dialog that presents a binary choice to the user. The user is forced to choose between these two options, ie cancelling or closing the dialog opens a message box asking the user to actually choose one of the two options.

The dialog will contain the string *message* and two buttons, labeled with the *true-choice* and the *false-choice*. If the user clicks on *true-choice* `#t` is returned. If the user clicks on *false-choice*, `#f` is returned.

The argument *default-result* determines how closing the window is treated. If the argument is `'disallow-close`, closing the window is not allowed. If it is anything else, that value is returned when the user closes the window.

If `gui-utils:cancel-on-right?` returns `#t`, the false choice is on the right. Otherwise, the true choice is on the right.

The *style* parameter is (eventually) passed to *message* as an icon in the dialog.

If *checkbox-proc* is given, it should be a procedure that behaves like a parameter for getting/setting a boolean value. The intention for this value is that it can be used to disable the dialog. When it is given, a checkbox will appear with a *checkbox-label* label (defaults to the `dont-ask-again` string constant), and that checkbox value will be sent to the *checkbox-proc* when the dialog is closed. Note that the dialog will always pop-up — it is the caller's responsibility to avoid the dialog if not needed.

The *dialog-mixin* argument is passed to `message-box/custom` or `message+checkbox/custom`.

Changed in version 1.29 of package `gui-lib`: Added the *dialog-mixin* argument.

```
(gui-utils:get-clicked-clickback-delta [white-on-black?])
 → (is-a?/c style-delta%)
  white-on-black? : boolean? = #f
```

This delta is designed for use with set-clickback. Use it as one of the `style-delta%` argument to set-clickback.

If *white-on-black?* is true, the function returns a delta suitable for use on a black background.

See also gui-utils:get-clickback-delta.

```
(gui-utils:get-clickback-delta [white-on-black?])
 → (is-a?/c style-delta%)
  white-on-black? : boolean? = #f
```

This delta is designed for use with set-clickback. Use the result of this function as the style for the region text where the clickback is set.

If *white-on-black?* is true, the function returns a delta suitable for use on a black background.

See also gui-utils:get-clicked-clickback-delta.

17 Handler

```
(handler:handler? obj) → boolean?
  obj : any/c
```

This predicate determines if its input is a handler.

```
(handler:handler-name handler) → string?
  handler : handler:handler?
```

Extracts the name from a handler.

```
(handler:handler-extension handler)
 → (or/c (path? . -> . boolean?) (listof string?))
  handler : handler:handler?
```

Extracts the extension from a handler.

```
(handler:handler-handler handler)
 → (path? . -> . (is-a?/c frame:editor<%>))
  handler : handler:handler?
```

Extracts the handler's handling function.

```
(handler:insert-format-handler name
                               pred
                               handler) → void?
  name : string?
  pred : (or/c string? (listof string?) (path? . -> . boolean?))
  handler : (path? . -> . (or/c false/c (is-a?/c frame:editor<%>)))
```

This function inserts a format handler.

The string, *name* names the format handler for use with `handler:find-named-format-handler`. If *pred* is a string, it is matched with the extension of a filename by `handler:find-format-handler`. If *pred* is a list of strings, they are each matched with the extension of a filename by `handler:find-format-handler`. If it is a function, the filename is applied to the function and the functions result determines if this is the handler to use.

The most recently added format handler takes precedence over all other format handlers.

```
(handler:find-named-format-handler name)
 → (or/c #f (-> path? (is-a?/c frame:editor<%>)))
  name : string?
```

This function selects a format handler. See also handler:insert-format-handler.

It finds a handler based on *name*.

```
(handler:find-format-handler filename)
 → (or/c #f (-> path? (is-a?/c frame:editor<%>)))
  filename : path?
```

This function selects a format handler. See also handler:insert-format-handler.

It finds a handler based on *filename*.

```
(handler:edit-file  filename
                    [make-default
                     #:start-pos start-pos
                     #:end-pos end-pos])
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c frame:editor<%>))
  filename : (or/c path? symbol? #f)
  make-default :  (-> (is-a?/c frame:editor<%>))
                  = (λ () ((handler:current-create-new-window) (and (path? filename) filename)))
  start-pos : (or/c exact-nonnegative-integer? #f) = #f
  end-pos : (or/c exact-nonnegative-integer? #f) = start-pos
```

This function invokes the appropriate format handler to open the file (see handler:insert-format-handler).

- If *filename* is a string or a symbol, this function checks the result of group:get-the-frame-group's locate-file method to see if the *filename* is already open by a frame in the group.
  - If so, it returns the frame.
  - If not and if *filename* is a string, this function calls handler:find-format-handler with *filename*.
    - If a handler is found, it is applied to *filename* and its result is the final result.
    - If not, *make-default* is used.
  - If the file is not already open by a frame in the group and if *filename* is a symbol, *make-default* is used.

- If *filename* is #f, *make-default* is used.

Changed in version 1.75 of package gui-lib: generalized the *filename* argument to allow symbols and added the *start-pos* and *end-pos* arguments.

```
(handler:current-create-new-window)
 → (-> (or/c false/c path?) (is-a?/c frame%))
(handler:current-create-new-window proc) → void?
  proc : (-> (or/c false/c path?) (is-a?/c frame%))
```

This is a parameter that controls how the framework creates new application windows.

The default setting is this:

```
(λ (filename)
  (let ([frame (make-object frame:text-info-file% filename)])
    (send frame show #t)
    frame))
```

```
(handler:open-file [dir])
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c frame:basic<%>))
  dir : (or/c false/c path? string?) = #f
```

This function queries the user for a filename and opens the file for editing. It uses handler:edit-file to open the file, once the user has chosen it.

Calls finder:get-file and handler:edit-file, passing along *dir*.

```
(handler:install-recent-items menu) → void?
  menu : (is-a?/c menu%)
```

This function deletes all of the items in the given menu and adds one menu item for each recently opened file. These menu items, when selected, call handler:edit-file with the filename of the recently opened file.

The menu's size is limited to 10.

```
(handler:set-recent-items-frame-superclass frame) → void?
  frame : (implementation?/c frame:standard-menus<%>)
```

Sets the superclass for the recently opened files frame. It must be derived from frame:standard-menus.

```
(handler:add-to-recent filename) → void?
  filename : path?
```

Adds a filename to the list of recently opened files.

```
(handler:set-recent-position filename
                             start
                             end)      → void?
  filename : path?
  start : number?
  end : number?
```

Sets the selection of the recently opened file to *start* and *end*.

```
(handler:size-recently-opened-files num) → void?
  num : number?
```

Sizes the 'framework:recently-opened-files/pos preference list length to *num*.

```
(handler:update-currently-open-files) → void?
```

This is called when new files are opened or when files are closed or when the frontmost window changes. As long as the app is not currently exiting, it updates the preference with the key 'framework:last-opened-files to hold a list of list of paths, to record the lists of files that are currently open in tabs.

18 Icon

(icon:get-paren-highlight-bitmap) → (is-a?/c bitmap%)

This returns the parenthesis highlight bitmap%. It is only used on black and white screens.

(icon:get-eof-bitmap) → (is-a?/c bitmap%)

This returns the bitmap% used for the clickable "eof" icon from text:ports.

(icon:get-autowrap-bitmap) → (is-a?/c bitmap%)

This returns the autowrap's bitmap%.

The bitmap may not respond #t to the ok? method.

(icon:get-lock-bitmap) → (is-a?/c bitmap%)

This returns the lock's bitmap.

The bitmap may not respond #t to the ok? method.

(icon:get-unlock-bitmap) → (is-a?/c bitmap%)

This returns the reset unlocked bitmap.

The bitmap may not respond #t to the ok? method.

(icon:get-anchor-bitmap) → (is-a?/c bitmap%)

This returns the anchor's bitmap.

The bitmap may not respond #t to the ok? method.

(icon:get-left/right-cursor) → (is-a?/c cursor%)

This function returns a cursor% object that indicates left/right sizing is possible, for use with columns inside a window.

The cursor may not respond #t to the ok? method.

```
(icon:get-up/down-cursor) → (is-a?/c cursor%)
```

This function returns a `cursor%` object that indicates up/down sizing is possible, for use with columns inside a window.

The cursor may not respond `#t` to the ok? method.

```
(icon:get-gc-on-bitmap) → (is-a?/c bitmap%)
```

This returns a bitmap to be displayed in an `frame:info<%>` frame when garbage collection is taking place.

The bitmap may not respond `#t` to the ok? method.

```
(icon:get-gc-off-bitmap) → (is-a?/c bitmap%)
```

This returns a bitmap to be displayed in an `frame:info<%>` frame when garbage collection is not taking place.

The bitmap may not respond `#t` to the ok? method.

19 Keymap

```
keymap:aug-keymap<%> : interface?
  implements: keymap%
```

This keymap overrides some of the built in keymap% methods to be able to extract the keybindings from the keymap.

```
(send a-keymap:aug-keymap get-chained-keymaps)
 → (listof (is-a?/c keymap%))
```

Returns the list of keymaps that are chained to this one.

```
(send a-keymap:aug-keymap get-map-function-table) → hash?
```

Returns a hash-table that maps symbols naming key sequences to the names of the keymap functions the are bound to.

```
(send a-keymap:aug-keymap get-map-function-
table/ht ht) → hash?
  ht : hash?
```

This is a helper function for get-map-function-table that returns a similar result, except it accepts a hash-table that it inserts the bindings into. It does not replace any bindings already in *ht*. The result is different from get-map-function-table only in that keymap:aug-keymap<%> get-map-function-table will remove keybindings that are also have a prefix (since those keybindings are not active).

```
keymap:aug-keymap-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: keymap%
  result implements: keymap:aug-keymap<%>
```

```
(send a-keymap:aug-keymap chain-to-keymap next
                                        prefix?) → void
  next : (is-a?/c keymap%)
  prefix? : boolean?
```

Overrides chain-to-keymap in keymap%.

Keeps a list of the keymaps chained to this one.

```
(send a-keymap:aug-keymap remove-chained-
keymap keymap) → void
  keymap : (is-a?/c keymap)
```

Overrides `remove-chained-keymap` in `keymap%`.

Keeps the list of the keymaps chained to this one up to date.

```
(send a-keymap:aug-keymap map-function key-name
                                       function-name) → void
  key-name : string
  function-name : string
```

Overrides `map-function` in `keymap%`.

Keeps a separate record of the key names and functions that they are bound to in this keymap.

```
keymap:aug-keymap% : class?
  superclass: (keymap:aug-keymap-mixin keymap%)
```

```
(keymap:remove-user-keybindings-file user-keybindings-path)
 → any
  user-keybindings-path : any/c
```

Removes the keymap previously added by `keymap:add-user-keybindings-file`.

```
(keymap:add-user-keybindings-file user-keybindings-path-or-require-
spec)
 → any
  user-keybindings-path-or-require-spec : any/c
```

Chains the keymap defined by *user-keybindings-path-or-require-spec* to the global keymap, returned by `keymap:get-global`.

If *user-keybindings-path-or-require-spec* is a path, the module is loaded directly from that path. Otherwise, *user-keybindings-path-or-require-spec* is treated like an argument to `require`.

```
(keymap:add-to-right-button-menu) → (-> (is-a?/c popup-menu%)
                                        (is-a?/c editor<%>)
                                        (is-a?/c event%)
                                        void?)
(keymap:add-to-right-button-menu proc) → void?
  proc : (-> (is-a?/c popup-menu%)
             (is-a?/c editor<%>)
             (is-a?/c event%)
             void?)
```

When the keymap that `keymap:get-global` returns is installed into an editor, this parameter's value is used for right button clicks.

Before calling this procedure, the function `append-editor-operation-menu-items` is called.

See also `keymap:add-to-right-button-menu/before`.

```
(keymap:add-to-right-button-menu/before)
 → (-> (is-a?/c popup-menu%) (is-a?/c editor<%>) (is-a?/c event%) void?)
(keymap:add-to-right-button-menu/before proc) → void?
  proc : (-> (is-a?/c popup-menu%) (is-a?/c editor<%>) (is-a?/c event%) void?)
```

When the keymap that `keymap:get-global` returns is installed into an editor, this function is called for right button clicks.

After calling this procedure, the function `append-editor-operation-menu-items` is called.

See also `keymap:add-to-right-button-menu`.

```
(keymap:call/text-keymap-initializer thunk-proc) → any/c
  thunk-proc : (-> any/c)
```

This function parameterizes the call to *thunk-proc* by setting the keymap-initialization procedure (see `current-text-keymap-initializer`) to install the framework's standard text bindings.

```
(keymap:canonicalize-keybinding-string keybinding-string)
 → string?
  keybinding-string : string?
```

Returns a string that denotes the same keybindings as the input string, except that it is in canonical form; two canonical keybinding strings can be compared with `string=?`.

```
(keymap:get-editor) → (is-a?/c keymap%)
```

This returns a keymap for handling standard editing operations. It binds these keys:

- `"z"`: undo
- `"y"`: redo
- `"x"`: cut
- `"c"`: copy
- `"v"`: paste
- `"a"`: select all

where each key is prefixed with the menu-shortcut key, based on the platform. Under Unix, the shortcut is `"a:"`; under windows the shortcut key is `"c:"` and under MacOS, the shortcut key is `"d:"`.

```
(keymap:get-file) → (is-a?/c keymap%)
```

This returns a keymap for handling file operations.

```
(keymap:get-user) → (is-a?/c keymap%)
```

This returns a keymap that contains all of the keybindings in the keymaps loaded via `keymap:add-user-keybindings-file`

```
(keymap:get-global) → (is-a?/c keymap%)
```

This returns a keymap for general operations. See `keymap:setup-global` for a list of the bindings this keymap contains.

```
(keymap:get-search) → (is-a?/c keymap%)
```

This returns a keymap for searching operations.

```
(keymap:make-meta-prefix-list  key
                               [mask-control?]) → (listof string?)
  key : string?
  mask-control? : boolean? = #f
```

This prefixes a key with all of the different meta prefixes and returns a list of the prefixed strings. If *mask-control?* is #t, then the result strings include "~c:" in them (see keymap:send-map-function-meta) for a fuller discussion of this boolean).

Takes a keymap, a base key specification, and a function name; it prefixes the base key with all "meta" combination prefixes, and installs the new combinations into the keymap. For example, (keymap:send-map-function-meta keymap "a" func) maps "m:a" and "ESC;a" to func.

```
(keymap:send-map-function-meta
 keymap
 key
 func
 [mask-control?
  #:alt-as-meta-keymap alt-as-meta-keymap])
→ void?
 keymap : (is-a?/c keymap%)
 key : string?
 func : string?
 mask-control? : boolean? = #f
 alt-as-meta-keymap : (or/c (is-a?/c keymap%) #f) = #f
```

Most keyboard and mouse mappings are inserted into a keymap by calling the keymap's map-function method. However, "meta" combinations require special attention. The "m:" prefix recognized by map-function applies only to the Meta key that exists on some keyboards. By convention, however, "meta" combinations can also be accessed by using "ESC" as a prefix.

This procedure binds all of the key-bindings obtained by prefixing *key* with a meta-prefix to *func* in *keymap*.

If *alt-as-meta-keymap* is a keymap% object, then the the key binding (string-append "?:a:" *key*) is bound to *func* in *alt-as-meta-keymap*. Additionally, if *func* has not been added (via keymap%) to *alt-as-meta-keymap*, then keymap:send-map-function-meta signals an error.

If *mask-control?* is #t, then the result strings include "~c:" in them. This is important under Windows where international keyboards often require characters that are unmodified on US keyboards to be typed with the AltGr key; such keys come into the system as having both the control and the meta modified applied to them and, generally speaking, keybindings should not change the behavior of those keys.

```
(keymap:setup-editor keymap) → void?
  keymap : (is-a?/c keymap%)
```

This sets up the input keymap with the bindings described in keymap:get-editor.

```
(keymap:setup-file keymap) → void?
  keymap : (is-a?/c keymap%)
```

This extends a keymap% with the bindings for files.

```
(keymap:setup-global  keymap
                      [#:alt-as-meta-keymap alt-as-meta-keymap])
 → void?
  keymap : (is-a?/c keymap%)
  alt-as-meta-keymap : (or/c #f (is-a?/c keymap%)) = #f
```

This function extends a keymap% with the following functions:

- ring-bell (any events) — Rings the bell (using bell) and removes the search panel from the frame, if there.
- save-file (key events) — Saves the buffer. If the buffer has no name, then finder:put-file is invoked.
- save-file-as (key events) — Calls finder:put-file to save the buffer.
- load-file (key events) — Invokes finder:open-file.
- find-string (key events) — Opens the search buffer at the bottom of the frame, unless it is already open, in which case it searches for the text in the search buffer.
- find-string-reverse (key events) — Same as “find-string”, but in the reverse direction.
- find-string-replace (key events) — Opens a replace string dialog box.
- toggle-anchor (key events) — Turns selection-anchoring on or off.
- center-view-on-line (key events) — Centers the buffer in its display using the currently selected line.
- collapse-space (key events) — Collapses all non-return whitespace around the caret into a single space.
- remove-space (key events) — Removes all non-return whitespace around the caret.
- collapse-newline (key events) — Collapses all empty lines around the caret into a single empty line. If there is only one empty line, it is removed.
- open-line (key events) — Inserts a new line.

- transpose-chars (key events) — Transposes the characters before and after the caret and moves forward one position.
- transpose-words (key events) — Transposes words before and after the caret and moves forward one word.
- capitalize-word (key events) — Changes the first character of the next word to a capital letter and moves to the end of the word.
- upcase-word (key events) — Changes all characters of the next word to capital letters and moves to the end of the word.
- downcase-word (key events) — Changes all characters of the next word to lowercase letters and moves to the end of the word.
- kill-word (key events) — Kills the next word.
- backward-kill-word (key events) — Kills the previous word.
- goto-line (any events) — Queries the user for a line number and moves the caret there.
- goto-position (any events) — Queries the user for a position number and moves the caret there.
- copy-clipboard (mouse events) — Copies the current selection to the clipboard.
- cut-clipboard (mouse events) — Cuts the current selection to the clipboard.
- paste-clipboard (mouse events) — Pastes the clipboard to the current selection.
- copy-click-region (mouse events) — Copies the region between the caret and the input mouse event.
- cut-click-region (mouse events) — Cuts the region between the caret and the input mouse event.
- paste-click-region (mouse events) — Pastes the clipboard into the position of the input mouse event.
- select-click-word (mouse events) — Selects the word under the input mouse event.
- select-click-line (mouse events) — Selects the line under the input mouse event.
- start-macro (key events) – Starts recording a keyboard macro
- end-macro (key events) — Stops recording a keyboard macro
- do-macro (key events) — Executes the last keyboard macro
- toggle-overwrite (key events) — Toggles overwriting mode

These functions are bound to the following keys (C = control, S = shift, A = alt, M = “meta”, D = command):

- C-g : “ring-bell”
- M-C-g : “ring-bell”
- C-c C-g : “ring-bell”
- C-x C-g : “ring-bell”
- C-p : “previous-line”
- S-C-p : “select-previous-line”
- C-n : “next-line”
- S-C-n : “select-next-line”
- C-e : “end-of-line”
- S-C-e : “select-to-end-of-line”
- D-RIGHT : “end-of-line”
- S-D-RIGHT : “select-to-end-of-line”
- M-RIGHT : “end-of-line”
- S-M-RIGHT : “select-to-end-of-line”
- C-a : “beginning-of-line”
- S-C-a : “select-to-beginning-of-line”
- D-LEFT : “beginning-of-line”
- D-S-LEFT : “select-to-beginning-of-line”
- M-LEFT : “beginning-of-line”
- M-S-LEFT : “select-to-beginning-of-line”
- C-h : “delete-previous-character”
- C-d : “delete-next-character”
- C-f : “forward-character”
- S-C-f : “select-forward-character”
- C-b : “backward-character”
- S-C-b : “select-backward-character”
- M-f : “forward-word”
- S-M-f : “select-forward-word”

- A-RIGHT : “forward-word”
- A-S-RIGHT : “forward-select-word”
- M-b : “backward-word”
- S-M-b : “select-backward-word”
- A-LEFT : “backward-word”
- A-S-LEFT : “backward-select-word”
- M-d : “kill-word”
- M-DELETE : “backward-kill-word”
- M-c : “capitalize-word”
- M-u : “upcase-word”
- M-l : “downcase-word”
- M-< : “beginning-of-file”
- S-M-< : “select-to-beginning-of-file”
- M-> : “end-of-file”
- S-M-> : “select-to-end-of-file”
- C-v : “next-page”
- S-C-v : “select-next-page”
- M-v : “previous-page”
- S-M-v : “select-previous-page”
- C-l : “center-view-on-line”
- C-k : “delete-to-end-of-line”
- C-y : “paste-clipboard” (Except Windows)
- A-v : “paste-clipboard”
- D-v : “paste-clipboard”
- C-_ : “undo”
- C-x u : “undo”
- C-+ : “redo”
- C-w : “cut-clipboard”

- M-w : “copy-clipboard”
- C-x C-s : “save-file”
- C-x C-w : “save-file-as”
- C-x C-f : “load-file”
- C-s : “find-string”
- C-r : “find-string-reverse”
- M-% : “find-string-replace”
- SPACE : “collapse-space”
- M-Backslash : “remove-space”
- C-x C-o : “collapse-newline”
- C-o : “open-line”
- C-t : “transpose-chars”
- M-t : “transpose-words”
- C-SPACE : “toggle-anchor”
- M-g : “goto-line”
- M-p : “goto-position”
- LEFTBUTTONTRIPLE : “select-click-line”
- LEFTBUTTONDOUBLE : “select-click-word”
- RIGHTBUTTON : “copy-click-region”
- RIGHTBUTTONDOUBLE : “cut-click-region”
- MIDDLEBUTTON : “paste-click-region”
- C-RIGHTBUTTON : “copy-clipboard”
- INSERT : “toggle-overwrite”
- M-o : “toggle-overwrite”

If `alt-as-meta-keymap` is not `#f`, then for each of the M- mappings, a “flexible” A- variant of the mapping is added to `alt-as-meta-keymap`. The flexible mapping matches a key combination where the non-modifier part of the mapping would match if the modifier had not affected the non-modifier part (e.g., matching Option-p as A-p on Mac OS even when an Option-p combination produces “π”).

Changed in version 1.34 of package `gui-lib`: Added the `#:alt-as-meta-keymap` argument.

```
(keymap:setup-search keymap) → void?
  keymap : (is-a?/c keymap%)
```

This extends a keymap% with the bindings for searching.

```
(keymap:set-chained-keymaps keymap
                            children-keymaps) → void?
  keymap : (is-a?/c keymap:aug-keymap<%>)
  children-keymaps : (listof (is-a?/c keymap%))
```

Sets *keymap*'s chained keymaps to *children-keymaps*, unchaining any keymaps that are currently chained to *keymap*.

```
(keymap:remove-chained-keymap editor
                              keymap) → void?
  editor : (is-a?/c editor<%>)
  keymap : (is-a?/c keymap:aug-keymap<%>)
```

Removes *keymap* from the keymaps chained to *editor*. Also (indirectly) removes all keymaps chained to *keymap* from *editor*, since they are removed when unchaining *keymap* itself.

Each of the keymaps chained to *editor* must be an keymap:aug-keymap% and *keymap* cannot be the result of (send *editor* get-keymap) That is, *keymap* must be chained to some keymap attached to the editor.

```
(keymap:region-click text mouse-event f) → any
  text : any/c
  mouse-event : any/c
  f : (-> number? boolean? number? number? any)
```

Calls *f* after computing where the event corresponds to in the *text*. If event is not a mouse-event% object or if *text* is not a text% object, this function does nothing, returning (void).

The arguments to *f* are:

- the position where the click occurred
- a boolean indicating if the position is at the right-hand edge of the screen (to cover the eol ambiguity)

20 Menu

```
menu:can-restore<%> : interface?
  implements: selectable-menu-item<%>
```

Classes created with this mixin remember their keybindings so the keybindings can be removed and then restored.

```
(send a-menu:can-restore restore-keybinding) → void?
```

Sets the keyboard shortcut to the setting it had when the class was created.

```
menu:can-restore-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: selectable-menu-item<%>
  result implements: menu:can-restore<%>
```

```
menu:can-restore-underscore<%> : interface?
  implements: labelled-menu-item<%>
```

These menus can save and restore the underscores (indicated via the & characters in the original labels) in their labels.

If the preference 'framework:menu-bindings is #f, calls erase-underscores during initialization.

```
(send a-menu:can-restore-underscore erase-
underscores) → void?
```

Erases the underscores in the label of this menu, but remembers them so they can be restores with restore-underscores.

```
(send a-menu:can-restore-underscore restore-underscores)
 → void?
```

Restores underscores in the menu's label to their original state.

`menu:can-restore-underscore-mixin` : `(class? . -> . class?)`
argument extends/implements: `labelled-menu-item<%>`
result implements: `menu:can-restore-underscore<%>`

`menu:can-restore-menu-item%` : `class?`
superclass: `(menu:can-restore-mixin menu-item%)`

`menu:can-restore-checkable-menu-item%` : `class?`
superclass: `(menu:can-restore-mixin checkable-menu-item%)`

`menu:can-restore-underscore-menu%` : `class?`
superclass: `(menu:can-restore-underscore-mixin menu%)`

21 Mode

```
mode:surrogate-text<%> : interface?
```

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-enable-surrogate txt) → any
  txt : (is-a?/c text%)
```

Called by set-surrogate to notify the surrogate that it has just become active.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-disable-
surrogate txt) → any
  txt : (is-a?/c text%)
```

Called by set-surrogate to notify the surrogate that it has just been disabled.

```
mode:surrogate-text% : class?
  superclass: object%
  extends: mode:surrogate-text<%>
```

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-change orig
                                       call-inner) → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
```

Returns the result of invoking call-super.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-char orig
                                    call-super
                                    event)     → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-super : (-> any)
  event : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking *call-super*.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-default-char orig
                                            call-super
                                            event)     → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-super : (-> any)
  event : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking *call-super*.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-default-event orig
                                             call-super
                                             event)     → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-super : (-> any)
  event : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking *call-super*.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-display-size orig
                                            call-inner) → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
```

Returns the result of invoking call-super.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-edit-sequence orig
                                             call-inner) → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
```

Returns the result of invoking call-super.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-event orig
                                     call-super
                                     event)     → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-super : (-> any)
  event : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking *call-super*.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-focus orig
                                     call-super
                                     on?)       → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-super : (-> any)
  on? : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking *call-super*.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-load-file orig
                                         call-inner
                                         filename
                                         format)    → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
  filename : any/c
  format : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-local-char orig
                                          call-super
                                          event)     → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-super : (-> any)
  event : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking *call-super*.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-local-event orig
                                           call-super
                                           event)     → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-super : (-> any)
  event : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking *call-super*.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-new-box orig
                                       call-super
                                       type)      → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-super : (-> any)
  type : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking *call-super*.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-new-image-snip orig
                                              call-super
                                              filename
                                              kind
                                              relative-path?
                                              inline?)
```

```
→ any
 orig : (is-a?/c text%)
 call-super : (-> any)
 filename : any/c
 kind : any/c
 relative-path? : any/c
 inline? : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking *call-super*.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-paint orig
                                    call-super
                                    before?
                                    dc
                                    left
                                    top
                                    right
                                    bottom
                                    dx
                                    dy
                                    draw-caret) → any
 orig : (is-a?/c text%)
 call-super : (-> any)
 before? : any/c
 dc : any/c
 left : any/c
 top : any/c
 right : any/c
 bottom : any/c
 dx : any/c
 dy : any/c
 draw-caret : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking *call-super*.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-save-file orig
                                        call-inner
                                        filename
                                        format)    → any
 orig : (is-a?/c text%)
 call-inner : (-> any)
 filename : any/c
 format : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking call-super.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-snip-modified orig
                                             call-inner
                                             snip
                                             modified?) → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
  snip : any/c
  modified? : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-change-style orig
                                            call-inner
                                            start
                                            len)       → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-delete orig
                                      call-inner
                                      start
                                      len)       → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-insert orig
                                      call-inner
                                      start
                                      len)       → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-new-string-snip orig
                                                call-super)
 → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-super : (-> any)
```

Returns the result of invoking *call-super*.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-new-tab-snip orig
                                            call-super) → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-super : (-> any)
```

Returns the result of invoking *call-super*.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text on-set-size-constraint orig
                                                   call-inner)
 → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
```

Returns the result of invoking call-super.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text after-change-style orig
                                                call-inner
                                                start
                                                len)
 → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking call-super.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text after-delete orig
                                         call-inner
                                         start
                                         len)       → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text after-insert orig
                                          call-inner
                                          start
                                          len)       → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text after-set-position orig
                                               call-inner)
 → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
 (send a-mode:surrogate-text after-set-size-constraint
  orig
  call-inner)
 → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text after-edit-sequence orig
                                                call-inner)
 → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text after-load-file orig
                                            call-inner
                                            success?)   → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
  success? : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text after-save-file orig
                                            call-inner
                                            success?)  → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
  success? : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text can-change-style? orig
                                              call-inner
                                              start
                                              len)       → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text can-delete? orig
                                        call-inner
                                        start
                                        len)       → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text can-insert? orig
                                        call-inner
                                        start
                                        len)       → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text can-set-size-constraint?
 orig
 call-inner)
→ any
 orig : (is-a?/c text%)
 call-inner : (-> any)
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text can-do-edit-operation? orig
                                                   call-super
                                                   op)
 → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-super : (-> any)
  op : any/c
(send a-mode:surrogate-text can-do-edit-operation? orig
                                                   call-super
                                                   op
                                                   recursive?)
 → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-super : (-> any)
  op : any/c
  recursive? : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking *call-super*.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text can-load-file? orig
                                           call-inner
                                           filename
                                           format)    → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-inner : (-> any)
  filename : any/c
  format : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text can-save-file? orig
                                           call-inner
                                           filename
                                           format)    → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
```

```
  call-inner : (-> any)
  filename : any/c
  format : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking `call-super`.

```
(send a-mode:surrogate-text put-file orig
                                    call-super
                                    directory
                                    default-name) → any
  orig : (is-a?/c text%)
  call-super : (-> any)
  directory : any/c
  default-name : any/c
```

Returns the result of invoking *call-super*.

```
mode:host-text<%> : interface?
```

```
(send a-mode:host-text get-surrogate)
 → (or/c false/c (is-a?/c mode:surrogate-text<%>))
```

Returns the currently active surrogate.

```
(send a-mode:host-text set-surrogate surrogate) → void?
  surrogate : (or/c false/c (is-a?/c mode:surrogate-text<%>))
```

Sets the current surrogate to *surrogate*.

```
mode:host-text-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  result implements: mode:host-text<%>
```

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-change) → any
```

Delegates to the result of `get-surrogate` if it is not `#f`.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-char event) → any
  event : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-default-char event) → any
  event : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-default-event event) → any
  event : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-display-size) → any
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-edit-sequence) → any
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-event event) → any
  event : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-focus on?) → any
  on? : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-load-file filename
                                    format)  → any
  filename : any/c
  format : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-local-char event) → any
  event : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-local-event event) → any
  event : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of `get-surrogate` if it is not `#f`.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-new-box type) → any
  type : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of `get-surrogate` if it is not `#f`.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-new-image-snip filename
                                         kind
                                         relative-path?
                                         inline?)       → any
  filename : any/c
  kind : any/c
  relative-path? : any/c
  inline? : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of `get-surrogate` if it is not `#f`.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-paint before?
                                dc
                                left
                                top
                                right
                                bottom
                                dx
                                dy
                                draw-caret) → any
  before? : any/c
  dc : any/c
  left : any/c
  top : any/c
  right : any/c
  bottom : any/c
  dx : any/c
  dy : any/c
  draw-caret : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of `get-surrogate` if it is not `#f`.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-save-file filename
                                    format)  → any
  filename : any/c
  format : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of `get-surrogate` if it is not `#f`.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-snip-modified snip
                                        modified?) → any
  snip : any/c
  modified? : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of `get-surrogate` if it is not `#f`.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-change-style start
                                    len)  → any
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of `get-surrogate` if it is not `#f`.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-delete start len) → any
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of `get-surrogate` if it is not `#f`.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-insert start len) → any
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of `get-surrogate` if it is not `#f`.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-new-string-snip) → any
```

Delegates to the result of `get-surrogate` if it is not `#f`.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-new-tab-snip) → any
```

Delegates to the result of `get-surrogate` if it is not `#f`.

```
(send a-mode:host-text on-set-size-constraint) → any
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text after-change-style start
                                          len)  → any
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text after-delete start
                                    len)  → any
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text after-insert start
                                    len)  → any
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text after-set-position) → any
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text after-set-size-constraint) → any
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text after-edit-sequence) → any
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text after-load-file success?) → any
  success? : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text after-save-file success?) → any
  success? : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text can-change-style? start
                                         len)  → any
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text can-delete? start
                                   len)  → any
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text can-insert? start
                                   len)  → any
  start : any/c
  len : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text can-set-size-constraint?) → any
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text can-do-edit-operation? op) → any
  op : any/c
(send a-mode:host-text can-do-edit-operation? op
                                              recursive?) → any
  op : any/c
  recursive? : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text can-load-file? filename
                                      format)  → any
  filename : any/c
  format : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of get-surrogate if it is not #f.

```
(send a-mode:host-text can-save-file? filename
                                      format)  → any
  filename : any/c
  format : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of `get-surrogate` if it is not `#f`.

```
(send a-mode:host-text put-file directory
                                default-name) → any
  directory : any/c
  default-name : any/c
```

Delegates to the result of `get-surrogate` if it is not `#f`.

22 Notify-boxes

```
(require framework/notify)
```
package: gui-lib

```
notify:notify-box% : class?
  superclass: object%
```

A notify-box contains a mutable cell. The notify-box notifies its listeners when the contents of the cell is changed.

Examples:

```
> (define nb (new notify:notify-box% (value 'apple)))
> (send nb get)
'apple
> (send nb set 'orange)
> (send nb listen (lambda (v) (printf "New value: ~s\n" v)))
> (send nb set 'potato)
New value: potato
```

```
(new notify:notify-box% [value value])
 → (is-a?/c notify:notify-box%)
  value : any/c
```

Creates a notify-box initially containing *value*.

```
(send a-notify:notify-box get) → any/c
```

Gets the value currently stored in the notify-box.

```
(send a-notify:notify-box set v) → void?
  v : any/c
```

Updates the value stored in the notify-box and notifies the listeners.

```
(send a-notify:notify-box listen listener) → void?
  listener : (-> any/c any)
```

Adds a callback to be invoked on the new value when the notify-box's contents change.

```
(send a-notify:notify-box remove-listener listener) → void?
  listener : (-> any/c any)
```

Removes a previously-added callback.

```
(send a-notify:notify-box remove-all-listeners) → void?
```

Removes all previously registered callbacks.

Added in version 1.18 of package gui-lib.

```
(notify:notify-box/pref  proc
                         [#:readonly? readonly?])
 → (is-a?/c notify:notify-box%)
  proc : (case-> (-> any/c) (-> any/c void?))
  readonly? : boolean? = #f
```

Creates a notify-box with an initial value of (*proc*). Unless *readonly?* is true, *proc* is invoked on the new value when the notify-box is updated.

Useful for tying a notify-box to a preference or parameter. Of course, changes made directly to the underlying parameter or state are not reflected in the notify-box.

Examples:

```
> (define animal (make-parameter 'ant))
> (define nb (notify:notify-box/pref animal))
> (send nb listen (lambda (v) (printf "New value: ~s\n" v)))
> (send nb set 'bee)
New value: bee
> (animal 'cow)
> (send nb get)
'bee
> (send nb set 'deer)
New value: deer
> (animal)
'deer
```

Added in version 1.18 of package gui-lib.

```
(notify:define-notify name value-expr)

  value-expr : (is-a?/c notify:notify-box%)
```

Class-body form. Declares *name* as a field and `get-`*name*, `set-`*name*, and `listen-`*name* as methods that delegate to the `get`, `set`, and `listen` methods of `value`.

The *value-expr* argument must evaluate to a notify-box, not just the initial contents for a notify box.

Useful for aggregating many notify-boxes together into one "configuration" object.

Examples:

```
> (define config%
    (class object%
      (notify:define-notify food (new notify:notify-
box% (value 'apple)))
      (notify:define-notify animal (new notify:notify-
box% (value 'ant)))
      (super-new)))
> (define c (new config%))
> (send c listen-food
          (lambda (v) (when (eq? v 'honey) (send c set-
animal 'bear))))
> (let ([food (get-field food c)])
    (send food set 'honey))
> (send c get-animal)
'bear
```

Added in version 1.18 of package `gui-lib`.

```
(notify:menu-option/notify-box parent
                               label
                               notify-box)
 → (is-a?/c checkable-menu-item%)
  parent : (or/c (is-a?/c menu%) (is-a?/c popup-menu%))
  label : label-string?
  notify-box : (is-a?/c notify:notify-box%)
```

Creates a `checkable-menu-item%` tied to *notify-box*. The menu item is checked whenever `(send` *notify-box* `get)` is true. Clicking the menu item toggles the value of *notify-box* and invokes its listeners.

Added in version 1.18 of package `gui-lib`.

```
(notify:check-box/notify-box parent
                             label
                             notify-box) → (is-a?/c check-box%)
  parent : (or/c (is-a?/c frame%) (is-a?/c dialog%)
                 (is-a?/c panel%) (is-a?/c pane%))
```

```
  label : label-string?
  notify-box : (is-a?/c notify:notify-box%)
```

Creates a `check-box%` tied to *notify-box*. The check-box is checked whenever `(send` *notify-box* `get)` is true. Clicking the check box toggles the value of *notify-box* and invokes its listeners.

Added in version 1.18 of package `gui-lib`.

```
(notify:choice/notify-box parent
                          label
                          choices
                          notify-box) → (is-a?/c choice%)
  parent : (or/c (is-a?/c frame%) (is-a?/c dialog%)
                 (is-a?/c panel%) (is-a?/c pane%))
  label : label-string?
  choices : (listof label-string?)
  notify-box : (is-a?/c notify:notify-box%)
```

Creates a `choice%` tied to *notify-box*. The choice control has the value `(send` *notify-box* `get)` selected, and selecting a different choice updates *notify-box* and invokes its listeners.

If the value of *notify-box* is not in *choices*, either initially or upon an update, an error is raised.

Added in version 1.18 of package `gui-lib`.

```
(notify:menu-group/notify-box parent
                              labels
                              notify-box)
 → (listof (is-a?/c checkable-menu-item%))
  parent : (or/c (is-a?/c menu%) (is-a?/c popup-menu%))
  labels : (listof label-string?)
  notify-box : (is-a?/c notify:notify-box%)
```

Returns a list of `checkable-menu-item%` controls tied to *notify-box*. A menu item is checked when its label is `(send` *notify-box* `get)`. Clicking a menu item updates *notify-box* to its label and invokes *notify-box*'s listeners.

Added in version 1.18 of package `gui-lib`.

23 Number Snip

```
number-snip:snip-class% : class?
  superclass: snip-class%
```

```
(send a-number-snip:snip-class read f)
 → (or/c (is-a?/c snip%) #f)
  f : (is-a?/c editor-stream-in%)
```

Overrides `read` in `snip-class%`.

Constructs a number snip from its input.

```
(number-snip:number->string/snip
 num
 [#:exact-prefix exact-prefix
  #:inexact-prefix inexact-prefix
  #:fraction-view fraction-view])
→ (or/c number-snip:is-number-snip? string?)
 num : number?
 exact-prefix : (or/c 'always 'never 'when-necessary) = 'never
 inexact-prefix : (or/c 'always 'never 'when-necessary)
                = 'never
 fraction-view : (or/c #f 'mixed 'improper 'decimal) = #f
```

For a number *num*, returns a number snip or a string according to the specified format arguments.

The *exact-prefix* argument specifies whether the representation should carry a `#e` prefix: Always, never, or when necessary to identify a representation that would otherwise be considered inexact.

Similarly for *inexact-prefix*. Note however that `'when-necessary` is usually equivalent to `'never`, as inexact numbers are always printed with a decimal dot, which is sufficient to identify a number representation as inexact.

The *fraction-view* field specifies how exact non-integer reals - fractions - should be rendered: As a mixed fraction, an improper fraction, or a decimal, possibly identifying periodic digits. For `'decimal`, if it's not possible to render the number as a decimal exactly, a fraction representation might be generated. This is currently the case for complex numbers.

If *fraction-view* is `#f`, this option comes from the `'framework:fraction-snip-style` preference.

```
(number-snip:make-pretty-print-size
 [#:exact-prefix exact-prefix
  #:inexact-prefix inexact-prefix
  #:fraction-view fraction-view])
→ (number? boolean? output-port? . -> . exact-nonnegative-integer?)
 exact-prefix : (or/c 'always 'never 'when-necessary) = 'never
 inexact-prefix : (or/c 'always 'never 'when-necessary)
                = 'never
 fraction-view : (or/c #f 'mixed 'improper 'decimal) = #f
```

This returns a procedure usable in a `pretty-print-size-hook` implementation, to go with `number-snip:number->string/snip`. The arguments are as with `number-snip:number->string/snip`.

```
(number-snip:make-repeating-decimal-snip num
                                         show-prefix?)
 → number-snip:is-number-snip?
 num : real?
 show-prefix? : boolean?
```

Makes a number snip that shows the decimal expansion for `number`. The boolean indicates if a `#e` prefix appears on the number.

See also `number-snip:make-fraction-snip`.

```
(number-snip:make-fraction-snip num
                                show-prefix-in-decimal-view?)
 → number-snip:is-number-snip?
 num : real?
 show-prefix-in-decimal-view? : boolean?
```

Makes a number snip that shows a fractional view of `number`. The boolean indicates if a `#e` prefix appears on the number, when shown in the decimal state.

See also `number-snip:make-repeating-decimal-snip`.

```
(number-snip:is-number-snip? v) → boolean?
  v : any/c
```

Determines if `v` is a *number snip*, i.e., created by `number-snip:make-fraction-snip` or `number-snip:make-repeating-decimal-snip`.

All values that answer `#t` to this predicate are also `snip%`s.

```
(number-snip:get-number ns) → real?
  ns : number-snip:is-number-snip?
```

Returns the number that this number snip displays.

```
(number-snip:remove-decimal-looking-number-snips-on-insertion-
mixin text%)
 → (subclass?/c text%)
  text% : (subclass?/c text%)
```

Overrides the on-insert and after-insert to replace `number-snip%` objects that look like ASCII with their corresponding ASCII text.

24 Panel

```
panel:single<%> : interface?
  implements: area-container<%>
```

See panel:single-mixin.

```
(send a-panel:single active-child child) → void?
  child : (is-a?/c area<%>)
(send a-panel:single active-child) → (is-a?/c area<%>)
```

Sets the active child to be *child*

Returns the current active child.

```
panel:single-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: area-container<%>
  result implements: panel:single<%>
```

This mixin adds single panel functionality to an implementation of the area-container<%> interface.

Single panels place all of the children in the center of the panel, but allow only one child to be visible at a time. The active-child method controls which panel is currently active.

The show method is used to hide and show the children of a single panel.

```
(send a-panel:single after-new-child child) → void?
  child : (is-a?/c subarea<%>)
```

Overrides after-new-child in area-container<%>.

Hides this child by calling (send *child* show #f), unless this is the first child in which case it does nothing.

```
(send a-panel:single container-size)
 → exact-integer? exact-integer?
```

Overrides container-size in area-container<%>.

Returns the maximum width of all the children and the maximum height of all of the children.

```
(send a-panel:single place-children)
 → (listof (list/c exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?))
```

Overrides `place-children` in `area-container<%>`.

Returns the positions for single panels and panes.

```
panel:single-window<%> : interface?
  implements: panel:single<%>
              window<%>
```

```
panel:single-window-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: panel:single<%>
                               window<%>
  result implements: panel:single-window<%>
```

```
(send a-panel:single-window container-size info)
 → exact-integer? exact-integer?
  info : (listof (list/c exact-integer?
                         exact-integer?
                         boolean?
                         boolean?))
```

Overrides `container-size` in `area-container<%>`.

Factors the border width into the size calculation.

```
panel:single% : class?
  superclass: (panel:single-window-mixin (panel:single-mixin panel%))
```

```
panel:single-pane% : class?
  superclass: (panel:single-mixin pane%)
```

```
panel:dragable<%> : interface?
  implements: window<%>
              area-container<%>
```

Classes matching this interface implement a panel where the user can adjust the percentage of the space that each takes up. The user adjusts the size by clicking and dragging the empty space between the children.

```
(send a-panel:dragable after-percentage-change) → void?
```

This method is called when the user changes the percentage by dragging the bar between the children, or when a new child is added to the frame, but not when `set-percentages` is called.

Use `get-percentages` to find the current percentages.

```
(send a-panel:dragable get-default-percentages subwindow-
count)
 → (listof (and/c real? (between/c 0 1)))
  subwindow-count : exact-positive-integer?
```

Called when the number of children in the panel changes; the result is used as the initial percentages for each of the new windows.

The numbers in the result list must sum to `1`.

```
(send a-panel:dragable right-click-in-gap evt
                                          before
                                          after) → void?
  evt : (is-a?/c mouse-event%)
  before : (is-a?/c subarea<%>)
  after : (is-a?/c subarea<%>)
```

This method is called when the user right-clicks in the space between two children. It receives the mouse event and the child before and after the gap where the user clicked.

```
(send a-panel:dragable set-percentages new-
percentages) → void?
  new-percentages : (listof number?)
```

Call this method to set the percentages that each window takes up of the panel.

The argument, *new-percentages* must be a list of numbers that sums to 1. Its length must be equal to the number of children of the panel (see `get-children`) and each percentage must correspond to a number of pixels that is equal to or larger than the minimum width of the child, as reported by `min-width`.

```
(send a-panel:dragable get-percentages) → (listof number?)
```

Return the current percentages of the children.

```
(send a-panel:dragable get-vertical?) → boolean?
```

This method controls the behavior of the other overridden methods in mixins that implement this interface.

If it returns `#t`, the panel will be vertically aligned and if it returns `#f`, they will be horizontally aligned.

```
(send a-panel:dragable set-orientation horizontal?) → void?
  horizontal? : boolean?
```

Sets the orientation of the panel, switching it from behaving like a `panel:horizontal-dragable<%>` and `panel:vertical-dragable<%>`.

```
panel:vertical-dragable<%> : interface?
  implements: panel:dragable<%>
```

A panel that implements `panel:vertical-dragable<%>`. It aligns its children vertically.

```
panel:horizontal-dragable<%> : interface?
  implements: panel:dragable<%>
```

A panel that implements `panel:horizontal-dragable<%>`. It aligns its children horizontally.

```
panel:dragable-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: window<%>
                               area-container<%>
  result implements: panel:dragable<%>
```

This mixin adds the `panel:dragable<%>` functionality to a `panel%`.

It is not useful unless the `get-vertical?` method is overridden.

```
(send a-panel:dragable after-new-child child) → void?
  child : (is-a?/c subarea<%>)
```

Overrides after-new-child in area-container<%>.

Updates the number of percentages to make sure that it matches the number of children and calls after-percentage-change.

```
(send a-panel:dragable on-subwindow-event receiver
                                          event)    → boolean?
  receiver : (is-a?/c window<%>)
  event : (is-a?/c mouse-event%)
```

Overrides on-subwindow-event in window<%>.

When the cursor is dragging the middle bar around, this method handles the resizing of the two panes.

```
(send a-panel:dragable place-children info
                                       w
                                       h)
 → (listof (list/c exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer? exact-integer?))
  info : (listof (list/c exact-integer? exact-integer?))
  w : exact-integer?
  h : exact-integer?
```

Overrides place-children in area-container<%>.

Places the children vertically in the panel, based on the percentages returned from get-percentages. Also leaves a little gap between each pair of children.

```
(send a-panel:dragable container-size info)
 → exact-integer? exact-integer?
  info : (listof (list/c exact-integer? exact-integer? any/c any/c))
```

Overrides container-size in area-container<%>.

Computes the minimum size the panel would have to be in order to have the current percentages (see get-percentages).

```
panel:vertical-dragable-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: panel:dragable<%>
  result implements: panel:vertical-dragable<%>
```

This mixin merely overrides the get-vertical? method of the panel:dragable-mixin to return #t.

```
(send a-panel:vertical-dragable get-vertical?) → boolean?
```

Overrides get-vertical? in panel:dragable<%>.

Returns #t.

```
panel:horizontal-dragable-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: panel:dragable<%>
  result implements: panel:vertical-dragable<%>
```

This mixin merely overrides the `get-vertical?` method of the `panel:dragable-mixin` to return `#f`.

```
(send a-panel:horizontal-dragable get-vertical?) → boolean?
```

Overrides `get-vertical?` in `panel:dragable<%>`.

Returns `#f`.

```
panel:vertical-dragable% : class?
  superclass: (panel:vertical-dragable-mixin (panel:dragable-mixin panel%))
```

```
panel:horizontal-dragable% : class?
  superclass: (panel:horizontal-dragable-mixin (panel:dragable-mixin panel%))
```

```
panel:splitter<%> : interface?
```

A panel that implements `panel:splitter<%>`. Children can be split horizonally or vertically.

```
panel:splitter-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: area-container<%>
                               panel:dragable<%>
  result implements: panel:splitter<%>
```

This mixin allows panels to split their children either horizontally or vertically. Children that are split can be further split independant of any other splitting.

```
(send a-panel:splitter split-vertical canvas
                                        maker)
 → (is-a?/c canvas<%>)
  canvas : (is-a?/c canvas<%>)
  maker : (-> (is-a?/c panel:splitter<%>)
              (is-a?/c canvas<%>))
```

Splits the *canvas* vertically by creating a new instance using *maker*. This splitter object is passed as the argument to *maker* and should be used as the `parent` field of the newly created canvas.

```
(send a-panel:splitter split-horizontal canvas
                                          maker)
 → (is-a?/c canvas<%>)
  canvas : (is-a?/c canvas<%>)
  maker : (-> (is-a?/c panel:splitter<%>)
              (is-a?/c canvas<%>))
```

Similar to `split-vertical` but splits horizontally.

```
(send a-panel:splitter collapse canvas) → void
  canvas : (is-a?/c canvas<%>)
```

Removes the given *canvas* from the splitter hierarchy and collapses any split panes as necessary.

```
panel:discrete-sizes<%> : interface?
```

Classes implementing this interface support children with multiple fixed sizes. As the panel is resized, it calculates a set of sizes of its children that fills its available size and approtions the space accordingly using only one of the fixed sizes.

The strategy it uses is to try to give the largest of the sizes to children that appear later in the list of children (to the right horizontal and lower vertically). It does not try all possible combinations.

Each child that supports minimum sizes is expected to implement the `panel:discrete-child<%>` interface. Children that do not implement this interface are just treated like `horizontal-panel%` or `vertical-panel%` would treat them, with the exception of `switchable-button%`. In that case, the results of `get-small-width` and `get-large-width` are treated as the two fixed sizes for instances of that class.

Also note that, the orientation of the panel determines whether or not it treats heights or widths as described above. That is, when a panel is in vertical mode, it ignores the horizontal discrete sizes, and vice-versa.

```
(send a-panel:discrete-sizes set-orientation horizontal?)
 → void?
  horizontal? : boolean?
```

Changes the orientation of the panel.

```
(send a-panel:discrete-sizes get-orientation) → boolean?
```

Returns the current orientation of the panel.

```
panel:discrete-child<%> : interface?
```

Classes that implement this method collaborate with panel:discrete-sizes<%> to indicate which fixed sizes they support.

```
(send a-panel:discrete-child get-discrete-widths)
 → (listof exact-nonnegative-integer?)
```

Return a list of widths this class supports.

```
(send a-panel:discrete-child get-discrete-heights)
 → (listof exact-nonnegative-integer?)
```

Return a list of heights this class supports.

```
panel:discrete-sizes-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: panel%
  result implements: panel:discrete-sizes<%>
                     panel:discrete-child<%>
```

Provides an implementation of panel:discrete-sizes<%>.

It uses the sizes of its children to implement the panel:discrete-child<%> interface.

```
panel:horizontal-discrete-sizes% : class?
  superclass: (panel:discrete-sizes-mixin panel%)
```

```
panel:vertical-discrete-sizes% : class?
  superclass: (panel:discrete-sizes-mixin panel%)
```

Calls `set-orientation` with `#f` during initialization.

```
(panel:dragable-container-size container-info
                               bar-thickness
                               vertical?)      → real? real?
  container-info : (listof (list/c real? real? boolean? boolean?))
  bar-thickness : real?
  vertical? : boolean?
```

Returns the minimum width and height for a `panel:dragable<%>` object where *container-info* (see container-size for more details on that argument) is the children's info, and *bar-thickness* and *vertical?* indicate the properties of the panel.

This function is exported mostly for the test suite.

```
(panel:dragable-place-children container-info
                               width
                               height
                               percentages
                               bar-thickness
                               vertical?)
    (listof (list/c (integer-in 0 10000)
→                   (integer-in 0 10000)
                    (integer-in 0 10000)
                    (integer-in 0 10000)))
    (listof (list/c (integer-in 0 10000)
                    (integer-in 0 10000)))
  container-info : (listof (list/c real? real? boolean? boolean?))
  width : real?
  height : real?
  percentages : (listof (between/c 0 1))
  bar-thickness : real?
  vertical? : boolean?
```

Returns the geometry information for a dragable panel. The inputs are the *container-info* (see place-children for more info), the *width* and *height* of the window, the *percentages*

for the spacing of the children, and a real and a boolean indicating the thickness of the bar between the child panels and whether or not this is a vertical panel, respectively.

This function is exported mostly for the test suite.

25 Pasteboard

```
pasteboard:basic% : class?
  superclass: (editor:basic-mixin pasteboard%)
```

```
pasteboard:standard-style-list% : class?
  superclass: (editor:standard-style-list-mixin pasteboard:basic%)
```

```
pasteboard:keymap% : class?
  superclass: (editor:keymap-mixin pasteboard:standard-style-list%)
```

```
pasteboard:file% : class?
  superclass: (editor:file-mixin pasteboard:keymap%)
```

```
pasteboard:backup-autosave% : class?
  superclass: (editor:backup-autosave-mixin pasteboard:file%)
```

```
pasteboard:info% : class?
  superclass: (editor:info-mixin pasteboard:backup-autosave%)
```

26 Path Utils

```
(path-utils:generate-autosave-name filename) → path?
  filename : (or/c #f path-string? path-for-some-system?)
```

Generates a name for an autosave file from *filename* and registers the mapping from *filename* to the result in the autosave table of contents, `autosave:current-toc-path`.

```
(path-utils:generate-backup-name filename) → path?
  filename : path?
```

Generates a name for an backup file from *filename*.

27 Preferences

```
(preferences:put-preferences/gui name-list
                                 val-list) → any
  name-list : (listof symbol?)
  val-list : (listof any/c)
```

Like put-preferences, but has more sophisticated error handling. In particular, when it fails to grab a lock, it

- waits for three consecutive failures before informing the user
- gives the user the opportunity to "steal" the lockfile after the third failure, and
- when lock failures occur, it remembers what its arguments were and if any preference save eventually succeeds, all of the past failures are also written at that point.

In addition when an error is raised trying to save a preference to the preference file, preferences:put-preferences/gui logs the error using log-warning, instead of raising an exception.

```
(preferences:get-preference/gui  sym
                                 [default]) → any/c
  sym : symbol?
  default :  (-> void?)
          = (λ () (error 'get-preference/gui "unknown pref ~s" sym))
```

Like get-preference, but has more sophisticated error handling. In particular, it passes a #:timeout-lock-there argument that informs the user that the preferences file is locked (and offers the alternative of not showing the message again).

```
(preferences:add-panel labels f) → void?
  labels : (or/c string? (cons/c string? (listof string?)))
  f : (->i ([parent (is-a?/c area-container-window<%>)])
           ()
           [_ (parent)
              (let ([old-children (send parent get-children)])
                (and/c (is-a?/c area-container-window<%>)
                       (λ (child)
                         (andmap eq?
                                 (append old-children (list child))
                                 (send parent get-children))))])
```

`preferences:add-preference-panel` adds the result of *f* with name *labels* to the preferences dialog box.

The labels determine where this preference panel is placed in the dialog. If the list is just one string, the preferences panel is placed at the top level of the dialog. If there are more strings, a hierarchy of nested panels is created and the new panel is added at the end. If multiple calls to `preferences:add-preference-panel` pass the same prefix of strings, those panels are placed in the same children.

When the preference dialog is opened for the first time, the function *f* is called with a panel, and *f* is expected to add a new child panel to it and add whatever preferences configuration controls it wants to that panel. Then, *f*'s should return the panel it added.

```
(preferences:add-editor-checkbox-panel) → void?
```

Adds a preferences panel for configuring options related to editing.

```
(preferences:add-general-checkbox-panel) → void?
```

Adds a catch-all preferences panel for options.

```
(preferences:add-warnings-checkbox-panel) → void?
```

Adds a preferences panel for configuring options relating to warnings.

```
(preferences:add-scheme-checkbox-panel) → void?
```

Adds a preferences panel for configuring options related to Racket.

```
(preferences:add-to-warnings-checkbox-panel proc) → void?
  proc : ((is-a?/c vertical-panel%) . -> . void?)
```

Saves *proc* until the preferences panel is created, when it is called with the Misc. panel to add new children to the panel.

```
(preferences:add-to-scheme-checkbox-panel proc) → void?
  proc : ((is-a?/c vertical-panel%) . -> . void?)
```

Saves *proc* until the preferences panel is created, when it is called with the Racket preferences panel to add new children to the panel.

```
(preferences:add-to-editor-checkbox-panel proc) → void?
  proc : ((is-a?/c vertical-panel%) . -> . void?)
```

Saves *proc* until the preferences panel is created, when it is called with the editor preferences panel to add new children to the panel.

```
(preferences:add-to-general-checkbox-panel proc) → void?
  proc : ((is-a?/c vertical-panel%) . -> . void?)
```

Saves *proc* until the preferences panel is created, when it is called with the general preferences panel to add new children to the panel.

```
(preferences:add-font-panel) → void?
```

Adds a font selection preferences panel to the preferences dialog.

```
(preferences:add-boolean-option-with-ask-me parent
                                            label
                                            option1
                                            option2
                                            pref-key) → void?
  parent : (or/c (is-a?/c area-container<%>) #f)
  label : string?
  option1 : string?
  option2 : string?
  pref-key : symbol?
```

Adds a checkbox to *parent* with three options; the first two are given by *option1* and *option2*, and the third is "Ask me". The preference named by*pref-key* is updated based on the selection in the checkbox.

```
(preferences:show-dialog) → void?
```

Shows the preferences dialog.

```
(preferences:show-tab-panel labels) → void
  labels : (listof string?)
```

Shows the preferences dialog, making a particular panel visible. The strings in the *labels* argument control which one is visible.

The strings in the *labels* argument correspond to the strings passed to preferences:add-panel.

Added in version 1.76 of package gui-lib.

```
(preferences:hide-dialog) → void?
```

Hides the preferences dialog.

```
(preferences:add-on-close-dialog-callback cb) → void?
  cb : (-> void?)
```

Registers *cb*. Next time the user clicks the OK button the preferences dialog, all of the *cb* functions are called, assuming that each of the callbacks passed to preferences:add-can-close-dialog-callback succeed.

```
(preferences:add-can-close-dialog-callback cb) → void?
  cb : (-> boolean?)
```

Registers *cb*. Next time the user clicks the OK button the preferences dialog, all of the *cb* functions are called. If any of them return #f, the dialog is not closed.

See also preferences:add-on-close-dialog-callback.

```
(preferences:add-check  parent
                        pref-key
                        label
                       [from-boolean
                        to-boolean]) → void?
  parent : (is-a?/c area-container<%>)
  pref-key : symbol?
  label : string?
  from-boolean : (-> boolean? any/c) = values
  to-boolean : (-> any/c boolean?) = values
```

Adds a radio-box% object (with *label* as its label) to *parent* that, when checked adjusts the preference with the key *pref-key*.

The *to-boolean* and *from-boolean* functions are used to convert from the preferences value to a booleans when checking/unchecking the radio-box% object. The defaults amount to treating the preference as a boolean such that checking the radio-box% sets the preference to #t and unchecking it sets the preference to #f.

28 Preferences, Textual

```
(require framework/preferences)
```
package: gui-lib

```
(preferences:get sym) → any/c
  sym : symbol?
```

Returns the value for the preference *sym*.

Raises an exception matching `exn:unknown-preference?` if the preference's default has not been set.

Use `preference:set-default` to set the default value of the preference before calling this function.

```
(preferences:set sym val) → void?
  sym : symbol?
  val : any/c
```

Sets the preference *sym* to *val*. It should be called when the user requests a change to a preference; `preferences:set` immediately writes the preference value to disk.

It raises an exception matching `exn:unknown-preference?` if the preference's default has not been set.

Use `preference:set-default` to set the default value of the preference before calling this function.

```
(preferences:get/set pref)
 → (case-> (-> any/c) (-> any/c void?))
  pref : symbol?
```

Returns a procedure that when applied to zero arguments retrieves the current value of the preference named *pref* and when applied to one argument updates the preference named *pref*.

Added in version 1.18 of package `gui-lib`.

```
(preferences:add-callback p f [weak?]) → (-> void?)
  p : symbol?
  f : (-> symbol? any/c any)
  weak? : boolean? = #f
```

This function adds a callback which is called with a symbol naming a preference and its value, when the preference changes. `preferences:add-callback` returns a thunk, which when invoked, removes the callback from this preference.

If *`weak?`* is true, the preferences system will only hold on to the callback weakly.

The callbacks will be called in the order in which they were added.

If you are adding a callback for a preference that requires marshalling and unmarshalling, you must set the marshalling and unmarshalling functions by calling `preferences:set-un/marshall` before adding a callback.

The result thunk removes the callback from the same preferences layer that *`p`* was in when `preferences:add-callback` was originally called.

This function raises an exception matching `exn:unknown-preference?` if the preference default has not been set via `preferences:set-default`.

```
(preferences:set-default  symbol
                          value
                          test
                         [#:aliases aliases
                          #:rewrite-aliases rewrite-aliases])
 → void?
  symbol : symbol?
  value : any/c
  test : (any/c . -> . any)
  aliases : (listof symbol?) = '()
  rewrite-aliases :  (listof (-> any/c any))
                  = (map (lambda (x) values) aliases)
```

This function must be called every time your application starts up, before any call to `preferences:get` or `preferences:set` (for any given preference).

If you use `preferences:set-un/marshall`, you must call this function before calling it.

This sets the default value of the preference *`symbol`* to *`value`*. If the user has chosen a different setting, (reflected via a call to `preferences:set`, possibly in a different run of your program), the user's setting will take precedence over the default value.

The *`test`* argument is used as a safeguard. That function is called to determine if a preference read in from a file is a valid preference. If *`test`* returns `#t`, then the preference is treated as valid. If *`test`* returns `#f` then the default is used.

The *`aliases`* and *`rewrite-aliases`* arguments aids in renaming preferences. If *`aliases`* is present, it is expected to be a list of symbols that correspond to old versions of the prefer-

ences. It defaults to '(). If *rewrite-aliases* is present, it is used to adjust the old values of the preferences when they are present in the saved file.

Changed in version 1.23 of package gui-lib: Allow preferences:set-default to be called even after a snapshot has been grabbed.

```
(preferences:default-set? pref) → boolean?
  pref : symbol?
```

Returns #t if *pref* has been passed to preferences:set-default, #f otherwise

```
(preferences:set-un/marshall symbol
                             marshall
                             unmarshall) → void?
  symbol : symbol?
  marshall : (any/c . -> . printable/c)
  unmarshall : (printable/c . -> . any/c)
```

preferences:set-un/marshall is used to specify marshalling and unmarshalling functions for the preference *symbol*. *marshall* will be called when the users saves their preferences to turn the preference value for *symbol* into a printable value. *unmarshall* will be called when the user's preferences are read from the file to transform the printable value into its internal representation. If preferences:set-un/marshall is never called for a particular preference, the values of that preference are assumed to be printable.

If the unmarshalling function returns a value that does not meet the guard passed to preferences:set-default for this preference, the default value is used.

The *marshall* function might be called with any value returned from read and it must not raise an error (although it can return arbitrary results if it gets bad input). This might happen when the preferences file becomes corrupted, or is edited by hand.

preferences:set-un/marshall must be called before calling preferences:get,preferences:set.

See also serialize and deserialize.

```
(preferences:restore-defaults) → void?
```

(preferences:restore-defaults) restores the users' configuration to the default preferences.

```
(preferences:register-save-callback callback) → symbol?
  callback : (-> boolean? any)
```

Registers *callback* to run twice for each call to preferences:set—once before the preferences file is written, with #t, and once after it is written, with #f. Registration returns a key for use with preferences:unregister-save-callback. Caveats:

- The callback occurs on whichever thread happened to call preferences:set.
- Pre- and post-write notifications are not necessarily paired; unregistration may cancel the post-write notification before it occurs.

```
(preferences:unregister-save-callback key) → void?
  key : symbol?
```

Unregisters the save callback associated with *key*.

```
(exn:make-unknown-preference message
                             continuation-marks)
 → exn:unknown-preference?
  message : string?
  continuation-marks : continuation-mark-set?
```

Creates an unknown preference exception.

```
(exn:unknown-preference? exn) → boolean?
  exn : any/c
```

Determines if a value is an unknown preference exn.

```
exn:struct:unknown-preference : struct-type?
```

The struct type for the unknown preference exn.

```
(preferences:low-level-put-preferences)
 → (-> (listof symbol?) (listof any/c) any)
(preferences:low-level-put-preferences put-preferences) → void?
  put-preferences : (-> (listof symbol?) (listof any/c) any)
```

This parameter's value is called to save preference the preferences file. Its interface should be just like mzlib's *put-preferences*.

The default value calls *put-preferences* and, if there is an error, then starts using a hash-table to save the preferences instead. See also

```
(preferences:low-level-get-preference)
 → (->* (symbol?) [(-> any)] any)
(preferences:low-level-get-preference get-preference) → void?
  get-preference : (->* (symbol?) [(-> any)] any)
```

This parameter's value is called to get a preference from the preferences file. Its interface should be just like *get-preference*.

The default value calls `get-preferences` and, if there is an error, then starts using a hash-table to save the preferences instead.

```
(preferences:snapshot? arg) → boolean?
  arg : any/c
```

Determines if its argument is a preferences snapshot.

See also `preferences:get-prefs-snapshot` and `preferences:restore-prefs-snapshot`.

```
(preferences:restore-prefs-snapshot snapshot) → void?
  snapshot : preferences:snapshot?
```

Restores the preferences saved in *snapshot*, updating all of the preferences values to the ones they had at the time that `preferences:get-prefs-snapshot` was called.

See also `preferences:get-prefs-snapshot`.

```
(preferences:get-prefs-snapshot) → preferences:snapshot?
```

Caches all of the current values of the known preferences and returns them. For any preference that has marshalling and unmarshalling set (see `preferences:set-un/marshall`), the preference value is copied by passing it through the marshalling and unmarshalling process. Other values are not copied, but references to them are instead saved.

See also `preferences:restore-prefs-snapshot`.

```
(preferences:new-layer previous-preferences-layer)
 → preferences:layer?
  previous-preferences-layer : (or/c #f preferences:layer?)
```

Creates a preferences layer that extends *previous-preferences-layer*.

Added in version 1.30 of package gui-lib.

```
(preferences:layer? v) → boolean?
  v : any/c
```

Determines if v is a *preferences layer*.

A preferences layer gives a form of scoping to preferences. When a new preference is first registered with this library (via a call to preferences:set-default or preferences:add-callback) it is put into the layer in preferences:current-layer (and not into any of that layer's previous layers). When preferences:get, preferences:set, preferences:set-un/marshall are called, they consult and manipulate only the layer where the preference was first installed. Accordingly, preference layers give a way to discard some set of calls to preference:set-default and other preference configuration and to start over with a new set. Note that this affects only the configuration of the preferences for the library; the values are all stored centrally (see preferences:low-level-put-preferences) and are unaffected by the layers.

Examples:

```
> (define original-layer (preferences:current-layer))
> (define layer2 (preferences:new-layer original-layer))
> (parameterize ([preferences:current-layer layer2])
    ; initialize 'a-pref in layer2
    (preferences:set-default 'a-pref 5 real?)
    (preferences:set 'a-pref 6)
    (preferences:get 'a-pref))
6
> (define layer3 (preferences:new-layer original-layer))
> (parameterize ([preferences:current-layer layer3])
    ; initialize 'a-pref again, this time in layer3
    ; without the new layer in place, this would be an error
    (preferences:set-default 'a-pref 5 real?)
    ; the actual value of the preference remains
    ; from the previous call to preferences:set
    (preferences:get 'a-pref))
6
```

Added in version 1.30 of package gui-lib.

```
(preferences:current-layer) → preferences:layer?
(preferences:current-layer preferences-layer) → void?
  preferences-layer : preferences:layer?
```

Determines the current preferences layer.

Added in version 1.30 of package `gui-lib`.

29 Racket

```
racket:sexp-snip<%> : interface?
```

```
(send a-racket:sexp-snip get-saved-snips)
 → (listof (is-a?/c snip%))
```

This returns the list of snips hidden by the sexp snip.

```
racket:sexp-snip% : class?
  superclass: snip%
  extends: racket:sexp-snip<%>
           readable-snip<%>
```

```
(send a-racket:sexp-snip get-text  offset
                                   num
                                  [flattened?]) → string?
  offset : number?
  num : number?
  flattened? : boolean? = #f
```

Overrides `get-text` in `snip%`.

Returns the concatenation of the text for all of the hidden snips.

```
(send a-racket:sexp-snip copy) → (is-a?/c racket:sexp-
snip%)
```

Overrides `copy` in `snip%`.

Returns a copy of this snip that includes the hidden snips.

```
(send a-racket:sexp-snip write stream-out) → void?
  stream-out : (is-a?/c editor-stream-out%)
```

Overrides `write` in `snip%`.

Saves the embedded snips

```
(send a-racket:sexp-snip draw dc
                               x
                               y
                               left
                               top
                               right
                               bottom
                               dx
                               dy
                               draw-caret) → void?
  dc : dc<%>
  x : real?
  y : real?
  left : real?
  top : real?
  right : real?
  bottom : real?
  dx : real?
  dy : real?
  draw-caret : symbol?
```

Overrides `draw` in `snip%`.

Draws brackets with a centered ellipses between them.

```
(send a-racket:sexp-snip get-extent  dc
                                     x
                                     y
                                    [w
                                     h
                                     descent
                                     space
                                     lspace
                                     rspace]) → void?
  dc : (is-a?/c dc<%>)
  x : real?
  y : real?
  w : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?))) #f) = #f
  h : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?))) #f) = #f
  descent : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?))) #f)
          = #f
  space : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?))) #f) = #f
  lspace : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?))) #f)
         = #f
  rspace : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?))) #f)
         = #f
```

Overrides get-extent in snip%.

Returns a size corresponding to what this snip draws.

```
racket:text<%> : interface?
  implements: text:basic<%>
              mode:host-text<%>
              color:text<%>
```

Texts matching this interface support Racket mode operations.

```
(send a-racket:text get-limit start) → exact-integer?
  start : exact-integer?
```

Returns a limit for backward-matching parenthesis starting at position *start*.

```
(send a-racket:text get-backward-navigation-limit start)
 → exact-integer?
  start : exact-integer?
```

Overrides get-backward-navigation-limit in color:text<%>.

Calls get-limit.

```
(send a-racket:text balance-parens key-event) → void?
  key-event : (is-a?/c key-event%)
```

This function is called when the user types a close parenthesis in the text%. If the close parenthesis that the user inserted does not match the corresponding open parenthesis and the 'framework:fixup-parens preference is #t (see preferences:get) the correct closing parenthesis is inserted. If the 'framework:paren-match preference is #t (see preferences:get) the matching open parenthesis is flashed.

```
(send a-racket:text tabify-on-return?) → boolean?
```

The result of this method is used to determine if the return key automatically tabs over to the correct position.

Override it to change its behavior.

```
(send a-racket:text tabify [start-pos]) → void?
  start-pos : exact-integer? = (send this get-start-position)
```

Tabs the line containing by *start-pos*

```
(send a-racket:text tabify-selection [start
                                      end]) → void?
  start : exact-integer? = (send this get-start-position)
  end : exact-integer? = (send this get-end-position)
```

Sets the tabbing for the lines containing positions *start* through *end*.

```
(send a-racket:text tabify-selection/reverse-choices [start
                                                      end])
 → void?
  start : exact-integer? = (send this get-start-position)
  end : exact-integer? = (send this get-end-position)
```

Sets the tabbing for the lines containing positions *start* through *end*, but if there are multiple valid tabbings to cycle through, this method should cycle through the choices in reverse order. The default implementation calls tabify-selection.

Added in version 1.77 of package gui-lib.

```
(send a-racket:text tabify-all) → void?
```

Tabs all lines.

Indentation results depend on the graphical context associated with the object; if there is not one, the indentation is based on the assumption that a fixed-width font is used. If the object is viewed in an editor-canvas% and top-level-window<%>, the actual font information is used to determine the initial number of spaces on a line.

```
(send a-racket:text compute-racket-amount-to-indent
  pos
 [get-head-sexp-type])
→ exact-nonnegative-integer?
 pos : exact-nonnegative-integer?
 get-head-sexp-type : (-> string? (or/c #f 'lambda 'define 'begin 'for/fold 'other))
                    = (λ (x) #f)
```

This method is final, so it cannot be overridden.

Computes the amount of space to indent the line containing *pos*, using the default s-expression indentation strategy.

The function *get-head-sexp-type* is consulted for each symbol/keyword that follows an open parenthesis. If it returns #f, then the user's preferences (from the Indenting panel of the Editing panel in the preferences dialog) are used.

Indentation results depend on the graphical context associated with the object; if there is not one, the indentation is based on the assumption that a fixed-width

font is used. If the object is viewed in an editor-canvas% and top-level-window<%>, the actual font information is used to determine the initial number of spaces on a line.

Added in version 1.9 of package gui-lib.

Changed in version 1.26: Added the *get-head-sexp-type* argument.

```
(send a-racket:text compute-amount-to-indent pos)
 → exact-nonnegative-integer?
  pos : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Refine this method with augment.

Computes the amount of space to indent the line containing *pos*.

Defaults to using using the default s-expression indentation strategy via compute-racket-amount-to-indent.

Added in version 1.9 of package gui-lib.

```
(send a-racket:text insert-return) → void?
```

Inserts a newline into the buffer. If tabify-on-return? returns #t, this will tabify the new line. Deletes any trailing whitespace from the old line.

```
(send a-racket:text box-comment-out-selection [start-pos
                                               end-pos]) → #t
  start-pos : (or/c 'start exact-integer?) = 'start
  end-pos : (or/c 'end exact-integer?) = 'end
```

This method comments out a selection in the text by putting it into a comment box.

Removes the region from *start-pos* to *end-pos* from the editor and inserts a comment box with that region of text inserted into the box.

If *start-pos* is 'start, the starting point of the selection is used. If *end-pos* is 'end, the ending point of the selection is used.

```
(send a-racket:text comment-out-selection [start-pos
                                           end-pos
                                           #:start start
                                           #:padding padding])
 → #t
  start-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-start-position)
  end-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-end-position)
  start : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = ";"
  padding : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = ""
```

Comments the lines containing positions *start-pos* through *end-pos* by inserting a *start* followed by *padding* at the start of each paragraph.

```
(send a-racket:text region-comment-out-selection
 [start-pos
  end-pos
  #:start start
  #:end end
  #:continue continue
  #:padding padding])
→ #t
 start-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-start-position)
 end-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-end-position)
 start : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = "#|"
 end : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = "|#"
 continue : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = ""
 padding : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = "  "
```

Comments the region between *start-pos* and *end-pos* by inserting a *start* at *start-pos*, *end* at *end-pos*, and *continue* followed by *padding* at the start of each paragraph between *start-pos* and *end-pos*.

```
(send a-racket:text uncomment-box/selection [#:start start
                                             #:padding padding])
→ #t
 start : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = ";"
 padding : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = ""
```

If the result of `get-focus-snip` is a comment snip, then removes the comment snip. Otherwise, calls `uncomment-selection` with *start* and *padding*.

```
(send a-racket:text uncomment-selection [start-pos
                                         end-pos
                                         #:start start]) → void?
 start-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-start-position)
 end-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-end-position)
 start : string = ";"
```

Uncomments the paragraphs containing positions *start-pos* through *end-pos* if it has line-based comments or a box comment.

Specifically, checks for a box comment and, if present removes it. If a box comment is not present, then removes line-based comments (if any) on the paragraphs between *start-pos* and *end-pos*.

```
(send a-racket:text uncomment-selection/box [start-pos
                                             end-pos])
→ boolean?
 start-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-start-position)
 end-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-end-position)
```

Checks for a box comment and, if present removes it. Returns #t if it found (and removed) a box comment, and #f if it did not find a box comment.

```
(send a-racket:text uncomment-selection/line
 [start-pos
  end-pos
  #:start start
  #:padding padding])
→ #t
 start-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-start-position)
 end-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-end-position)
 start : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = ";"
 padding : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = ""
```

Removes each occurrence of *start* that appears (potentially following whitespace) at the start of each paragraph that enclose the range between *start-pos* and *end-pos*.

```
(send a-racket:text uncomment-selection/region
 [start-pos
  end-pos
  #:start start
  #:end end
  #:continue continue
  #:padding padding])
→ #t
 start-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-start-position)
 end-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-end-position)
 start : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = "#|"
 end : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = "|#"
 continue : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = ""
 padding : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = "  "
```

Removes the region comment on the paragraphs between *start-pos* and *end-pos*.

```
(send a-racket:text commented-out/line? [start-pos
                                         end-pos
                                         #:start start
                                         #:padding padding])
→ boolean?
 start-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-start-position)
 end-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-end-position)
 start : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = ";"
 padding : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = ""
```

Considers each paragraph between *start-pos* and *end-pos*, returning #t if any of them have the line comment *start* commenting any portion of them out.

```
(send a-racket:text commented-out/region? [start-pos
                                           end-pos
                                           #:start start
                                           #:end end
                                           #:continue continue])
 → boolean?
  start-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-start-position)
  end-pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = (get-end-position)
  start : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = "#|"
  end : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = "|#"
  continue : (and/c string? (not/c #rx"[\r\n]")) = ""
```

Returns #t if the paragraphs at *start-pos* and *end-pos* have *start* and *end* in them and the paragraphs in between start with *continue*.

```
(send a-racket:text get-forward-sexp start)
 → (or/c #f exact-integer?)
  start : exact-integer?
```

Returns the position of the end of next S-expression after position *start*, or #f if there is no appropriate answer.

```
(send a-racket:text remove-sexp start) → void?
  start : exact-integer?
```

Forward-deletes the S-expression starting after the position *start*.

```
(send a-racket:text forward-sexp start) → void?
  start : exact-integer?
```

Moves forward over the S-expression starting at position *start*.

```
(send a-racket:text flash-forward-sexp start-pos) → void?
  start-pos : exact-integer?
```

Flashes the parenthesis that closes the sexpression at *start-pos*.

```
(send a-racket:text get-backward-sexp start)
 → (or/c exact-integer? #f)
  start : exact-integer?
```

Returns the position of the start of the S-expression before or containing *start*, or #f if there is no appropriate answer.

```
(send a-racket:text flash-backward-sexp start-pos) → void?
  start-pos : exact-integer?
```

Flashes the parenthesis that opens the sexpression at *start-pos*.

```
(send a-racket:text backward-sexp start-pos) → void?
  start-pos : exact-integer?
```

Move the caret backwards one sexpression

Moves the caret to the beginning of the sexpression that ends at *start-pos*.

```
(send a-racket:text find-up-sexp start-pos)
 → (or/c #f exact-integer?)
  start-pos : exact-integer?
```

Returns the position of the beginning of the next sexpression outside the sexpression that contains *start-pos*. If there is no such sexpression, it returns #f.

```
(send a-racket:text up-sexp start) → void?
  start : exact-integer?
```

Moves backward out of the S-expression containing the position *start*.

```
(send a-racket:text find-down-sexp start-pos)
 → (or/c #f exact-integer?)
  start-pos : exact-integer?
```

Returns the position of the beginning of the next sexpression inside the sexpression that contains *start-pos*. If there is no such sexpression, it returns #f.

```
(send a-racket:text down-sexp start) → void?
  start : exact-integer?
```

Moves forward into the next S-expression after the position *start*.

```
(send a-racket:text remove-parens-forward start) → void?
  start : exact-integer?
```

Removes the parentheses from the S-expression starting after the position *start*.

```
(send a-racket:text select-forward-sexp) → void?
```

Selects the next S-expression, starting at the start of the current selection.

```
(send a-racket:text select-backward-sexp) → void?
```

Selects the previous S-expression, starting at the start of the current selection.

```
(send a-racket:text select-up-sexp) → void?
```

Selects the region to the enclosing S-expression, starting at the start of the current selection.

```
(send a-racket:text select-down-sexp) → void?
```

Selects the region to the next contained S-expression, starting at the start of the current selection.

```
(send a-racket:text transpose-sexp start) → void?
  start : exact-integer?
```

Swaps the S-expression beginning before the position *start* with the next S-expression following *start*.

```
(send a-racket:text mark-matching-parenthesis pos) → void?
  pos : exact-positive-integer?
```

If the paren after *pos* is matched, this method highlights it and its matching counterpart in dark green.

```
(send a-racket:text get-tab-size) → exact-integer?
```

This method returns the current size of the tabs for scheme mode. See also `set-tab-size`.

```
(send a-racket:text set-tab-size new-size) → void?
  new-size : exact-integer?
```

This method sets the tab size for this text.

```
(send a-racket:text introduce-let-ans start-pos) → void?
  start-pos : exact-integer?
```

Adds a let around the current s-expression and a printf into the body of the let.

```
(send a-racket:text move-sexp-out start-pos) → void?
  start-pos : exact-integer?
```

Replaces the sexpression surrounding the insertion point with the sexpression following the insertion point.

```
racket:text-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text:basic<%>
                               mode:host-text<%>
                               color:text<%>
                               text:autocomplete<%>
                               editor:keymap<%>
  result implements: racket:text<%>
```

This mixin adds functionality for editing Racket files.

The result of this mixin uses the same initialization arguments as the mixin's argument.

```
(send a-racket:text get-word-at pos) → string?
  pos : exact-positive-integer?
```

Overrides `get-word-at` in `text:autocomplete<%>`.

Returns the word just before *pos*, which is then used as the prefix for auto-completion.

```
(send a-racket:text get-start-of-line pos)
 → exact-nonnegative-integer?
  pos : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Overrides `get-start-of-line` in `text:basic<%>`.

Returns the first non-whitespace character in the paragraph containing *pos*, unless the position is already there, in which case it returns the first position of the paragraph.

```
racket:text-mode<%> : interface?
```

The result of `racket:text-mode-mixin` implements this interface.

```
racket:text-mode-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: color:text-mode<%>
                               mode:surrogate-text<%>
  result implements: racket:text-mode<%>
```

This mixin adds Racket mode functionality to the mode that it is mixed into. The resulting mode assumes that it is only set to an editor that is the result of racket:text-mixin.

```
(new racket:text-mode-mixin [[include-paren-keymap? include-
paren-keymap?]])
 → (is-a?/c racket:text-mode-mixin)
  include-paren-keymap? : boolean? = #t
```

If *include-paren-keymap?* is #f only the result of racket:get-non-paren-keymap is used by on-enable-surrogate; otherwise the result of racket:get-keymap is used.

Added in version 1.64 of package gui-lib.

```
(send a-racket:text-mode on-disable-surrogate) → void?
```

Overrides on-disable-surrogate in mode:surrogate-text<%>.

Removes the racket keymap (see also racket:get-keymap) and disables any parenthesis highlighting in the host editor.

```
(send a-racket:text-mode on-enable-surrogate) → void?
```

Overrides on-enable-surrogate in mode:surrogate-text<%>.

Adds the racket keymap (see also racket:get-keymap) and enables a parenthesis highlighting in the host editor.

```
racket:set-mode-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: racket:text<%>
                               mode:host-text<%>
```

This mixin creates a new instance of racket:text-mode% and installs it, by calling its own set-surrogate method with the object.

```
racket:text% : class?
  superclass: (racket:set-mode-mixin (racket:text-mixin (text:autocomplete-mixin (mode:host-t
```

```
racket:text-mode% : class?
  superclass: (racket:text-mode-mixin color:text-mode%)
```

```
(racket:text-balanced? text [start end]) → boolean?
  text : (is-a?/c text%)
  start : number? = 0
  end : (or/c false/c number?) = #f
```

Determines if the range in the editor from *start* to *end* in *text* has at least one complete s-expression and there are no incomplete s-expressions. If *end* is `#f`, it defaults to the last position of the *text*. The designation "complete" is defined to be something that does not cause `read` to raise a `exn:fail:read:eof?` exception, so there may be all kinds of strange read-level (not to speak of parse level) errors in the expressions.

The implementation of this function creates a port with `open-input-text-editor` and then uses `read` to parse the range of the buffer.

```
racket:default-paren-matches : (listof (list/c symbol? symbol?))
```

The default parentheses that are matched when using `racket:text-mode-mixin`.

Added in version 1.60 of package `gui-lib`.

```
(racket:add-preferences-panel) → void?
```

Adds a tabbing preferences panel to the preferences dialog.

```
(racket:get-keymap) → (is-a?/c keymap%)
```

Returns a keymap with binding suitable for Racket; the keymap is created with `racket:setup-keymap` where the *paren-keymap* is not `#f` but a keymap, and that keymap is added to the result of this function via chain-to-keymap. The *paren-keymap* argument is also the result of `racket:get-paren-keymap`.

```
(racket:get-paren-keymap) → (is-a?/c keymap%)
```

Returns a keymap with binding suitable for the parentheses keystrokes in Racket; the keymap is created and passed to `racket:setup-keymap` as the *paren-keymap* argument. See also `racket:get-keymap`

Added in version 1.64 of package `gui-lib`.

```
(racket:get-non-paren-keymap) → (is-a?/c keymap%)
```

Returns a keymap with all of the bindings in the keymap returned by racket:get-keymap except those in the keymap returned by racket:get-paren-keymap

Added in version 1.64 of package gui-lib.

```
(racket:add-pairs-keybinding-functions keymap) → void?
  keymap : (is-a?/c keymap%)
```

Adds keybindings that are intended to be bound to parenthesis characters to *keymap*. See racket:setup-keymap for more information.

Added in version 1.64 of package gui-lib.

```
(racket:map-pairs-keybinding-functions
  keymap
  open
  close
 [#:alt-as-meta-keymap alt-as-meta-keymap])
→ void?
 keymap : (is-a?/c keymap%)
 open : char?
 close : char?
 alt-as-meta-keymap : (or/c #f (is-a?/c keymap%)) = #f
```

Binds a number of parenthesis-related keystrokes:

- binds the keystroke of the character *open* to a function named (format "maybe-insert-~a~a-pair" *open close*), unless *open* is #\[, in which case it is mapped to "maybe-insert-[]-pair-maybe-fixup-[]",
- binds *close* to "balance-parens" unless *open* and *close* are the same character,
- binds *open* with the meta key modifier to (format "insert-~a~a-pair" *open close*),
- binds *close* with the meta key modifier to to "balance-parens-forward" unless the opening and closing characters are the same,
- binds *close*, but with the prefix "~g:c:" (e.g., "~g:c:)") to the keystroke with the name (format "non-clever-~a" *close*), and
- if *open* is #\[, binds "~g:c:[" to "non-clever-open-square-bracket".

If any of these functions are no present in *keymap*, they are also added to it.

The *alt-as-meta-keymap* argument is treated as keymap:setup-global treats it.

Added in version 1.64 of package gui-lib.

```
(racket:add-coloring-preferences-panel) → any
```

Installs the “Racket” preferences panel in the “Syntax Coloring” section.

```
(racket:get-color-prefs-table)
 → (listof (list/c symbol? (is-a?/c color%) string?))
```

Returns a table mapping from symbols (naming the categories that the online colorer uses for Racket mode coloring) to their colors.

These symbols are suitable for input to racket:short-sym->pref-name and racket:short-sym->style-name.

See also racket:get-white-on-black-color-prefs-table.

```
(racket:get-white-on-black-color-prefs-table)
 → (listof (list/c symbol? (is-a?/c color%) string?))
```

Returns a table mapping from symbols (naming the categories that the online colorer uses for Racket mode coloring) to their colors when the user chooses the white-on-black mode in the preferences dialog.

See also racket:get-color-prefs-table.

```
(racket:short-sym->pref-name short-sym) → symbol?
  short-sym : symbol?
```

Builds the symbol naming the preference from one of the symbols in the table returned by racket:get-color-prefs-table.

```
(racket:short-sym->style-name short-sym) → string?
  short-sym : symbol?
```

Builds the symbol naming the editor style from one of the symbols in the table returned by racket:get-color-prefs-table. This style is a named style in the style list returned by editor:get-standard-style-list.

```
(racket:get-wordbreak-map) → (is-a?/c editor-wordbreak-map%)
```

This method returns a `editor-wordbreak-map%` that is suitable for Racket.

```
(racket:init-wordbreak-map key) → void?
  key : (is-a?/c keymap%)
```

Initializes the workdbreak map for `keymap`.

```
(racket:setup-keymap
 keymap
 [#:alt-as-meta-keymap alt-as-meta-keymap
  #:paren-keymap paren-keymap
  #:paren-alt-as-meta-keymap paren-alt-as-meta-keymap])
→ void?
 keymap : (is-a?/c keymap%)
 alt-as-meta-keymap : (or/c #f (is-a?/c keymap%)) = #f
 paren-keymap : (or/c #f (is-a?/c keymap%)) = #f
 paren-alt-as-meta-keymap : (or/c #f (is-a?/c keymap%)) = #f
```

Initializes *keymap* with Racket-mode keybindings.

The *alt-as-meta-keymap* argument is treated the same as for `keymap:setup-global`. The *paren-alt-as-meta-keymap* argument is similar, but matched up with *paren-keymap* and used only when *paren-keymap* is not `#f`.

The *paren-keymap* is filled with the keybindings that are bound to parentheses in the default racket keymap, which is done by calling `racket:map-pairs-keybinding-functions` with the keymap and the characters `#\[` and `#\]`, `#\(` and `#\)`, `#\{` and `#\}`, `#\|` and `#\|`, and `#\"` and `#\"`.

Changed in version 1.40 of package `gui-lib`: Added the `#:alt-as-meta-keymap` argument.
Changed in version 1.64: Added the `#:paren-keymap` and *paren-alt-as-meta-keymap* arguments.

30 Srcloc Snips

```
srcloc-snip:snip% : class?
  superclass: editor-snip%
```

This snip implements clickable links to `srcloc` locations.

The snip is initialized with an appropriate editor, into which a representation for the link can be inserted. When the reprenstation has been inserted, the `activate-link` method needs to be called to activate the link.

```
(new srcloc-snip:snip% [srcloc srcloc])
 → (is-a?/c srcloc-snip:snip%)
  srcloc : srcloc?
```

The *srcloc* field specifies where the link points.

```
(send a-srcloc-snip:snip activate-link) → void?
```

This makes the content of the snip's editor clickable, such that clicking highlights the position of the srcloc.

```
srcloc-snip:snipclass : (is-a?/c snip-class%)
```

The `snip-class%` object used by `srcloc-snip:snip%`.

```
(srcloc-snip:select-srcloc srcloc) → void?
  srcloc : srcloc?
```

Finds the editor containing the specified srcloc and selects it.

31 Text

```
text:basic<%> : interface?
  implements: editor:basic<%>
              text%
```

Classes matching this interface are expected to implement the basic functionality needed by the framework.

```
(send a-text:basic highlight-range
 start
 end
 color
 [caret-space
 priority
 style
 #:adjust-on-insert/delete adjust-on-insert/delete
 #:key key])
→ (if adjust-on-insert/delete
      void?
      (-> void?))
 start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
 end : exact-nonnegative-integer?
 color : (or/c string?
               (is-a?/c color%)
               color-prefs:color-scheme-color-name?)
 caret-space : boolean? = #f
 priority : (or/c 'high 'low) = 'low
 style : (or/c 'rectangle 'ellipse 'hollow-ellipse 'dot)
       = 'rectangle
 adjust-on-insert/delete : boolean? = #f
 key : any/c = #f
```

This function highlights a region of text in the buffer.

The range between *start* and *end* will be highlighted with the given *color*. If the *color* is a color-prefs:color-scheme-color-name? then the color is looked up each time the rectangle is drawn, so that changes to the color scheme are reflected in the highlighted range.

If the style is 'rectangle (the default), then the highlighted region is drawn as a rectangle, highlighting all of the text between the start and end. If the style is 'ellipse, then an ellipse is drawn around the range in the editor, using the color. If the style is 'hollow-ellipse, then the outline of an ellipse is

drawn around the range in the editor, using the color. If the style is 'single-rectangle then a rectangle whose upper-left corner is the starting position of the range and whose lower-right corner is the ending position of the range; this may not highlight some of the text in the range, as the first and last position may be in different paragraphs and the intermediate paragraphs may be wider than the distance from the start to the end. If the style is 'dot, then *start* and *end* must be the same, and a dot is drawn at the bottom of that position in the editor.

If caret-space? is not #f, the left edge of the range will be one pixel short, to leave space for the caret. The caret does not interfere with the right hand side of the range. Note that under some platforms, the caret is drawn with XOR, which means almost anything can happen. So if the caret is in the middle of the range it may be hard to see, or if it is on the left of the range and caret-space? is #f it may also be hard to see.

The *priority* argument indicates the relative priority for drawing overlapping regions. If two regions overlap and have different priorities, the region with 'high priority will be drawn second and only it will be visible in the overlapping region.

If adjust-on-insert/delete? is #t, then insertions and deletions to the text will adjust the *start* and *end* of the range. Insertions and deletions before the range move the range forward and backward; insertions and deletions after the range will be ignored. An insertion in the middle of the range will enlarge the range and a deletion that overlaps the range adjusts the range to reflect the deleted portion of the range and its new position.

The *key* argument can be used with unhighlight-ranges/key and unhighlight-ranges to identify ranges whose start and end positions may have changed. Symbols whose names begin with plt: are reserved for internal use.

If this method returns a thunk, invoking the thunk will turn off the highlighting from this range.

Note that if *adjust-on-insert/delete* is a true value, then the result is not a thunk and instead unhighlight-range, unhighlight-ranges/key, or unhighlight-ranges must be called directly to remove the highlighting.

Changed in version 1.68 of package gui-lib: Allow the *color* argument to be color-prefs:color-scheme-color-name?

```
(send a-text:basic unhighlight-range  start
                                      end
                                      color
                                     [caret-space
                                      style])      → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  end : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  color : (or/c string?
                (is-a?/c color%)
                color-prefs:color-scheme-color-name?)
```

```
  caret-space : boolean? = #f
  style : (or/c 'rectangle 'ellipse 'hollow-ellipse)
        = 'rectangle
```

This method removes the highlight from a region of text in the buffer.

The region must match up to a region specified from an earlier call to highlight-range.

This method does a linear scan over all of the regions currently set. If you expect to call this method many times (when there are many ranges set) consider instead calling unhighlight-ranges.

Changed in version 1.68 of package gui-lib: Allow the *color* argument to be color-prefs:color-scheme-color-name?

```
(send a-text:basic unhighlight-ranges/key key) → void?
  key : any/c
```

This method removes the highlight from regions in the buffer that have the key *key* (as passed to highlight-range).

```
(send a-text:basic unhighlight-ranges pred?) → void?
  pred? : (-> exact-nonnegative-integer?
              exact-nonnegative-integer?
              (is-a?/c color%)
              boolean?
              (or/c 'rectangle 'ellipse 'hollow-ellipse)
              (or/c boolean? exact-nonnegative-integer?)
              any/c
              boolean?)
```

This method removes the highlight from regions in the buffer as selected by *pred?*. The arguments to *pred?* are the same as the arguments to highlight-range when it was originally called, unless the *adjust-on-insert/delete* argument was a true value, in which case the first two arguments to the predicate will reflect the current state of the bubble, if it is changed.

```
(send a-text:basic get-highlighted-ranges)
 → (listof text:range?)
```

Returns a list of (opaque) values representing the active ranges in the editor.

```
(send a-text:basic get-styles-fixed) → boolean?
```

If the result of this function is #t, the styles in this text:basic<%> will be fixed. This means that any text inserted to this editor has its style set to this editor's style-list%'s "Standard" style.

See also set-styles-fixed.

```
(send a-text:basic get-fixed-style) → (is-a?/c style<%>)
```

Returns the style used by set-styles-fixedwhen setting the styles.

```
(send a-text:basic set-styles-fixed fixed?) → void?
  fixed? : boolean?
```

Sets the styles fixed parameter of this text%. See also get-styles-fixed and get-fixed-style.

```
 (send a-text:basic move/copy-to-edit
  dest-text
  start
  end
  dest-pos
  [#:try-to-move? try-to-move?])
 → void?
  dest-text : (is-a?/c text%)
  start : natural?
  end : (and/c natural? (>=/c start))
  dest-pos : natural?
  try-to-move? : boolean? = #t
```

This moves or copies text and snips to *dest-text*.

Moves or copies from this starting at *start* and ending at *end*. It puts the copied text and snips in *dest-text* starting at location *dest-pos*. If *start* and *end* are equal then nothing is moved or copied.

If *try-to-move?* is #t, then the snips are removed; and if it is #f, then they are copied. If *try-to-move?* is #t and *dest-pos* is between *start* and *end* then this is unchanged.

If a snip refuses to be moved, it will be copied and deleted from the editor, otherwise it will be moved. A snip may refuse to be moved by returning #f from release-from-owner.

```
(send a-text:basic move-to dest-text
                           start
                           end
                           dest-pos) → void?
  dest-text : (is-a?/c text%)
  start : natural?
  end : (and/c natural? (>=/c start))
  dest-pos : natural?
```

Like move/copy-to-edit when the #:try-to-move? argument is #t.

```
(send a-text:basic copy-to dest-text
                          start
                          end
                          dest-pos) → void?
  dest-text : (is-a?/c text%)
  start : natural?
  end : (and/c natural? (>=/c start))
  dest-pos : natural?
```

Like move/copy-to-edit when the #:try-to-move? argument is #f.

```
(send a-text:basic initial-autowrap-bitmap)
 → (or/c #f (is-a?/c bitmap%))
```

The result of this method is used as the initial autowrap bitmap. Override this method to change the initial bitmap%. See also set-autowrap-bitmap

Returns the result of icon:get-autowrap-bitmap by default.

```
(send a-text:basic get-port-name)
 → (or/c path-string? symbol? #f)
```

The result of this method is a symbol that identifies this editor and that is used as the port-name of a port that is read from this editor if this editor is used in DrRacket. See also port-name-matches?.

```
(send a-text:basic port-name-matches? id) → boolean?
  id : any/c
```

Indicates if *id* matches the port name of this file. If the file is saved, the port name matches when the save file is the path as *id*. If the file has not been saved, the port name matches if the symbol is the same as the result of get-port-name.

This method calls normalize-path and thus can be very expensive on some filesystems. If it is called many times in a loop, cache the results to avoid calling it too often.

```
(send a-text:basic set-port-unsaved-name name) → void?
  name : string?
```

When get-port-name returns a symbol, the printed representation of the symbol will be the same as *name*.

```
(send a-text:basic after-set-port-unsaved-name) → any/c
```

This method is called after set-port-unsaved-name is called. Override it to detect changes in what get-port-name returns.

```
(send a-text:basic get-edition-number)
 → exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Returns a number that increments every time something in the editor changes.

The number is updated in after-insert in text% and after-delete in text%.

```
(send a-text:basic get-start-of-line pos)
 → exact-nonnegative-integer?
  pos : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

This method is used by keymap:setup-global to implement a keybinding for the "home" key and for "c:a".

Its default implementation is (line-start-position (position-line pos)).

```
text:basic-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: editor:basic<%>
                               text%
  result implements: text:basic<%>
```

This mixin implements the basic functionality needed for text% objects in the framework.

The class that this mixin produces uses the same initialization arguments as its input.

```
(send a-text:basic on-paint before?
                            dc
                            left
                            top
                            right
                            bottom
                            dx
                            dy
                            draw-caret) → void?
  before? : any/c
  dc : (is-a?/c dc<%>)
  left : real?
  top : real?
  right : real?
  bottom : real?
```

```
  dx : real?
  dy : real?
  draw-caret : (or/c 'no-caret
                     'show-inactive-caret
                     'show-caret)
```

Overrides on-paint in editor<%>.

Draws the rectangles installed by highlight-range.

```
(send a-text:basic on-insert start end) → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  end : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments on-insert in text%.

See set-styles-fixed.

```
(send a-text:basic after-insert start len) → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments after-insert in text%.

See set-styles-fixed.

```
(send a-text:basic put-file directory
                            default-name) → (or/c path? #f)
  directory : (or/c path? #f)
  default-name : string?
```

Overrides put-file in editor<%>.

Like put-file but uses finder:put-file instead of put-file.

```
text:indent-guides<%> : interface?
  implements: text%
```

Classes implementing this interface provide indent guides as thin vertical lines, showing which columns where earlier lines started.

Added in version 1.69 of package gui-lib.

```
(send a-text:indent-guides show-indent-guides! on?) → void?
  on? : any/c
```

This method is final, so it cannot be overridden.

Enables or disables indent guides in this editor. Defaults to enabled.

```
(send a-text:indent-guides show-indent-guides?) → boolean?
```

This method is final, so it cannot be overridden.

Returns a boolean indicating if indent guides are shown in the current editor.

```
text:indent-guides-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text%
  result implements: text:indent-guides<%>
```

```
text:inline-overview<%> : interface?
  implements: text%
```

Classes implementing this interface provide an overview along the right-hand side of the text%'s view, showing one pixel per character in the editor. Clicking on the editor moves the insertion point to the corresponding place in the text% object.

This effect is similar to text:delegate<%>, but much more efficient.

Added in version 1.32 of package gui-lib.

```
(send a-text:inline-overview get-inline-overview-enabled?)
 → boolean?
```

This method is final, so it cannot be overridden.

Returns a boolean indicating if inline-overview mode is turned on for this text% object.

```
(send a-text:inline-overview set-inline-overview-
enabled? on?)
 → void?
  on? : any/c
```

This method is final, so it cannot be overridden.

Enables or disables inline-overview mode for this text% object.

```
text:inline-overview-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text%
  result implements: text:inline-overview<%>
```

```
text:inline-overview-mpw-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text%
                               text:max-width-paragraph<%>
  result implements: text:inline-overview<%>
```

```
text:line-spacing<%> : interface?
  implements: text:basic<%>
```

Objects implementing this interface adjust their spacing based on the `'framework:line-spacing-add-gap?` preference.

```
text:line-spacing-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text:basic<%>
  result implements: text:line-spacing<%>
```

Calls `set-line-spacing` to either `0` or `1` when an object is created, based on the `'framework:line-spacing-add-gap?` preference.

Also registers a callback (via `preferences:add-callback`) to call `set-line-spacing` when the `'framework:line-spacing-add-gap?` preference changes.

```
text:max-width-paragraph<%> : interface?
```

Text objects implementing this interface track the width of the widest line.

```
(send a-text:max-width-paragraph get-max-width-paragraph)
 → natural?
```

This method is final, so it cannot be overridden.

Returns the index of the widest paragraph, i.e. the value of `para` that maximizes the expression

```
(- (paragraph-end-position para)
   (paragraph-start-position para))
```

This method will, in some cases, loop over every line of the editor to get its answer but it will cache the result and track when edits happen that do not invalidate its previous response. In those cases, it will just return its cached result.

```
(send a-text:max-width-paragraph after-max-width-paragraph-
change)
 → any
```

Augments <method not found>.

This method is called whenever the result of get-max-width-paragraph would change.

If the current cache for the result of get-max-width-paragraph is invalid, then this method will be called, even if the actual maximum width may not have changed. In other words, this method is guaranteed to be called at least as often as the result of get-max-width-paragraph changes, but it may be called more often than that.

Added in version 1.78 of package gui-lib.

```
text:max-width-paragraph-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text%
  result implements: text:max-paragraph-width<%>
```

Added in version 1.78 of package gui-lib.

```
text:ascii-art-enlarge-boxes<%> : interface?
```

```
(send a-text:ascii-art-enlarge-boxes set-ascii-art-
enlarge e?)
 → void?
  e? : any/c
```

Enables or disables the ascii art box enlarging mode based on e?'s true value.

```
(send a-text:ascii-art-enlarge-boxes get-ascii-art-enlarge)
 → boolean?
```

Returns #t if ascii art box enlarging mode is enabled and #f otherwise.

```
text:ascii-art-enlarge-boxes-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text%
  result implements: text:ascii-art-enlarge-boxes<%>
```

```
(send a-text:ascii-art-enlarge-boxes on-local-char event)
 → void?
  event : (is-a?/c key-event%)
```

Overrides on-local-char in editor<%>.

When the get-key-code method of *event* returns either 'numpad-enter or #\return and get-ascii-art-enlarge returns #t, this method handles the return key by adding an additional line in the containing unicode ascii art box and moving the insertion point to the first character on the new line that is in the containing cell.

It does not call the super method (in that case).

```
(send a-text:ascii-art-enlarge-boxes on-default-char event)
 → void?
  event : (is-a?/c key-event%)
```

Overrides on-default-char in text%.

When the get-key-code method of *event* returns either a character or symbol that corresponds to the insertion of a single character get-ascii-art-enlarge returns #t, this method first makes room in the box and then calls the super method. If the get-overwrite-mode returns #f, then it always opens up a column in the box. If get-overwrite-mode returns #t, then it opens up a column only when the character to be inserted would overwrite one of the walls.

```
text:first-line<%> : interface?
  implements: text%
```

Objects implementing this interface, when highlight-first-line is invoked with #t, always show their first line, even with scrolled (as long as first-line-currently-drawn-specially? returns #t).

```
(send a-text:first-line highlight-first-line on?) → void?
  on? : boolean?
```

This method is final, so it cannot be overridden.

Call this method to enable special treatment of the first line in the editor.

```
(send a-text:first-line first-line-currently-drawn-
specially?)
 → boolean?
```

This method is final, so it cannot be overridden.

Returns #t if is-special-first-line? returned #t for the current first line and if the buffer is scrolled down so that the first line would not (ordinarily) be visible.

```
(send a-text:first-line get-first-line-height) → number?
```

This method is final, so it cannot be overridden.

Returns the height, in pixels, of the first line.

```
(send a-text:first-line is-special-first-
line? line) → boolean?
  line : string?
```

Override this method to control when the first line is always visible. The argument is the first line, as a string.

```
text:first-line-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text%
  result implements: text:first-line<%>
```

Provides the implementation of text:first-line<%>. Does so by just painting the text of the first line over top of what is already there and overriding scroll-editor-to to patch up scrolling and on-event to patch up mouse handling.

```
(send a-text:first-line on-paint before?
                                 dc
                                 left
                                 top
                                 right
                                 bottom
                                 dx
                                 dy
                                 draw-caret) → void?
  before? : any/c
  dc : (is-a?/c dc<%>)
  left : real?
  top : real?
  right : real?
```

```
  bottom : real?
  dx : real?
  dy : real?
  draw-caret : (one-of/c 'no-caret 'show-inactive-caret 'show-caret)
```

Overrides `on-paint` in `editor<%>`.

Based on the various return values of the methods in `text:first-line`, draws the first actual line of the editor over top of the first visible line in the editor.

```
(send a-text:first-line on-event event) → void?
  event : (is-a?/c mouse-event%)
```

Overrides `on-event` in `editor<%>`.

Clicks in the first line cause the editor to scroll to the actual first line.

```
(send a-text:first-line scroll-editor-to localx
                                         localy
                                         width
                                         height
                                         refresh?
                                         bias)    → void?
  localx : real?
  localy : real?
  width : (and/c real? (not/c negative?))
  height : (and/c real? (not/c negative?))
  refresh? : any/c
  bias : (one-of/c 'start 'end 'none)
```

Overrides `scroll-editor-to` in `editor<%>`.

Scrolls a little bit more, when a scroll would be requested that scrolls something so that it is line underneath the first line.

```
text:foreground-color<%> : interface?
  implements: text:basic<%>
              editor:standard-style-list<%>
```

```
text:foreground-color-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text:basic<%>
                               editor:standard-style-list<%>
  result implements: text:foreground-color<%>
```

This mixin changes the default text style to have the foreground color controlled by `editor:set-default-font-color`.

```
(send a-text:foreground-color default-style-name) → string?
```

Overrides `default-style-name` in `editor<%>`.

Returns the result of `editor:get-default-color-style-name`.

```
(send a-text:foreground-color get-fixed-style)
 → (is-a?/c style<%>)
```

Overrides `get-fixed-style` in `text:basic<%>`.

Returns the style named by `editor:get-default-color-style-name`.

```
text:hide-caret/selection<%> : interface?
  implements: text:basic<%>
```

This class hides the caret, except when the selection is active.

Instances of this class are useful for editors that used for displaying purposes, but still allow users to copy their text.

```
text:hide-caret/selection-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text:basic<%>
  result implements: text:hide-caret/selection<%>
```

```
(send a-text:hide-caret/selection after-set-
position) → void?
```

Augments `after-set-position` in `text%`.

Calls `hide-caret` to hide the caret when there is only a caret and no selection.

```
text:nbsp->space<%> : interface?
  implements: text%
```

Classes that implement this interface silently change non-breaking spaces, ie the character `(integer->char 160)`, to regular spaces when inserted into the editor.

```
text:nbsp->space-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
```
argument extends/implements: text%
result implements: text:nbsp->space<%>

```
(send a-text:nbsp->space on-insert start
                                   end)  → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  end : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments on-insert in text%.

Starts an edit-sequence by calling begin-edit-sequence.

```
(send a-text:nbsp->space after-insert start
                                       len)  → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments after-insert in text%.

Replaces all non-breaking space characters (integer->char 160) by #\space characters.

Ends the edit sequence (by calling end-edit-sequence) started in on-insert.

```
text:column-guide<%> : interface?
```
implements: text%

Classes that implement this interface show a vertical line at a specified column width (when the content in the text has any lines wider than that column width).

The column width is determined by the 'framework:column-guide-width preference; that preference is a list of length two where the first element is a boolean indicating if the line should be visible at all, and the second is the width where the line would be visible (if the first is #t).

The position of the line is determined by taking the width of the x character in the "Standard" style (or, if there is no "Standard" style, then the "Basic" style) and multiplying that by the preference value.

```
text:column-guide-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
```
argument extends/implements: text%
result implements: text:column-guide<%>

```
(send a-text:column-guide on-paint before?
                                   dc
                                   left
                                   top
                                   right
                                   bottom
                                   dx
                                   dy
                                   draw-caret) → void?
  before? : any/
  dc : (is-a?/c dc<%>)
  left : real?
  top : real?
  right : real?
  bottom : real?
  dx : real?
  dy : real?
  draw-caret : (or/c 'no-caret 'show-inactive-caret 'show-caret
                     (cons/c exact-nonnegative-integer?
                             exact-nonnegative-integer?))
```

Extends on-paint in editor<%>.

Draws the column guide (if appropriate; see text:column-guide<%>).

```
(send a-text:column-guide on-change) → void?
```

Augments on-change in editor<%>.

Checks to see if any of the state that would cause the line to draw in a different place has changed (via calls to get-extent and get-padding; if so makes (up to) two calls to invalidate-bitmap-cache with rectangles that cover the old and new locations of the line.

```
text:normalize-paste<%> : interface?
```
implements: text:basic<%>

```
(send a-text:normalize-paste ask-normalize?) → boolean?
```

Prompts the user if the pasted text should be normalized (and updates various preferences based on the response).

Override this method in the mixin to avoid all GUI and preferences interactions.

```
(send a-text:normalize-paste string-normalize s) → string?
  s : string?
```

Normalizes `s`. Defaults to:

```
(regexp-replace*
 #rx"\u200B"
 (regexp-replace*
  #rx"⟶"
  (string-normalize-nfkc s)
  "-")
 "")
```

```
text:normalize-paste-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text:basic<%>
  result implements: text:normalize-paste<%>
```

```
(send a-text:normalize-paste do-paste start
                                       time) → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  time : exact-integer?
```

Overrides `do-paste` in `text%`.

Overridden to detect when insertions are due to pasting. Sets some internal state and calls the super.

```
(send a-text:normalize-paste on-insert start
                                       len)  → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments `on-insert` in `text%`.

Calls `begin-edit-sequence`.

```
(send a-text:normalize-paste after-insert start
                                            len)  → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments after-insert in text%.

Normalizes any next text and calls end-edit-sequence.

```
text:all-string-snips<%> : interface?
```

```
(send a-text:all-string-snips all-string-snips?) → boolean?
```

Returns #t if all of the snips in the text% object are string-snip%s.

This method usually returns quickly, tracking changes to the editor to update internal state. But if a non-string-snip% is deleted, then the next call to all-string-snips? traverses the entire content to search to see if there are other non-string-snip%s.

```
text:all-string-snips-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text%
  result implements: text:all-string-snips<%>
```

```
(send a-text:all-string-snips on-insert start
                                          len)  → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments on-insert in text%.

Checks to see if there were any non-string-snip%s inserted in the given range and, if so, updates the internal state.

```
(send a-text:all-string-snips after-delete start
                                            len)  → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments after-delete in text%.

Checks to see if there were any non-string-snip%s deleted in the given range and, if so, updates the internal state.

```
text:searching<%> : interface?
  implements: editor:keymap<%>
              text:basic<%>
```

Any object matching this interface can be searched.

```
(send a-text:searching set-searching-state str
                                            cs?
                                            replace-mode?
                                            notify-frame?)
 → void?
  str : (or/c #f non-empty-string?)
  cs? : boolean?
  replace-mode? : boolean?
  notify-frame? : boolean?
```

If *str* is not #f, then this method initiates a search for every occurrence of *str* in the editor. If *str* is #f, then it clears all of the search highlighting in the buffer.

If *cs?* is #f, the search is case-insensitive, and otherwise it is case-sensitive.

The *replace-mode?* boolean determines if the resulting search should be tracking the next-to-replace search hit as the insertion point moves around in the editor. Also, when *replace-mode?* is #f, then the bubbles are are uniform medium purple color ("plum" in the-color-database) and otherwise they are either a lighter purple or a darker purple, with every bubble except the one just following the insertion the lighter color.

The search does not complete before set-searching-state returns. Accordingly, get-search-hit-count may have out-of-date results for a while, until the search process is finished. If *notify-frame?* is #t then search-hits-changed is called when the search completes.

```
(send a-text:searching set-search-anchor position) → void?
  position : (or/c #f number?)
```

Sets the anchor's position in the editor. Only takes effect if the 'framework:anchored-search preference is on.

```
(send a-text:searching get-search-hit-count)
 → natural? natural?
```

Returns the number of hits for the search in the buffer before the insertion point and the total number of hits. Both are based on the count found last time that a search completed.

A search initiated by some earlier change to the editor or to the string to search for may make the results of this method obsolete. To force those changes to complete (and thus get an accurate result from this method) call finish-pending-search-work.

```
(send a-text:searching get-replace-search-hit)
 → (or/c (list*of (is-a?/c text%) natural?) #f)
```

Returns the position of the nearest search hit that comes after the insertion point.

A search initiated by some earlier change to the editor or to the string to search for may make the results of this method obsolete. To force those changes to complete (and thus get an accurate result from this method) call finish-pending-search-work.

```
(send a-text:searching set-replace-start pos) → void?
  pos : (or/c natural? #f)
```

This method is ignored. (The next replacement start is now tracked via the after-set-position method.)

```
(send a-text:searching finish-pending-search-work) → void?
```

Finishes any pending work in computing and drawing the search bubbles.

Call this method to ensure that the results from any of get-search-hit-count, get-replace-search-hit, or get-search-bubbles are correct.

```
(send a-text:searching get-search-bubbles)
 → (listof (list/c (cons/c number? number?)
                   (or/c 'normal-search-color
                         'dark-search-color
                         'light-search-color)))
```

Returns information about the search bubbles in the editor. Each item in the outermost list corresponds to a single bubble. The pair of numbers is the range of the bubble and the symbol is the color of the bubble.

A search initiated by some earlier change to the editor or to the string to search for may make the results of this method obsolete. To force those changes to complete (and thus get an accurate result from this method) call finish-pending-search-work.

This method is intended for use in test suites.

```
text:searching-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: editor:keymap<%>
                               text:basic<%>
```

result implements: text:searching<%>

This text% can be searched. See also text:searching-embedded-mixin

The result of this mixin uses the same initialization arguments as the mixin's argument.

```
(send a-text:searching get-keymaps)
 → (listof (is-a?/c keymap%))
```

Overrides get-keymaps in editor:keymap<%>.

This returns a list containing the super-class's keymaps, plus the result of keymap:get-search.

```
(send a-text:searching after-insert start
                                    len)  → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments after-insert in text%.

Re-does any search now that the contents of the window have changed.

```
(send a-text:searching after-delete start
                                    len)  → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments after-delete in text%.

Re-does any search now that the contents of the window have changed.

```
(send a-text:searching on-focus on?) → void?
  on? : boolean?
```

Overrides on-focus in editor<%>.

Tells the frame containing the editor to search based on this editor via the set-text-to-search method.

```
text:searching-embedded<%> : interface?
```

Classes that implement this interface are produced by text:searching-exmbedded-mixin and have overridden observer methods that forward information about changes to the editor that can affect the searching results state.

Added in version 1.80 of package gui-lib.

```
text:searching-embedded-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text%
  result implements: text:searching-embedded<%>
```

This mixin is expected to be used with editors that appear inside editor-snip%s and that can have search results. I cooperates with the enclosing text:searching<%> object to inform it when a change to the editor has occurred that can affect the current search results and how they are displayed.

Added in version 1.80 of package gui-lib.

```
(send a-text:searching-embedded after-insert start
                                                len)  → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments after-insert in text%.

Tells the outermost enclosing editor that the contents of the editor has changed, which can affect the way search results are displayed.

```
(send a-text:searching-embedded after-delete start
                                                len)  → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments after-delete in text%.

Tells the outermost enclosing editor that the contents of the editor has changed, which can affect the way search results are displayed.

```
(send a-text:searching-embedded after-set-position) → void?
```

Augments after-set-position in text%.

Tells the outermost enclosing editor that the position of the editor has changed, which can affect the way search results are displayed.

```
text:return<%> : interface?
  implements: text%
```

Objects supporting this interface were created by text:return-mixin.

```
text:return-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
```
argument extends/implements: text%
result implements: text:return<%>

Use this buffer to perform some special action when return is typed.

```
(new text:return-mixin [return return])
 → (is-a?/c text:return-mixin)
  return : (-> boolean?)
```

```
(send a-text:return on-local-char event) → void?
  event : (is-a?/c key-event%)
```

Overrides on-local-char in editor<%>.

If key is either return or newline, only invoke the return thunk (initialization argument) and do nothing else.

```
text:wide-snip<%> : interface?
```
implements: text:basic<%>

```
(send a-text:wide-snip add-wide-snip snip) → void?
  snip : (is-a?/c snip%)
```

Registers a snip in this editor to be resized when its viewing area changes. Ensures the snip is as wide as the viewing area.

This method should only be called by add-wide-snip in canvas:wide-snip<%>.

```
(send a-text:wide-snip add-tall-snip snip) → void?
  snip : (is-a?/c snip%)
```

Registers a snip in this editor. It is resized when the viewing area of the editor changes.

This method should only be called by add-tall-snip in canvas:wide-snip<%>.

```
text:wide-snip-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text:basic<%>
  result implements: text:wide-snip<%>
```

```
text:delegate<%> : interface?
  implements: text:basic<%>
```

Implementations of this interface copy all of the changes to this editor to the result of `get-delegate` except instead of regular string and tab snips, instead instances of `text:1-pixel-string-snip%` and `text:1-pixel-tab-snip%` are created.

The contents of the two editor are kept in sync, as modifications to this object happen.

This effect is similar to that achieved by `text:inline-overview<%>`, but this implementation has significant performance overheads that affect interactivity. Use `text:inline-overview<%>` instead.

```
(send a-text:delegate get-delegate)
 → (or/c #f (is-a?/c text%))
```

The result of this method is the `text%` object that the contents of this editor are being delegated to, or `#f`, if there is none.

```
(send a-text:delegate set-delegate delegate) → void?
  delegate : (or/c #f (is-a?/c text%))
```

This method sets the current delegate.

When it is set, all of the snips are copied from this object to *delegate*. Additionally, if this object implements `racket:text<%>` the tab settings of *delegate* are updated to match this objects.

```
text:1-pixel-string-snip% : class?
  superclass: string-snip%
```

This class re-uses the implementation of `string-snip%` to implement a string snip that just draws a single pixel for each character in the string.

See also `text:1-pixel-tab-snip%` for a similar extension to the `tab-snip%` class.

This snip is used in conjunction with the `frame:delegate<%>` and `text:delegate<%>` interfaces.

```
(send a-text:1-pixel-string-snip split position
                                  first
                                  second)  → void?
  position : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  first : (box/c (is-a?/c snip%))
  second : (box/c (is-a?/c snip%))
```

Overrides split in snip%.

Fills the boxes with instance of text:1-pixel-string-snip%s.

```
(send a-text:1-pixel-string-snip copy) → (is-a?/c snip%)
```

Overrides copy in snip%.

Creates and returns an instance of text:1-pixel-string-snip%.

```
(send a-text:1-pixel-string-snip get-extent dc
                                            x
                                            y
                                           [w
                                            h
                                            descent
                                            space
                                            lspace
                                            rspace]) → void?
  dc : (is-a?/c dc<%>)
  x : real?
  y : real?
  w : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?))) #f) = #f
  h : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?))) #f) = #f
  descent : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?))) #f)
          = #f
  space : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?))) #f) = #f
  lspace : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?))) #f)
         = #f
  rspace : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?))) #f)
         = #f
```

Overrides get-extent in snip%.

Sets the descent, space, lspace, and rspace to zero. Sets the height to 1. Sets the width to the number of characters in the string.

```
(send a-text:1-pixel-string-snip insert s
                                 len
                                [pos]) → void?
  s : string?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  pos : exact-nonnegative-integer? = 0
```

Overrides insert in string-snip%.

```
(send a-text:1-pixel-string-snip draw dc
                                 x
                                 y
                                 left
                                 top
                                 right
                                 bottom
                                 dx
                                 dy
                                 draw-caret) → void?
  dc : (is-a?/c dc<%>)
  x : real?
  y : real?
  left : real?
  top : real?
  right : real?
  bottom : real?
  dx : real?
  dy : real?
  draw-caret : (or/c 'no-caret 'show-inactive-caret 'show-caret)
```

Overrides draw in snip%.

Draws black pixels for non-whitespace characters and draws nothing for whitespace characters.

```
text:1-pixel-tab-snip% : class?
  superclass: tab-snip%
```

This class re-uses the implementation of tab-snip% to implement a string snip that is always one pixel high.

See also text:1-pixel-string-snip% for a similar extension to the string-snip% class.

This snip is used in conjunction with the frame:delegate<%> and text:delegate<%> interfaces.

```
(send a-text:1-pixel-tab-snip split position
                                first
                                second)  → void?
  position : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  first : (box/c (is-a?/c snip%))
```

```
  second : (box/c (is-a?/c snip%))
```

Overrides split in snip%.

Fills the boxes with instance of text:1-pixel-tab-snip%s.

```
(send a-text:1-pixel-tab-snip copy) → (is-a?/c snip%)
```

Overrides copy in snip%.

Creates and returns an instance of text:1-pixel-tab-snip%.

```
(send a-text:1-pixel-tab-snip get-extent  dc
                                          x
                                          y
                                         [w
                                          h
                                          descent
                                          space
                                          lspace
                                          rspace]) → void?
  dc : (is-a?/c dc<%>)
  x : real?
  y : real?
  w : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?)) #f)) = #f
  h : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?)) #f)) = #f
  descent :  (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?)) #f))
          = #f
  space : (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?)) #f)) = #f
  lspace :  (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?)) #f))
         = #f
  rspace :  (or/c (box/c (and/c real? (not/c negative?)) #f))
         = #f
```

Overrides get-extent in snip%.

Sets the descent, space, lspace, and rspace to zero. Sets the height to 1. Sets the width to the width of tabs as returned in the tab-width parameter of the get-tabs method.

```
(send a-text:1-pixel-tab-snip draw dc
                                   x
                                   y
                                   left
                                   top
                                   right
                                   bottom
                                   dx
                                   dy
                                   draw-caret) → void?
```

```
  dc : (is-a?/c dc<%>)
  x : real?
  y : real?
  left : real?
  top : real?
  right : real?
  bottom : real?
  dx : real?
  dy : real?
  draw-caret : (or/c 'no-caret 'show-inactive-caret 'show-caret)
```

Overrides `draw` in `snip%`.

Draws nothing.

```
text:delegate-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text:basic<%>
  result implements: text:delegate<%>
```

This mixin provides an implementation of the `text:delegate<%>` interface.

This effect is similar to that achieved by `text:inline-overview-mixin`, but this implementation has significant performance overheads that affect interactivity. Use `text:inline-overview-mixin` instead.

```
(send a-text:delegate highlight-range  start
                                       end
                                       color
                                      [caret-space
                                       priority
                                       style])      → (-> void?)
  start : exact-integer?
  end : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  color : (or/c string? (is-a?/c color%))
  caret-space : boolean? = #f
  priority : (or/c 'high 'low) = 'low
  style : (or/c 'rectangle 'ellipse 'hollow-ellipse 'dot)
        = 'rectangle
```

Overrides `highlight-range` in `text:basic<%>`.

In addition to calling the super method, `highlight-range`, this method forwards the highlighting to the delegatee.

```
(send a-text:delegate unhighlight-range  start
                                         end
                                         color
                                        [caret-space
                                         style])      → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  end : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  color : (or/c string? (is-a?/c color%))
  caret-space : boolean? = #f
  style : (or/c 'rectangle 'ellipse 'hollow-ellipse)
        = 'rectangle
```

Overrides `unhighlight-range` in `text:basic<%>`.

This method propagates the call to the delegate and calls the super method.

```
(send a-text:delegate on-paint before?
                               dc
                               left
                               top
                               right
                               bottom
                               dx
                               dy
                               draw-caret) → void?
  before? : any/c
  dc : (is-a?/c dc<%>)
  left : real?
  top : real?
  right : real?
  bottom : real?
  dx : real?
  dy : real?
  draw-caret : (one-of/c 'no-caret 'show-inactive-caret 'show-caret)
```

Overrides `on-paint` in `editor<%>`.

Draws a blue region in the delegatee editor that shows where the visible region of the delegate editor is.

```
(send a-text:delegate on-edit-sequence) → void?
```

Augments `on-edit-sequence` in `editor<%>`.

starts an edit sequence in the delegate.

```
(send a-text:delegate after-edit-sequence) → void?
```

Augments after-edit-sequence in editor<%>.

ends an edit sequence in the delegate.

```
(send a-text:delegate resized snip
                              redraw-now?) → void?
  snip : (is-a?/c snip%)
  redraw-now? : boolean?
```

Overrides resized in editor<%>.

Sends a message to the delegate to update the size of the copied snip, if there is one.

```
(send a-text:delegate after-insert start
                                   len)  → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments after-insert in text%.

forwards the change to the delegate

```
(send a-text:delegate after-delete start
                                   len)  → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments after-delete in text%.

forwards the change to the delegate.

```
(send a-text:delegate after-change-style start
                                        len)  → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments after-change-style in text%.

forwards the changed style to the delegate.

```
(send a-text:delegate on-load-file filename
                                   format)  → void?
  filename : string?
  format : symbol?
```

Augments on-load-file in editor<%>.

remembers the filename, for use in after-load-file.

```
(send a-text:delegate after-load-file success?) → void?
  success? : boolean?
```

Augments after-load-file in editor<%>.

updates the delegate with the new contents of the text.

text:info<%> : interface?
  implements: text:basic<%>

Objects supporting this interface are expected to send information about themselves to the frame that is displaying them.

text:info-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: editor:keymap<%>
                               text:basic<%>
  result implements: text:info<%>

This mixin adds support for supplying information to objects created with frame:info-mixin. When this editor:basic<%> is displayed in a frame, that frame must have been created with frame:info-mixin.

(send a-text:info set-anchor on?) → void?
  on? : any/c

Overrides set-anchor in text%.

Calls the anchor-status-changed method of the frame that is viewing this object. It uses get-canvas to get the canvas for this frame, and uses that canvas's top-level-window<%> as the frame.

(send a-text:info set-overwrite-mode on?) → void?
  on? : any/c

Overrides set-overwrite-mode in text%.

Calls the overwrite-status-changedmethod of the frame that is viewing this object. It uses get-canvas to get the canvas for this frame, and uses that canvas's top-level-window<%> as the frame.

(send a-text:info after-set-position) → void?

Augments after-set-position in text%.

Calls the editor-position-changed method of the frame that is viewing this object. It uses get-canvas to get the canvas for this frame, and uses that canvas's top-level-window<%> as the frame.

```
(send a-text:info after-insert start len) → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments after-insert in text%.

Calls the editor-position-changed method of the frame that is viewing this object. It uses get-canvas to get the canvas for this frame, and uses that canvas's top-level-window<%> as the frame.

```
(send a-text:info after-delete start len) → void?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments after-delete in text%.

Calls the editor-position-changed method of the frame that is viewing this object. It uses get-canvas to get the canvas for this frame, and uses that canvas's top-level-window<%> as the frame.

```
text:clever-file-format<%> : interface?
  implements: text%
```

Objects supporting this interface are expected to support a clever file format when saving.

```
text:clever-file-format-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text%
  result implements: text:clever-file-format<%>
```

The result of this mixin uses the same initialization arguments as the mixin's argument.

When files are saved from this text%, a check is made to see if there are any non-string-snip% objects in the text%. If so, it is saved using the file format 'std. (see set-file-format for more information. If not, the file format passed to save-file is used.

```
(send a-text:clever-file-format on-save-file filename
                                            format)  → void?
  filename : path?
  format : (or/c 'guess 'standard 'text
                 'text-force-cr 'same 'copy)
```

Augments on-save-file in editor<%>.

If the method get-file-format returns 'standard and the text has only string-snip%s, the file format is set to 'text.

If the method get-file-format returns 'text and the text has some non string-snip%s, the file format is set to 'standard.

Depending on the user's preferences, the user may also be queried.

Also, the changes to the file format only happen if the argument file-format is 'copy or 'same.

```
text:crlf-line-endings<%> : interface?
  implements: text%
```

Objects supporting this interface use use-file-text-mode to change the line ending style under windows. See after-load-file for more information.

```
text:crlf-line-endings-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text%
  result implements: text:crlf-line-endings<%>
```

```
(send a-text:crlf-line-endings after-load-file success?)
 → void?
  success? : any/c
```

Overrides after-load-file in editor<%>.

Checks to see if the newly loaded file has any lines terminated with "\n" (i.e., not "\r\n") or if the file is empty. If so, and if the system-type returns 'windows, then this method calls use-file-text-mode, passing #f.

Otherwise, calls use-file-text-mode with #t.

```
text:file<%> : interface?
  implements: editor:file<%>
              text:basic<%>
```

Mixins that implement this interface lock themselves when the file they are editing is read only.

```
(send a-text:file get-read-write?) → boolean?
```

Indicates whether or not this editor is in read-write mode.

```
(send a-text:file while-unlocked thunk) → any/c
  thunk : (-> any/c)
```

Unlocks the editor, calls the thunk, and then relocks the editor, all using a dynamic-wind.

```
text:file-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: editor:file<%>
                               text:basic<%>
  result implements: text:file<%>
```

```
(send a-text:file can-insert? start len) → boolean?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments can-insert? in text%.

Returns false if the result of get-read-write? is true, otherwise returns the result of calling inner.

```
(send a-text:file can-delete? start len) → boolean?
  start : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  len : exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Augments can-delete? in text%.

Returns false if the result of get-read-write? is true, otherwise returns the result of calling inner.

```
(send a-text:file after-save-file) → void?
```

Augments after-save-file in editor<%>.

Checks if the newly saved file is write-only in the filesystem. If so, locks the editor with the lock method. Otherwise unlocks the buffer

For each canvas returned from get-canvases it checks to see if the canvas%'s get-top-level-window matches the frame:editor<%> interface. If so, it calls set-label with the last part of the filename (ie, the name of the file, not the directory the file is in).

```
(send a-text:file after-load-file) → void?
```

Augments after-load-file in editor<%>.

Checks if the newly loaded file is write-only in the filesystem. If so, locks the editor with the lock method. Otherwise unlocks the buffer

For each canvas returned from get-canvases it checks to see if the canvas%'s get-top-level-window matches the frame:editor<%> interface. If so, it calls set-label with the last part of the filename (ie, the name of the file, not the directory the file is in).

```
text:ports<%> : interface?
```

Classes implementing this interface (via the associated mixin) support input and output ports that read from and to the editor.

There are two input ports: the normal input port just reads from the editor's contents directly and the box input port inserts an editor snip into this text and uses input typed into the box as input into the port.

There are three output ports, designed to match stdout, stderr, and a special port for printing values. The only difference between them is the output is rendered in different colors when it comes in via the different ports.

They create three threads to mediate access to the input and output ports (one for each input port and one for all of the output ports).

```
(send a-text:ports delete/io start end) → void?
  start : exact-integer?
  end : exact-integer?
```

Deletes the text between *start* and *end* without changing the behavior of the ports (otherwise, deleting the text would break internal invariants of the port).

Both *start* and *end* must be less than get-insertion-point (or else it is safe to delete them via delete, so you don't need this method).

```
(send a-text:ports insert/io str pos) → void?
  str : string?
  pos : exact-integer?
```

Inserts *str* at the position start without changing the behavior of the ports (otherwise, inserting the text would break internal invariants of the port).

The *pos* argument must be less than get-insertion-point (or else it is safe to insert the string via insert, so you don't need this method).

Added in version 1.2 of package gui-lib.

```
(send a-text:ports do-submission) → void?
```

Triggers a submission to the input port with what is currently pending in the editor.

```
(send a-text:ports get-insertion-point) → exact-integer?
```

Returns the position where characters put into the output port will appear.

```
(send a-text:ports set-insertion-point ip) → void?
  ip : exact-integer?
```

Sets the position where the output port will insert characters. See also `get-insertion-point`.

```
(send a-text:ports get-unread-start-point) → exact-integer?
```

Returns the position where input will be taken into the input port (after the next time return is typed).

```
(send a-text:ports set-unread-start-point usp) → void?
  usp : exact-integer?
```

Sets the position where input will be taken into the input port (after the next time return is typed).

See also `get-unread-start-point`.

```
(send a-text:ports set-allow-edits allow-edits?) → void?
  allow-edits? : boolean?
```

Enables or disables editing in the buffer. Be sure to update the unread start point (via `set-unread-start-point`) and the insertion point (via `set-insertion-point`) after making changes to the buffer.

```
(send a-text:ports get-allow-edits) → boolean?
```

Indicates if editing is allowed in the buffer at this point.

```
(send a-text:ports insert-between str) → void?
  str : (or/c (is-a?/c snip%) string?)
```

Inserts some text between the unread start point and the insertion point (and updates them properly). To insert before the two points, see `insert-before`.

See also `set-unread-start-point` and `set-insertion-point`.

```
(send a-text:ports insert-before str) → void?
  str : (or/c (is-a?/c snip%) string?)
```

Inserts some text before the unread start point and updates it and the insertion point properly. To insert between the two points, see `insert-between`.

See also `set-unread-start-point` and `set-insertion-point`.

```
(send a-text:ports submit-to-port? key) → boolean?
  key : (is-a?/c key-event%)
```

Augment this method to help control when characters should be submitted to the input port.

Return `#t` or the result of calling `inner`.

```
(send a-text:ports on-submit) → void?
```

This method is called when text is sent into the input port.

Does nothing.

```
(send a-text:ports send-eof-to-in-port) → void?
```

This method puts an eof into the input port.

```
(send a-text:ports send-eof-to-box-in-port) → void?
```

This method puts an eof into the box input port.

```
(send a-text:ports reset-input-box) → void?
```

This method removes the current input box from the editor (and all input in it is lost).

```
(send a-text:ports clear-output-ports) → void?
```

Flushes all of the data in all of the output ports that hasn't appeared in the editor yet.

```
(send a-text:ports clear-input-port) → void?
```

Flushes all of the data in the input port that hasn't yet been read. Reading will now block.

```
(send a-text:ports clear-box-input-port) → void?
```

Flushes all of the data in the box input port that hasn't yet been read. Reading will now block.

```
(send a-text:ports get-out-style-delta)
 → (or/c (is-a?/c style-delta%) string?)
```

The result of this method is the style that is used to color text submitted to the result of `get-out-port`.

If the result is a string that is not mapped in the editor's style list, the style named `"Standard"` is used and if that isn't mapped, the style named `"Basic"` is used.

This method is called during the initialization of the class.

By default, returns `"text:ports out"` which is mapped to a blue style in the style list returned by `editor:get-standard-style-list`.

```
(send a-text:ports get-err-style-delta)
 → (or/c (is-a?/c style-delta%) string?)
```

The result of this method is the style that is used to color text submitted to the result of `get-err-port`.

If the result is a string that is not mapped in the editor's style list, the style named `"Standard"` is used and if that isn't mapped, the style named `"Basic"` is used.

This method is called during the initialization of the class.

By default, returns `"text:ports err"` which is mapped to a red italic style in the style list returned by `editor:get-standard-style-list`.

```
(send a-text:ports get-value-style-delta)
 → (or/c (is-a?/c style-delta%) string?)
```

The result of this method is the style (or the name of the style) that is used to color text submitted to the result of `get-value-port`.

If the result is a string that is not mapped in the editor's style list, the style named `"Standard"` is used and if that isn't mapped, the style named `"Basic"` is used.

This method is called during the initialization of the class.

By default, returns `"text:ports value"` which is mapped to a blue style in the style list returned by `editor:get-standard-style-list`.

```
(send a-text:ports get-in-port) → input-port?
```

Returns the input port that data in this editor is sent to.

```
(send a-text:ports get-in-box-port) → input-port?
```

Returns the box input port that data in this editor is sent to.

```
(send a-text:ports get-out-port) → output-port?
```

Returns an output port that writes into this editor. The only difference between this port and the ports returned by `get-err-port` and `get-value-port` is the font style and color.

```
(send a-text:ports get-err-port) → output-port?
```

Returns an output port that writes into this editor. The only difference between this port and the ports returned by `get-err-port` and `get-out-port` is the font style and color.

```
(send a-text:ports get-value-port) → output-port?
```

Returns an output port that writes into this editor. The only difference between this port and the ports returned by `get-err-port` and `get-out-port` is the font style and color.

```
(send a-text:ports after-io-insertion) → void?
```

This method is called after an insertion due to IO occurs.

```
(send a-text:ports get-box-input-editor-snip%)
 → (subclass?/c editor-snip%)
```

The result of this method is used as the class of editor snips that is inserted by the box port in this editor.

The default result is a subclass of `editor-snip%` that calls `use-style-background` with `#t` during initialization.

```
(send a-text:ports get-box-input-text%)
 → (is-a?/c text:input-box<%>)
```

The result of this method is instantiated and placed inside the result of `get-box-input-editor-snip%`.

```
text:ports-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text:wide-snip<%>
  result implements: text:ports<%>
```

The ports from this mixin accepts as special values (see `port-writes-special?`) markup from the `simple-tree-text-markup/data` module, and renders them with graphical boxes and clickable srcloc links.

```
(send a-text:ports can-insert? start len) → boolean?
  start : exact-integer?
  len : exact-integer?
```

Augments can-insert? in text%.

Returns the results of the inner call, unless get-allow-edits returns #f.

```
(send a-text:ports can-delete? start len) → boolean?
  start : exact-integer?
  len : exact-integer?
```

Augments can-delete? in text%.

Returns the results of the inner call, unless get-allow-edits returns #f.

```
(send a-text:ports on-local-char event) → void?
  event : (is-a?/c key-event%)
```

Overrides on-local-char in editor<%>.

Sends the data between the last position and the result of get-unread-start-point to the input port, unless submit-to-port? returns #f.

Also calls on-submit.

```
(send a-text:ports on-display-size) → void?
```

Augments on-display-size in editor<%>.

Adjusts the embedded editor-snip (used for reading input to the get-in-box-port) to match the width of the editor.

```
text:input-box<%> : interface?
  implements: text%
```

Classes that implement this interface are used as the editors for the box input port in text:ports%.

```
text:input-box-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text%
  result implements: text:input-box<%>
```

This mixin provides an implementation of text:input-box<%> for use with text:ports<%>.

```
(send a-text:input-box on-default-char event) → void?
  event : (is-a?/c key-event%)
```

Overrides `on-default-char` in `text%`.

Notifies the `text:ports<%>` enclosing this editor that a new line of input has been provided.

```
(send a-text:input-box default-style-name) → string?
```

Overrides `default-style-name` in `editor<%>`.

Returns `(editor:get-default-color-style-name)`.

```
text:autocomplete<%> : interface?
  implements: text%
```

The mixin implementing this interface provides an unintrusive autocompletion menu when a particular (configurable) keystroke is pressed.

```
(send a-text:autocomplete auto-complete) → void?
```

Starts a completion.

```
(send a-text:autocomplete get-autocomplete-border-color)
 → (or/c string? (is-a?/c color%))
```

The border color for the autocomplete menu. Defaults to `"black"`.

```
(send a-text:autocomplete get-autocomplete-background-color)
 → (or/c string? (is-a?/c color%))
```

The background color for the non-selected menu items. Defaults to `"lavender"`.

```
(send a-text:autocomplete get-autocomplete-selected-color)
 → (or/c string? (is-a?/c color%))
```

The background color for the selected menu item. Defaults to `(make-object color% 204 153 255)`.

```
(send a-text:autocomplete completion-mode-key-event? key-event)
 → boolean?
  key-event : (is-a?/c key-event%)
```

Returns true when the key event passed to it should initiate the completions menu.

```
(send a-text:autocomplete get-all-words) → (listof string?)
```

Returns the list of the words that autocompletion should choose from.

```
(send a-text:autocomplete get-word-at pos) → string?
  pos : exact-positive-integer?
```

Given an editor location, returns the prefix ending at that location that autocompletion should try to complete.

```
text:autocomplete-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text%
  result implements: text:autocomplete<%>
```

```
(send a-text:autocomplete on-paint) → void?
```

Overrides on-paint in editor<%>.

Draws the completion menu (when it is popped up).

```
(send a-text:autocomplete on-char) → void?
```

Overrides on-char in editor<%>.

Takes over the handling of key events when the completions menu is visible. Also, when the completions menu is not visible, it calls the completion-mode-key-event? method to see if it should start completing.

```
(send a-text:autocomplete on-event) → void?
```

Overrides on-event in editor<%>.

This method is overridden to allow mouse access of the completions menu. It only handles events when there is a menu open and the mouse is in the menu, in which case it makes the menu trace the mouse.

The only time it does not call the super method is when the mouse is button is pushed.

```
text:overwrite-disable<%> : interface?
```

Classes implementing this interface disable overwrite mode when the overwrite mode keybindings are turned off.

`text:overwrite-disable-mixin` : `(class? . -> . class?)`
argument extends/implements: `text%`
result implements: `text:set-overwrite-mode<%>`

This mixin adds a callback for `'framework:overwrite-mode-keybindings` via `preferences:add-callback` that calls `set-overwrite-mode` with `#f` when the preference is set to `#f`.

`text:basic%` : `class?`
superclass: `(text:basic-mixin (editor:basic-mixin text%))`

`text:line-spacing%` : `class?`
superclass: `(text:line-spacing-mixin text:basic%)`

`text:hide-caret/selection%` : `class?`
superclass: `(text:hide-caret/selection-mixin text:line-spacing%)`

`text:nbsp->space%` : `class?`
superclass: `(text:nbsp->space-mixin text:line-spacing%)`

`text:normalize-paste%` : `class?`
superclass: `(text:normalize-paste-mixin text:line-spacing%)`

```
text:delegate% : class?
  superclass: (text:delegate-mixin text:line-spacing%)
```

```
text:wide-snip% : class?
  superclass: (text:wide-snip-mixin text:line-spacing%)
```

```
text:standard-style-list% : class?
  superclass: (editor:standard-style-list-mixin text:wide-snip%)
```

```
text:input-box% : class?
  superclass: (text:input-box-mixin text:standard-style-list%)
```

```
text:keymap% : class?
  superclass: (text:overwrite-disable-mixin (editor:keymap-mixin text:standard-style-list%))
```

```
text:return% : class?
  superclass: (text:return-mixin text:keymap%)
```

```
text:autowrap% : class?
  superclass: (editor:autowrap-mixin text:keymap%)
```

```
text:file% : class?
  superclass: (text:file-mixin (editor:file-mixin text:autowrap%))
```

```
text:clever-file-format% : class?
  superclass: (text:clever-file-format-mixin text:file%)
```

```
text:backup-autosave% : class?
  superclass: (editor:backup-autosave-mixin text:clever-file-format%)
```

```
text:searching% : class?
  superclass: (text:searching-mixin text:backup-autosave%)
```

```
text:info% : class?
  superclass: (text:info-mixin (editor:info-mixin text:searching%))
```

```
text:line-numbers<%> : interface?
```

```
(send a-text:line-numbers show-line-numbers! show) → void?
  show : boolean?
```

Enables or disables line number drawing.

```
(send a-text:line-numbers show-line-numbers?) → boolean?
```

Returns whether or not line drawing is enabled.

```
(send a-text:line-numbers set-line-numbers-
color color) → void?
  color : string?
```

Sets the color of the line numbers.

```
text:line-numbers-mixin : (class? . -> . class?)
  argument extends/implements: text%
                               editor:standard-style-list<%>
  result implements: text:line-numbers<%>
```

```
(send a-text:line-numbers on-paint) → void?
```

Overrides `on-paint` in `editor<%>`.

Draws the line numbers.

```
(send a-text:line-numbers show-line-numbers! show) → void?
  show : boolean?
```

Enables or disables line number drawing.

```
(send a-text:line-numbers show-line-numbers?) → boolean?
```

Returns whether or not line drawing is enabled.

```
(send a-text:line-numbers set-line-numbers-
color color) → void?
  color : string?
```

Sets the color of the line numbers.

```
(text:range? arg) → boolean?
  arg : any/c
```

Determines if *arg* is an instance of the `range` struct.

```
(text:range-start range) → exact-nonnegative-integer?
  range : text:range?
```

Returns the start position of the range.

```
(text:range-end range) → exact-nonnegative-integer?
  range : text:range?
```

Returns the end position of the range.

```
(text:range-caret-space? range) → boolean?
  range : text:range?
```

Returns a boolean indicating where the caret-space in the range goes. See also highlight-range.

```
(text:range-style range)
 → (or/c 'rectangle 'hollow-ellipse 'ellipse 'dot)
  range : text:range?
```

Returns the style of the range. See also highlight-range.

```
(text:range-color range) → (or/c string? (is-a?/c color%))
  range : text:range?
```

Returns the color of the highlighted range.

```
(text:autocomplete-append-after) → string?
(text:autocomplete-append-after suffix) → void?
  suffix : string?
```

A string that is inserted after a completion is inserted by a `text:autocomplete` instance.

Defaults to `""`.

```
(text:autocomplete-limit) → (and/c integer? exact? positive?)
(text:autocomplete-limit count) → void?
  count : (and/c integer? exact? positive?)
```

Controls the number of completions visible at a time in the menu produced by `text:autocomplete` instances.

Defaults to 15.

```
(text:get-completions/manuals manuals) → (listof string?)
  manuals : (or/c false/c (listof symbol?))
```

Returns the list of keywords for the manuals from *manuals* by extracting all of the documented exports of the manuals. The symbols are meant to be module paths, e.g., the quoted form of the argument to `require`.

If *manuals* is false, then all of the documented names are used.

```
(text:lookup-port-name manuals)
 → (or/c (is-a?/c editor:basic<%>) false/c)
  manuals : symbol?
```

Returns the editor instance whose port-name matches the given symbol. If no editor can be found, then returns `false`.

```
(text:make-snip-special snip) → text:snip-special?
  snip : (is-a?/c snip%)
```

Returns a `snip-special` to be used as a special with the ports in `text:ports<%>`.

When a snip is sent as a special, if it has a `snip-class%` from a different eventspace, it may not work properly in the `text%` object connected to the ports in a `text:port<%>` object. This function, when it is called, constructs the bytes corresponding to the result of using the *snip*'s write method and saves them in its result. Then, when the result is used as a special, the snip will rebuild from the bytes, but now using the `snip-class%` from the eventspace where the `text:ports<%>` operates.

```
(text:snip-special? v) → boolean?
  v : any/c
```

Recognizes the result of `text:make-snip-special`.

```
(text:send-snip-to-port snip port) → void?
  snip : (is-a?/c snip%)
  port : output-port?
```

Sends *snip* to *port* by using `text:make-snip-special`, handling a few special cases for performance and backwards compatibility reasons.

32 Splash

```
(require framework/splash)
```
package: gui-lib

This module helps support applications with splash screens like the one in DrRacket.

When this module is invoked, it sets the current-load parameter to a procedure that counts how many files are loaded (until shutdown-splash is called) and uses that number to control the gauge along the bottom of the splash screen.

```
(start-splash  draw-spec
               splash-title
               width-default
              [#:allow-funny? allow-funny?
               #:frame-icon frame-icon]
               #:increment-splash increment-splash) → void?
  draw-spec : (or/c path-string?
                    (is-a?/c bitmap%)
                    (vector/c (or/c (-> (is-a?/c dc<%>) void?)
                                    (-> (is-a?/c dc<%>)
                                        exact-nonnegative-integer?
                                        exact-nonnegative-integer?
                                        exact-nonnegative-integer?
                                        exact-nonnegative-integer?
                                        void?))
                              exact-nonnegative-integer?
                              exact-nonnegative-integer?))
  splash-title : string?
  width-default : exact-nonnegative-integer?
  allow-funny? : boolean? = #f
  frame-icon : (or/c #f                          = #f
                     (is-a?/c bitmap%)
                     (cons/c (is-a?/c bitmap%)
                             (is-a?/c bitmap%)))
  increment-splash : (or/c #f (-> (-> void?) any))
```

Starts a new splash screen. The splash screen is created in its own, new eventspace. The progress gauge at the bottom of the window advances as files are loaded (monitored via the current-load parameter).

The *draw-spec* determines what the splash window contains. The *splash-title* is used as the title of the window and the *width-default* determines how many progress steps the gauge in the splash screen should contain if there is no preference saved for the splash screen width. The splash library uses get-preference and put-preferences to store preferences, using

```
(string->symbol (format "plt:~a-splash-max-width" splash-title))
```

as the key for the preference. Each time the app starts up, the maximum width is reset based on the number of files that were loaded that time.

If the *draw-spec* is a path-string?, then the path is expected to be a file that contains a bitmap that is drawn as the contents of the splash screen. If it is a bitmap, then that bitmap is used directly. If *draw-spec* is a vector, then the vector's first element is a procedure that is called to draw the splash screen and the other two integers are the size of the splash screen, width followed by height. If the procedure accepts only one argument, then it is called with a dc<%> object where the drawing should occur. If it accepts 5 arguments, it is called with the dc<%>, as well as (in order) the current value of the gauge, the maximum value of the gauge, and the width and the height of the area to draw.

The *allow-funny?* argument determines if a special gauge is used on Christmas day.

The *frame-icon* is used just like the value of the parameter frame:current-icon is used, but for the splash screen.

If *increment-splash* is #false, start-splah sets the current-load parameter to a function that advances the splash screen progress bar. If *increment-splash* is a function, it calls the function with a thunk that will advance the splash screen progress bar.

```
(shutdown-splash) → void?
```

Stops the splash window's gauge from advancing. Call this after all of the files have been loaded.

```
(close-splash) → void?
```

Closes the splash window. Call shutdown-splash first. You can leave some time between these two if there is more initialization work to be done where you do not want to count loaded files.

```
(add-splash-icon bmp x y) → void?
  bmp : (is-a?/c bitmap%)
  x : real?
  y : real?
```

Adds an icon to the splash screen. (DrRacket uses this function to show the tools as they are loaded.)

```
(get-splash-bitmap) → (or/c #f (is-a?/c bitmap%))
```

Returns the splash bitmap unless one has not been set.

```
(set-splash-bitmap bmp) → void?
  bmp : (is-a?/c bitmap%)
```

Sets the splash bitmap to *bmp* and triggers a redrawing of the splash screen. Don't use this to set the initial bitmap, use `start-splash` instead.

```
(get-splash-canvas) → (is-a?/c canvas%)
```

Returns the canvas where the splash screen bitmap is drawn (if there is a bitmap); see `start-splash` for how the splash is drawn.

```
(get-splash-eventspace) → eventspace?
```

Returns the splash screen's eventspace.

```
(get-splash-paint-callback) → (-> (is-a?/c dc<%>)
                                  exact-nonnegative-integer?
                                  exact-nonnegative-integer?
                                  exact-nonnegative-integer?
                                  exact-nonnegative-integer?
                                  void?)
```

Returns the callback that is invoked when redrawing the splash screen.

```
(set-splash-paint-callback cb) → void?
  cb : (-> (is-a?/c dc<%>)
           exact-nonnegative-integer?
           exact-nonnegative-integer?
           exact-nonnegative-integer?
           exact-nonnegative-integer?
           void?)
```

Sets the callback that is invoked when redrawing the splash screen. See `start-splash` for what the arguments are.

```
(set-splash-progress-bar?! b) → void?
  b : boolean?
```

Calling this procedure with `#f` removes the progress bar from the splash screen. Useful in conjunction with setting your own paint callback for the splash screen that measures progress

in its own way, during drawing. DrRacket uses this on King Kamehameha and Prince Kuhio day.

```
(set-splash-char-observer obs) → void?
  obs : (-> (is-a?/c key-event%) any)
```

Sets a procedure that is called whenever a user types a key with the splash screen as the focus.

```
(set-splash-event-callback obj) → void?
  obj : (-> (is-?/c mouse-event%) any)
```

Sets a procedure that is called whenever a mouse event happens in the splash canvas.

```
(get-splash-event-callback) → (-> (is-?/c mouse-event%) any)
```

Returns the last procedure passed to `set-splash-event-callback` or `void`, if `set-splash-event-callback` has not been called.

```
(set-refresh-splash-on-gauge-change?! proc) → void?
  proc : (-> exact-nonnegative-integer?
             exact-nonnegative-integer?
             any)
```

Sets a procedure that is called each time the splash gauge changes. If the procedure returns a true value (i.e., not `#f`), then the splash screen is redrawn. The procedure is called with the current value of the gauge and the maximum value.

The default function is `(lambda (curr tot) #f)`.

```
(get-splash-width) → exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Returns the width of the splash drawing area / bitmap. See `start-splash` for the details of the size and how things are drawn.

```
(get-splash-height) → exact-nonnegative-integer?
```

Returns the width of the splash drawing area / bitmap. See `start-splash` for the details of the size and how things are drawn.

```
(refresh-splash) → void?
```

Triggers a refresh of the splash, handling the details of double buffering and doing the drawing on the splash's eventspace's main thread.

33 Test

```
(require framework/test)
```
package: gui-lib

The framework provides several new primitive functions that simulate user actions, which may be used to test applications. You use these primitives and combine them just as regular Racket functions. For example,

```
(test:keystroke #\A)
(test:menu-select "File" "Save")
```

sends a keystroke event to the window with the keyboard focus and invokes the callback function for the "Save" menu item from the "File" menu. This has the same effect as if the user typed the key "A", pulled down the "File" menu and selected "Save".

It is possible to load this portion of the framework without loading the rest of the framework. Use `(require framework/test)`.

Currently, the test engine has primitives for pushing buttons, setting check-boxes and choices, sending keystrokes, selecting menu items and clicking the mouse. Many functions that are also useful in application testing, such as traversing a tree of panels, getting the text from a canvas, determining if a window is shown, and so on, exist in GRacket.

33.1 Actions and completeness

The actions associated with a testing primitive may not have finished when the primitive returns to its caller. Some actions may yield control before they can complete. For example, selecting "Save As..." from the "File" menu opens a dialog box and will not complete until the "OK" or "Cancel" button is pushed.

However, all testing functions wait at least a minimum interval before returning to give the action a chance to finish. This interval controls the speed at which the test suite runs, and gives some slack time for events to complete. The default interval is 100 milliseconds. The interval can be queried or set with `test:run-interval`.

A primitive action will not return until the run-interval has expired and the action has finished, raised an error, or yielded. The number of incomplete actions is given by `test:number-pending-actions`.

Note: Once a primitive action is started, it is not possible to undo it or kill its remaining effect. Thus, it is not possible to write a utility that flushes the incomplete actions and resets number-pending-actions to zero.

However, actions which do not complete right away often provide a way to cancel themselves. For example, many dialog boxes have a "Cancel" button which will terminate the

action with no further effect. But this is accomplished by sending an additional action (the button push), not by undoing the original action.

33.2 Errors

Errors in the primitive actions (which necessarily run in the handler thread) are caught and reraised in the calling thread.

However, the primitive actions can only guarantee that the action has started, and they may return before the action has completed. As a consequence, an action may raise an error long after the function that started it has returned. In this case, the error is saved and reraised at the first opportunity (the next primitive action).

The test engine keeps a buffer for one error, saving only the first error. Any subsequent errors are discarded. Reraising an error empties the buffer, allowing the next error to be saved.

The function `test:reraise-error` reraises any pending errors.

33.3 Technical Issues

33.3.1 Active Frame

The Self Test primitive actions all implicitly apply to the top-most (active) frame.

33.3.2 Thread Issues

The code started by the primitive actions must run in the handler thread of the eventspace where the event takes place. As a result, the test suite that invokes the primitive actions must *not* run in that handler thread (or else some actions will deadlock). See `make-eventspace` for more info.

33.3.3 Window Manager (Unix only)

In order for the Self Tester to work correctly, the window manager must set the keyboard focus to follow the active frame. This is the default behavior in Microsoft Windows and MacOS, but not in X windows.

In X windows, you must explicitly tell your window manager to set the keyboard focus to the top-most frame, regardless of the position of the actual mouse.

33.4 Test Functions

```
(test:button-push button) → void?
  button : (or/c (and/c (or/c string?
                              regexp?)
                        label-of-enabled/shown-button-in-top-level-window?)
                 (and/c (is-a?/c button%)
                        enabled-shown-button?
                        button-in-top-level-focusd-window?))
```

Simulates pushing *button*. If a string is supplied, the primitive searches for a button labelled with that string in the active frame. Otherwise, it pushes the button argument.

```
(test:set-radio-box! radio-box state) → void?
  radio-box : (or/c string? regexp? (is-a?/c radio-box%))
  state : (or/c string? number?)
```

Sets the radio-box to the label matching *state*. If *state* is a string, this function finds the choice with that label. If it is a regexp, this function finds the first choice whose label matches the regexp. If it is a number, it uses the number as an index into the state. If the number is out of range or if the label isn't in the radio box, an exception is raised.

If *radio-box* is a string, this function searches for a `radio-box%` object with a label matching that string, otherwise it uses *radio-box* itself.

```
(test:set-radio-box-item! entry) → void?
  entry : (or/c (or/c string? regexp?) regexp?)
```

Finds a `radio-box%` that has a label matching *entry* and sets the radio-box to *entry*.

```
(test:set-check-box! check-box state) → void?
  check-box : (or/c string? regexp? (is-a?/c check-box%))
  state : boolean?
```

Clears the `check-box%` item if *state* is `#f`, and sets it otherwise.

If *check-box* is a string, this function searches for a `check-box%` with a label matching that string, otherwise it uses *check-box* itself.

```
(test:set-choice! choice str) → void?
  choice : (or/c string? regexp? (is-a?/c choice%))
  str : (or/c string? regexp? (and/c number? exact? integer? positive?))
```

Selects *choice*'s item *str*. If *choice* is a string, this function searches for a choice% with a label matching that string, otherwise it uses *choice* itself.

```
(test:set-list-box! choice str/index) → void?
  choice : (or/c string? regexp? (is-a?/c list-box%))
  str/index : (or/c string? regexp? exact-nonnegative-integer?)
```

Selects list-box's item str. If list-box is a string, this function searches for a list-box% with a label matching that string, otherwise it uses list-box itself.

The *str/index* field is used to control which entry in the list box is chosen.

```
(test:keystroke key [modifier-list]) → void?
  key : (or/c char? symbol?)
  modifier-list : (listof (or/c 'alt 'control 'meta 'shift
                                'noalt 'nocontrol 'nometa 'noshift))
                = null
```

This function simulates a user pressing a key. The argument, *key*, is just like the argument to the get-key-code method of the key-event% class.

Note: To send the "Enter" key, use #\return, not #\newline.

The 'shift or 'noshift modifier is implicitly set from *key*, but is overridden by the argument list. The 'shift modifier is set for any capitol alpha-numeric letters and any of the following characters:

```
#\? #\: #\~ #\\ #\|
#\< #\> #\{ #\} #\[ #\] #\( #\)
#\! #\@ #\# #\$ #\% #\^ #\& #\* #\_ #\+
```

If conflicting modifiers are provided, the ones later in the list are used.

```
(test:menu-select menu items ...) → void?
  menu : string?
  items : (listof string?)
```

Selects the menu-item named by the items in the menu named *menu*.

Note: The string for the menu item does not include its keyboard equivalent. For example, to select "New" from the "File" menu, use "New", not "New Ctrl+N".

```
(test:mouse-click button x y [modifiers]) → void?
  button : (or/c 'left 'middle 'right)
  x : (and/c exact? integer?)
  y : (and/c exact? integer?)
  modifiers : (listof (or/c 'alt 'control 'meta 'shift 'noalt
                            'nocontrol 'nometa 'noshift))
            = null
```

Simulates a mouse click at the coordinate (x,y) in the currently focused `window`, assuming that it supports the on-event method. Use `test:button-push` to click on a button.

Under Mac OS, `'right` corresponds to holding down the command modifier key while clicking and `'middle` cannot be generated.

Under Windows, `'middle` can only be generated if the user has a three button mouse.

The modifiers later in the list *`modifiers`* take precedence over ones that appear earlier.

```
(test:run-interval msec) → void?
  msec : number?
(test:run-interval) → number?
```

See also §33.1 "Actions and completeness". The first case in the case-lambda sets the run interval to *`msec`* milliseconds and the second returns the current setting.

```
(test:current-get-eventspaces) → (-> (listof eventspace?))
(test:current-get-eventspaces func) → void?
  func : (-> (listof eventspace?))
```

This parameter that specifies which evenspaces (see also §1.6 "Event Dispatching and Eventspaces") are considered when finding the frontmost frame. The first case sets the parameter to *`func`*. The procedure *`func`* will be invoked with no arguments to determine the eventspaces to consider when finding the frontmost frame for simulated user events. The second case returns the current value of the parameter. This will be a procedure which, when invoked, returns a list of eventspaces.

```
(test:new-window window) → void?
  window : (is-a?/c window<%>)
```

Moves the keyboard focus to a new window within the currently active frame. Unfortunately, neither this function nor any other function in the test engine can cause the focus to move from the top-most (active) frame.

```
(test:close-top-level-window tlw) → void?
  tlw : (is-a?/c top-level-window<%>)
```

Use this function to simulate clicking on the close box of a frame. Closes *tlw* with this expression:

```
(when (send tlw can-close?)
  (send tlw on-close)
  (send tlw show #f))
```

```
(test:top-level-focus-window-has? test) → boolean?
  test : (-> (is-a?/c area<%>) boolean?)
```

Calls *test* for each child of the `test:get-active-top-level-window` and returns `#t` if *test* ever does, otherwise returns `#f`. If there is no top-level-focus-window, returns `#f`.

```
(test:number-pending-actions) → number?
```

Returns the number of pending events (those that haven't completed yet)

```
(test:reraise-error) → void?
```

See also §33.2 "Errors".

```
(test:run-one f) → void?
  f : (-> void?)
```

Runs the function *f* as if it was a simulated event.

```
(test:use-focus-table) → (or/c boolean? 'debug)
(test:use-focus-table use-focus-table?) → void?
  use-focus-table? : (or/c boolean? 'debug)
```

If `#t`, then the test framework uses `frame:lookup-focus-table` to determine which is the focused frame. If `#f`, then it uses `get-top-level-focus-window`. If `test:use-focus-table`'s value is `'debug`, then it still uses `frame:lookup-focus-table` but it also prints a message to the `current-error-port` when the two methods would give different results.

```
(test:get-active-top-level-window)
 → (or/c (is-a?/c frame%) (is-a?/c dialog%) #f)
```

Returns the frontmost frame, based on `test:use-focus-table`.

```
(label-of-enabled/shown-button-in-top-level-window? label)
 → boolean?
  label : (or/c string? regexp?)
```

Returns `#t` when *label* is the label (or is a regular expression matching the label) of an enabled and shown `button%` instance that is in the top-level window that currently has the focus, using `test:top-level-focus-window-has?`.

```
(enabled-shown-button? button) → boolean?
  button : (is-a?/c button%)
```

Returns `#t` when *button* is both enabled and shown.

```
(button-in-top-level-focusd-window? button) → boolean?
  button : (is-a?/c button%)
```

Returns `#t` when *button* is in the top-level focused window.

34 Version

```
(version:add-spec spec revision) → void?
  spec : any/c
  revision : any/c
```

The two values are appended to the version string. `write` is used to transform them to strings. For example:

```
(version:add-spec 's 1)
```

in version 205 will make the version string be `205s1`. The symbols `'f` and `'d` were used internally for framework and drscheme revisions in the past.

```
(version:version) → string?
```

This function returns a string describing the version of this application. See also `version:add-spec`.

35 Backwards Compatibility

`scheme:text<%>`

An alias for `racket:text<%>`.

`scheme:text-mixin`

An alias for `racket:text-mixin`.

`scheme:text%`

An alias for `racket:text%`.

`scheme:text-mode<%>`

An alias for `racket:text-mode<%>`.

`scheme:text-mode-mixin`

An alias for `racket:text-mode-mixin`.

`scheme:text-mode%`

An alias for `racket:text-mode%`.

`scheme:set-mode-mixin`

An alias for `racket:set-mode-mixin`.

`scheme:sexp-snip%`

An alias for `racket:sexp-snip%`.

`scheme:sexp-snip<%>`

An alias for `racket:sexp-snip<%>`.

`scheme:get-wordbreak-map`

An alias for `racket:get-wordbreak-map`.

`scheme:init-wordbreak-map`

An alias for `racket:init-wordbreak-map`.

`scheme:get-keymap`

An alias for `racket:get-keymap`.

`scheme:setup-keymap`

An alias for `racket:setup-keymap`.

`scheme:add-preferences-panel`

An alias for `racket:add-preferences-panel`.

`scheme:add-coloring-preferences-panel`

An alias for `racket:add-coloring-preferences-panel`.

`scheme:get-color-prefs-table`

An alias for `racket:get-color-prefs-table`.

`scheme:get-white-on-black-color-prefs-table`

An alias for `racket:get-white-on-black-color-prefs-table`.

`scheme:short-sym->pref-name`

An alias for `racket:short-sym->pref-name`.

scheme:short-sym->style-name

An alias for racket:short-sym->style-name.

scheme:text-balanced?

An alias for racket:text-balanced?.

36 Signatures

```
(require framework/framework-sig)
```
package: gui-lib

framework^ : signature

Contains all of the names of the procedures in this manual, except those that begin with test: or gui-utils:.

framework-class^ : signature

Contains all of the classes defined in this manual.

37 Unit

```
(require framework/framework-unit)
```

package: gui-lib

```
framework@ : unit?
```

Exports the signature `framework^` and imports the `mred^` signature.

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on-event (method of text:autocomplete-mixin)
on-event (method of text:first-line-mixin)
on-event (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
on-exit (method of frame:basic-mixin)
on-focus (method of text:searching-mixin)
on-focus (method of editor:basic-mixin)
on-focus (method of mode:host-text-mixin)
on-focus (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
on-focus (method of color:text-mixin)
on-focus (method of canvas:info-mixin)
on-insert (method of text:normalize-paste-mixin)
on-insert (method of text:basic-mixin)
on-insert (method of text:all-string-snips-mixin)
on-insert (method of mode:host-text-mixin)
on-insert (method of text:nbsp->space-mixin)
on-insert (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
on-lexer-valid (method of color:text<%>)
on-load-file (method of editor:autoload-mixin)
on-load-file (method of text:delegate-mixin)
on-load-file (method of mode:host-text-mixin)
on-load-file (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
on-local-char (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
on-local-char (method of

mode:host-text-mixin)
on-local-char (method of text:ascii-art-enlarge-boxes-mixin)
on-local-char (method of text:return-mixin)
on-local-char (method of text:ports-mixin)
on-local-event (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
on-local-event (method of mode:host-text-mixin)
on-move (method of frame:size-pref-mixin)
on-new-box (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
on-new-box (method of editor:basic-mixin)
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on-new-image-snip (method of editor:basic-mixin)
on-new-image-snip (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
on-new-image-snip (method of mode:host-text-mixin)
on-new-string-snip (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
on-new-string-snip (method of mode:host-text-mixin)
on-new-tab-snip (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
on-new-tab-snip (method of mode:host-text-mixin)
on-paint (method of mode:host-text-mixin)
on-paint (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
on-paint (method of text:line-numbers-mixin)
on-paint (method of text:first-line-mixin)
on-paint (method of text:column-guide-mixin)
on-paint (method of text:basic-mixin)
on-paint (method of text:autocomplete-mixin)
on-paint (method of text:delegate-mixin)
on-save-file (method of text:clever-file-format-mixin)
on-save-file (method of mode:host-text-mixin)
on-save-file (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
on-save-file (method of editor:autoload-mixin)
on-save-file (method of editor:backup-autosave-mixin)
on-set-size-constraint (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
on-set-size-constraint (method of color:text-mixin)
on-set-size-constraint (method of mode:host-text-mixin)
on-size (method of canvas:wide-snip-mixin)
on-size (method of frame:size-pref-mixin)
on-snip-modified (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
on-snip-modified (method of mode:host-text-mixin)
on-submit (method of text:ports<%>)
on-subwindow-event (method of panel:dragable-mixin)
on-superwindow-show (method of canvas:delegate-mixin)
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open-status-line (method of frame:status-line<%>)
overwrite-status-changed (method of frame:text-info<%>)

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panel:discrete-child<%>
panel:discrete-sizes-mixin
panel:discrete-sizes<%>
panel:dragable-container-size
panel:dragable-mixin
panel:dragable-place-children
panel:dragable<%>
panel:horizontal-discrete-sizes%
panel:horizontal-dragable%
panel:horizontal-dragable-mixin

panel:horizontal-dragable<%>
panel:single%
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panel:single-window<%>
panel:single<%>
panel:splitter-mixin
panel:splitter<%>
panel:vertical-discrete-sizes%
panel:vertical-dragable%
panel:vertical-dragable-mixin
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Pasteboard
pasteboard:backup-autosave%
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Preferences, Textual
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preferences:add-callback
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preferences:add-general-checkbox-panel
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preferences:add-warnings-checkbox-panel
preferences:current-layer
preferences:default-set?
preferences:get
preferences:get-preference/gui
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preferences:hide-dialog
preferences:layer?
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preferences:put-preferences/gui
preferences:register-save-callback
preferences:restore-defaults
preferences:restore-prefs-snapshot
preferences:set
preferences:set-default
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preferences:show-dialog
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callback
put-file (method of mode:surrogate-text%)
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racket:add-pairs-keybinding-functions
racket:add-preferences-panel
racket:default-paren-matches
racket:get-color-prefs-table
racket:get-keymap
racket:get-non-paren-keymap
racket:get-paren-keymap
racket:get-white-on-black-color-prefs-table
racket:get-wordbreak-map
racket:init-wordbreak-map
racket:map-pairs-keybinding-functions
racket:set-mode-mixin
racket:setup-keymap
racket:sexp-snip%
racket:sexp-snip<%>
racket:short-sym->pref-name
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racket:text%
racket:text-balanced?
racket:text-mixin
racket:text-mode%
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read (method of number-snip:snip-class%)
read (method of editor-snip:decorated-snipclass%)
recalc-snips (method of canvas:wide-snip<%>)
refresh-splash
region-comment-out-selection (method of racket:text<%>)
remove-all-listeners (method of notify:notify-box%)
remove-autosave (method of editor:backup-autosave<%>)
remove-chained-keymap (method of keymap:aug-keymap-mixin)
remove-frame (method of group:%)
remove-listener (method of notify:notify-box%)
remove-parens-forward (method of racket:text<%>)
remove-sexp (method of racket:text<%>)
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replace-all (method of frame:searchable<%>)
reset-input-box (method of text:ports<%>)
reset-min-sizes (method of editor-snip:decorated<%>)
reset-region (method of color:text<%>)
reset-regions (method of color:text<%>)
resized (method of text:delegate-mixin)
restore-keybinding (method of menu:can-restore<%>)
restore-underscores (method of menu:can-restore-underscore<%>)
revert (method of frame:editor<%>)
revert/gui-error (method of editor:basic<%>)
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save (method of frame:editor<%>)
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scheme:add-preferences-panel
scheme:get-color-prefs-table
scheme:get-keymap
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scheme:get-wordbreak-map
scheme:init-wordbreak-map
scheme:set-mode-mixin
scheme:setup-keymap
scheme:sexp-snip%
scheme:sexp-snip<%>
scheme:short-sym->pref-name
scheme:short-sym->style-name
scheme:text%
scheme:text-balanced?
scheme:text-mixin
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scheme:text-mode<%>
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scroll-editor-to (method of text:first-line-mixin)
search (method of frame:searchable<%>)
search-hidden? (method of frame:searchable<%>)
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select-backward-sexp (method of racket:text<%>)
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set (method of notify:notify-box%)
set-active-frame (method of group:%)
set-allow-edits (method of text:ports<%>)
set-anchor (method of text:info-mixin)
set-ascii-art-enlarge (method of text:ascii-art-enlarge-boxes<%>)
set-delegate (method of text:delegate<%>)
set-delegated-text (method of frame:delegate<%>)
set-editor (method of canvas:info-mixin)
set-filename (method of editor:file-mixin)
set-filename (method of editor:autoload-mixin)
set-get-token (method of color:text-mode<%>)
set-info-canvas (method of frame:info<%>)
set-inline-overview-enabled? (method of text:inline-overview<%>)
set-insertion-point (method of text:ports<%>)
set-label (method of frame:editor-mixin)
set-label-prefix (method of frame:editor<%>)
set-line-numbers-color (method of text:line-numbers-mixin)
set-line-numbers-color (method of text:line-numbers<%>)
set-macro-recording (method of frame:text-info<%>)
set-matches (method of color:text-mode<%>)
set-message (method of editor:font-size-message%)
set-modified (method of editor:backup-autosave-mixin)
set-orientation (method of panel:dragable<%>)
set-orientation (method of panel:discrete-sizes<%>)
set-overwrite-mode (method of text:info-mixin)
set-percentages (method of panel:dragable<%>)
set-port-unsaved-name (method of text:basic<%>)

set-refresh-splash-on-gauge-change?!
set-replace-start (method of text:searching<%>)
set-search-anchor (method of text:searching<%>)
set-searching-state (method of text:searching<%>)
set-spell-check-strings (method of color:text<%>)
set-spell-check-text (method of color:text<%>)
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set-splash-bitmap
set-splash-char-observer
set-splash-event-callback
set-splash-paint-callback
set-splash-progress-bar?!
set-styles-fixed (method of text:basic<%>)
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set-tab-size (method of racket:text<%>)
set-text-to-search (method of frame:searchable<%>)
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show-indent-guides! (method of text:indent-guides<%>)
show-indent-guides? (method of text:indent-guides<%>)
show-info (method of frame:info<%>)
show-line-numbers! (method of text:line-numbers-mixin)
show-line-numbers! (method of text:line-numbers<%>)
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split-horizontal (method of panel:splitter-mixin)
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text:autocomplete-append-after
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text:basic<%>
text:clever-file-format%
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text:column-guide<%>
text:crlf-line-endings-mixin
text:crlf-line-endings<%>
text:delegate%
text:delegate-mixin
text:delegate<%>
text:file%
text:file-mixin
text:file<%>
text:first-line-mixin
text:first-line<%>
text:foreground-color-mixin
text:foreground-color<%>
text:get-completions/manuals
text:hide-caret/selection%
text:hide-caret/selection-mixin
text:hide-caret/selection<%>
text:indent-guides-mixin
text:indent-guides<%>
text:info%
text:info-mixin
text:info<%>
text:inline-overview-mixin
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text:input-box%
text:input-box-mixin
text:input-box<%>
text:keymap%
text:line-numbers-mixin
text:line-numbers<%>
text:line-spacing%
text:line-spacing-mixin
text:line-spacing<%>
text:lookup-port-name
text:make-snip-special
text:max-width-paragraph-mixin
text:max-width-paragraph<%>
text:nbsp->space%
text:nbsp->space-mixin
text:nbsp->space<%>
text:normalize-paste%
text:normalize-paste-mixin
text:normalize-paste<%>
text:overwrite-disable-mixin
text:overwrite-disable<%>
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text:ports<%>
text:range-caret-space?
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text:range?
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text:return-mixin
text:return<%>
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text:searching-embedded-mixin
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text:send-snip-to-port
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write (method of racket:sexp-snip%)